PALMER
is the only high grade tyre
WELLINGTONS
recommend same.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA, IN 1913.

VOL. IV. NO. 49 BOMBAY: MONDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1916. ONE ANNA.

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SHIPPING

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA

(Companies Incorporated in England.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICES.

P. & O. SAILINGS

to London calling at Marseilles.

Date:	Steamers.	Tons.	From Aden.	Tons
29th Feb.	Khyber ..	9000	....	..
5th March	Sardinia ..	7000	....	..
12th ,,	Medina ..	12500	....	..
19th ,,	Caledonia ..	8000	....	..
26th ,,	Mongolia ..	10000	....	..
2nd April	Maloja ..	12500	....	..
9th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Malwa ..	11000
16th ,,	Kaisar-i-Hind ..	11500	....	..
23rd ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Khiva ..	9000
30 ,,	Narvala ..	9000	....	..
7th May	Salsette ..	6000	Mooltan ..	10000
14th ,,	Nagoya ..	7000	....	..
21st ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Kashgar ..	9000
28th ,,	Sardinia ..	7000	....	..

To Colombo, Straits, China and Japan transhipping at Colombo for Australia, &c.

Date, About	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Colombo	Tons.
28th Feb.	Malta ..	7000	Khiva ..	9000
6th March	Nagova ..	7000	Mooltan ..	10000
14th ,,	Namur ..	7000	Kashgar ..	9000
6th April	Nankin ..	7000	Arabia ..	8000
20th ,,	Novara ..	7000	Kashmir ..	9000

For accommodation and further information apply to THE SUPERINTENDENT, P. & O. S. N. Co., Bombay.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

Date.	Steamers	Destination.
29th Feb.	Lunga	Karachi Coasting
2nd March	Lhasa	Karachi direct connecting with Dumra at Karachi for Gulf passengers only
..	Palamcotta	East and South Africa via Porebunder

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with Messrs. MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents, Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier, Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN-KAISHA.

(Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.).

Incorporated in Japan.

To Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamers.	Commanders.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure.
Totomi Maru ..	M. Tanaka	3412	22nd Feb.	2nd March
Mogori Maru ..	M. Taniguchi	3773	8th Mar.	18th March
Kris Maru ..	T. Sasaki	3801	16th Mar.	28th March
Rangoon Maru ..	T. Kusano	5348	20th Mar.	1st April
Tenshin Maru ..	S. Yamasaki	4178	22nd Mar.	3rd April

For Freight apply to:—

T. IBUKIYAMA,
Manager.

NIPPON YUSEN-KAISHA,
York Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN.

Fleet 120 Vessels, Gross Tonnage 273,600.

Twice a month from BOMBAY to JAPAN, via Singapore and Hongkong.

Steamers.	Tons.	Commanders.	Arrivals.	Departures.
Java Maru ..	4499	T. Fuchigami	22nd Feb.	2nd March
Tosan Maru ..	3356	Y. Nakano	24th Feb.	5th Mar.
Shinbeikuniaru	5336	T. Kuchiki	7th March	16th March

For Freight apply to

Y. ASAI,
Manager.

Sukhadwalla Building,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

Flooring Tiles Marble Merchants and Contractors.

GAZDAR & Co.,

Sole Agents for the

HENRY RICHARDS TILE CO.,

28, CHURCH-GATE ST., FORT.,

BOMBAY.

Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Urinals, Bathroom Fittings, etc.

SHIPPING

BLLERMAN'S CITY AND HALL LINES.

(JOINT SERVICE)

SPRING SAILINGS, 1916.

HOMEWARD.

Steamers.	Class.	Tons	Leave Bombay about.	Leave Karachi about.
City of Paris	A & C	9239	3rd April	1st April
City of Marseilles	A & C	8250	27th Apr	25th Apr.
City of Birmingham	A & C	7500	15th May	13th May

FARES.	1st class Single.	1st class Return.	2nd class Single.	2nd class Return.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles	558	883	430	680
London via Marseilles	630	1,033	680	790
Liverpool	600	900	450	675
London via Marseilles out from Liverpool	..	942	..	712

Owing to the war, rates of passage and dates of sailing subject to alteration or cancelment without liability to the Company.

Concessions granted to Families Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is time to arrive within the period of their leave.

The A. and C. Class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced stewardess.

A. and C. Class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

Through booking in connection with Cunard Line.

All the above steamers are fitted with "WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."

For passage and full particulars apply to:—

KILLICK NIXON & Co.,

Bombay.—Messrs. Ed. Bate & Sons, Agency.
Karachi.—Messrs Forbes, Forbes Campbell and Co., Ltd.

THE "BOMBAY CHRONICLE."

The Bombay Chronicle is sold at one anna throughout India at the following stations:

AGRA.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
AHMEDABAD.—Shia Surajmal Cunilal.
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BELGAUM.—Vithal Damodar Kelkar.
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BINA.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
BOMBAY.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
BROACH.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
DEOLALI.—Nusserwanji & Sons.
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DELHI.—The Elhence, Agency.
DHARWAR.—Higginbotham & Co.
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GWALIOR.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
HUBLI.—Higginbotham & Co.
HYDERABAD Dn.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
IGATPURI.—Pinto & Sons.
IGATPURI.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
ITARSI.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
JHANSI.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
JUBBULPORE.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
KALYAN.—A. H. Wheeler & Co
KALYAN.—Proprietor, Refreshment Room, Kalyan Station.
KHANDWA.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
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KOTAH.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
LONAVLA.—Ry. Co-operative Society Ltd.
LONAVLA.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
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MHOW.—Sorabji Maneckji.
MHOW.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
MUTRA JUNCTION.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
NAGPUR.—"Maharashtra" Office.
NAGPUR.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
NEEMUCH.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
NERAL.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
NADIAD.—Dalsukhram Keshavram Pandya, Esq.
POONA.—Shaik Abdulla Mohamed.
POONA.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
PURNEA.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
RUTLAM.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
SECUNDERABAD Dn.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
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SHOLAPUR.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
SURAT.—Changanlal Motiram, Kellapia.
SURAT.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
THANA.—Jamshed and Fredoon Irani, opposite Railway Station.
TRICHINOPOLY.—A. K. Sundararajan, Warrior.
WADHWAN.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
WADI.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.

NOTICE

The Manager would be glad to receive applications for Sale agencies at Stations not included in the above list

SHIPPING

ANCHOR LINE.

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Captains'	Leave Bombay, about
S.S. Cicasia	6723	C. F. Osborne R.D., R.N.R.	5th Mar. 1916.
S.S. Ostalia	6888	Wm. Kelso	9th ,,
S.S. Olympia	5124	Alex. Andrew	23rd ,,
S.S. Elysia	6363	J. Kinnaird	26th April ,,
S.S. Scindia	5106	R. Erskine	14th May ,,

Subsequent sailings cannot be announced at present on account of the war but due notification will be given as soon as possible.

ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH MARCONI WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

All the four berth cabins have now been given up and in the future only three persons will be berthed in the cabins that originally held four.

FARES.

	Single. Rs.	Return. Rs.
Bombay to Suez	420	630
Bombay to Cairo	435	660
Bombay to Port Said	450	675
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	555	667
Bombay to London via Marseilles and back from Liverpool	630	942
Bombay to Gibraltar	570	855
Bombay to Liverpool	600	900
Bombay to New York via Liverpool and Glasgow	867	1433

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to Families, Railway employes, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea-Planters, etc.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers provides it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rate to Europe includes free passage by B. I. S. Company's steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

Through tickets to America per Anchor Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

For any further information, regarding passage, apply to the undersigned:—

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

BANKING

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.

Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,175,000

Head Office:
26, Bishopsgate London, E.C.

Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Zanzibar
Bombay	Rangoon	Mombassa
Madras	Mandalay	Nairobi
Karachi	Colombo	Nakuru
Lahore	Kandy	Kisuma
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Jinja
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Kampale
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Entebbe
Tuticorin		
Cochin		

Agents in New York and South America:—The Anglo South American Bank, Ltd.

Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE

payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS

are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances made by telegrams.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

FELICE CORNAGLIA

BOMBAY AND POONA.

Caters for large and small parties in his usual recherche style.

ESTIMATES ON APPLICATION.

83-85, MEDOWS STREET
7, ESPLANADE ROAD } BOMBAY.

ARSENAL ROAD, POONA.

Telegrams "Cornaglia" Telephone No. 42.

BANKING

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

(Registered in Japan.)

Established 1880.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 30,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen. 20,000,000

HEAD OFFICE.—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at

Antung Hsein	Liaoyang	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Changchun	Calcutta	San Francisco
Darien (Dalney)	London	Shanghai
Hankow	Lyons	Sydney (Australia)
Harbin	Fengtien (Mukden)	Tiehling
Hongkong	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Honolulu	Newchwang	Tokyo
Kobe	New York	Tsingtau
Los Angles (Cal. U.S.A.)	Osaka	Tsinanfu
	Pekin	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interests is not less than Rs 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI, Manager.

Post Box No. 207.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

HEAD OFFICE AND MANDVI BRANCH.

SAVINGS BANK.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of three per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 5,000

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

BANKING

BANK OF BARODA, LIMITED

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaikwar.

Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897.

HEAD OFFICE BARODA.

Branches: Ahmedabad, Navsari, Mehsana and Surat.

Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 20,00,000
Capital Paid-up ..... Rs. 10,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... Rs. 4,50,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,000 at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH-CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be learnt on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.

Deposits received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum. Rules on application.

C. E. RANDLE,
Manager.

THE EASTERN BANK LIMITED.

(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

Bankers to the Government in Busra.

SAVINGS DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

The Bank receives Savings Deposits on the following terms:—

Interest is allowed at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum on the minimum balance, up to but not exceeding Rs. 3,000 at the credit of an account between the 6th and the last business days of each calendar month.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and may be made payable to any one or more of them, or to the survivors.

Copies of the rules are obtainable on application at the Bank.

THE BURMAH OIL COMPANY, LTD.

(SCOTLAND.)

B. O. C LUBRICATING OILS

B. O. C. LAMPS OIL — B. O. C. PITCH
B O. C. PETROL — B. O C. CANDLES
B. O. C. MOTOR OILS — B. O. C. NIGHTLIGHTS
B. O. C. GREASES — B. O. C. WAX

BOMBAY AGENTS:

SHAW WALLACE & Co., Wallace Street,

P. O. Box 203. Telephone Nos. 101 & 1439.

BANKING

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

Capital Authorized ..... Rs. 50,00,000
Capital Issued ..... Rs. 31,00,000
Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 31,00,000
Capital Paid-up ..... Rs. 15,75,958
Reserve Funds ..... Rs. 11,21,541

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.

Branches.

Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyalpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkot, Patiala, Jamoo, Srinagar and Jhelum City.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of out stations are bought, collected, and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—

SETH GHARIBDAS,
Manager.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

12, ESPLANADE ROAD.

Subscribed Capital £1,125,000
Paid-up Capital £562,500
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ... £562,500
Reserve Fund £560,000

Head Office: 15, Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS:
THE BANK OF ENGLAND.
THE LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK, LTD.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Bombay, Karachi, Calcutta, Sub-Branch Howrah (Calcutta), Delhi, Rangoon, Madras, Colombo, Kandy, Galle, Kuala-Lumpur Kota Bharu (Kelantan), Penang, Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the actual daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.

Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Interest at 4 per cent. per annum allowed on deposits fixed for 12 months. Rates for shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

J. B. CRICHTON,
Manager.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1900.

INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES' ACT VI OF 1882.

HEAD OFFICE—ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Rs. 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 7,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 31st and at 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Transacted rules for which can be obtained on application.

H. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

BANKING

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

(Incorporated in England by Royal Charter.)

Capital £1,200,000
Reserve £1,800,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ... £1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE.

38, Bishopsgate London, E.C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES.

Bombay	Singapore	Hoilo
Calcutta	Malacca	Hong-Kong
Madras	Kawala-Lumpur	Canton
Rangoon	F.M.S.)	Foochow
Colombo	Klang (F.M.S.)	Shanghai
Karachi	Seremban (F.M.S.	Tientsin
Amritsar	Bangkok	Tsingtau
Delhi	Batavia	(North China)
Penang	Sourabaya	Hankow
Puket	Saigon	Peking
Taiping (F.M.S.)	Haiphong	Yokohama
Ipoh (F.M.S.)	Manila	Kobe
Medan (Sumatra)	Cebu	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application. Government Securities, Stocks and Shares bought and sold on account of clients and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

GEORGE MILLER,
Agent.

Post Box No. 24.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors ... $15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund $18,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund £1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

ADVISORY COMMITTEE IN LONDON

BRANCHES.

Amoy	Ipoh	Rangoon
Bangkok	Johore	Saigon
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	Kwala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	London	Do. Hongkew
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Taipeh
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Harbin	New York	Tsingtau
Hongkong	Peking	Yloilo
	Penang	Yokohama

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application. Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

Credits granted Bills purchased and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

40, Churchgate Street.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND LTD., ESTABLISHED 1876.

No. 273, Hornby Road, next to Fire Brigade Station.

Funded Capital of Rs. 1,95,600.

Bankers.—The Bank of Bombay.

OBJECT.—The object of the Fund is to enable married persons to make provision after their death for their wives in the shape of a monthly pension for life. Subscriptions are based upon a very large scale. No distinction between European and Indian lives. Funds are invested in Government and other approved securities. Thirty per cent. of the total subscription is refunded to subscribers in the event of his wife predeceasing him. Twelve months' grace is allowed for paying subscription in the event of a subscriber losing his employment. Liberal commission is offered to canvassers.

GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

"WANTED," "TO LET" and "FOR SALE" Advertisements are charged at the following rates WHICH MUST BE PREPAID.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding twenty words Re. 1 per insertion; every additional line (six words) or part of a line 4 annas. Headings count as two lines.

Advertisers are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication.

Advertisers are requested to note that the publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount is prepaid to cover Postage. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Voucher given between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.

SPECIAL CONTRACT RATES, may be had on application to—

The Manager, "Bombay Chronicle."

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND and TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects:—Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes. Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, Gopaldas, Lalias, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

LEFT in Gharry—discharge at Taj Mahal Hotel small cardboard box containing White Ostrich Feather Fan. Will finder please communicate with Box No. 12, Advt. Dept., 'Bombay Chronicle?" 1090

LOST a ZANZIBAR GREY PARROT on Sunday last. A reward will be offered to anyone returning the same to occupant of top floor, WHITE HOUSE, Apollo Bunder. 1039

LOST—WIRE-HAIRED FOX TERRIER aged, right ear black, film over right eye, name "Minor," run away on 22nd February from 9/10 Cuffe Parade. Will finder return it to Mr. CHALCOCONDYLIS He will be rewarded. 3306

ALL forms of Leprosy, Leucoderma, sores, piles, patches and various blood impurities cured in four weeks. Rs. 5 per week. Two day's medicines gratis for trial. LILY COTTAGE, Simla, Calcutta. 568

MAHABLESHWAR VICTORIA HOTEL —"I have been most comfortable here more so so than in any other hotel in India and found manager, butler, servants very obliging.—M. M. CRAWFORD."

Also well situated bungalows to be let. Apply to ADURJI & BROS. 3062B

WANTED

WANTED.—By educated Frenchman, Pupils desirous of learning French quickly and thoroughly. Address: MONSIEUR FALLOFIELD, Rahiya Mansil—1st floor, Wodehouse Road. 900

WANTED—PAYING GUESTS for large well-furnished rooms. E. L. or Fans. Couple Rs. 225. Single Rs. 140. Apply Mrs. St POURCAIN, Edward House, Apollo Bunder. 1020

AN ENGLISH TRAINED NURSE offers to take charge of a child or be a companion to a lady in return for passage or half passage to England in March." Apply to Box No. 9, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1008

WANTED by the Busreh Municipality (Persian Gulf), a fully qualified MIDWIFE for Municipal Work in the town of Busreh to act under the Supervision of Civil Surgeon. Salary Rs. 120 per mensem, and with free quarters. Further information on application.

Native Christian preferred.

Apply with copies of testimonials to THE MILITARY GOVERNOR, Busreh. 1007

WANTED for the Carriage and Wagon Department, B. B. and C, I. Railway, Ajmer, a CHARGEMAN MOULDER, who has served an Apprenticeship in the Foundry of some Railway or well-known Contractor.

Applicants should have a good practical knowledge of iron and brass castings, and some experience of steel castings would be an advantage, but not essential. Pay Rs. 200 rising to Rs. 300 per mensem. Applications, with copies of certificates, should be submitted to THE CARRIAGE AND WAGON SUPERINTENDENT, Ajmer. 1041

ORDNANCE FACTORIES.—WANTED for Harness and Saddlery Factory, Cawnpore, SHIFT ENGINEER, for Electric Power Station. One who has had previous experience with Steam driven Electric plant preferred. Should also possess certificate under Boiler Act or be able to qualify for such certificate.

Salary according to qualifications.

Applications will be accepted up to 26th instant.

Copies of testimonials should accompany applications, these will not be returned. Apply to—

THE SUPERINTENDENT, Harness & Saddlery Factory, Cawnpore.

1042

WANTED for the Victoria High School. Barwani State, C. I.—

1 2ND ASSISTANT INTERPASSED, preferably a failed B.A., strong in Mathematics and Sanskrit. Salary Rs. 60 p.m.

1 3RD ASSTT. INTERPASSED, strong in Urdoo and able to teach Geography to the High School Classes on the new Methods. Salary Rs. 50 p.m. Failed Intermediates with teaching experience may also apply.

1 HEAD PANDIT—Proficiency in Sanskrit Literature and Grammar with knowledge of English equal to a Matric is essential. Salary Rs. 40 p.m.

Applications with copies of testimonials and full particulars regarding nationality, age, experience, etc., must reach the undersigned not later than 1st of March, 1916.

G. B. GARUD, Superintendent, Education, Barwani State, C. I., via Mhow. 1044

WANTED

WANTED.—Motor fitters. Men without previous experience need not apply. Apply to HORMASJI SORABJI and SONS, Queen's Road. 3331

WANTED.—Textile machinery complete plant of 10,000 spindles in working order apply to B. D., Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3342

WANTED.—CANVASSRES of advertisements and subscribers for various publications. Apply immediately to Box No 761, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle" 3336

WANTED—A nice large AIRY ROOM with bathroom attached in the vicinity of Fort Rent moderate. Apply to Box No. 8, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1009

WANTED.—In a decent locality at Poona, by a single, Anglo-Indian gentleman, (separate) two small rooms or one large, bathroom and kitchen. Rent not exceeding Rs. 20. Apply to Box No. 760, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3335

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED SPINNING MASTER and ASSISTANT SPINNING MASTER for Bombay and Mofusil Mills. Apply sharp with testimonials to Box No. 754 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3304

APPLICATIONS with testimonials are invited for the post of a Dyeing Master in the Central Jail, Coimbatore, on a salary of Rs. 120, with free quarters.

All applications should be made to the Superintendent, Central Jail, Coimbatore, and they should reach this office not later than the 10th March, 1916.

C. F. FROONSIDE, Lt.-Col., I.M.S., Superintendent. 1040

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.—WANTED a MILLWRIGHT for Jamalpur Locomotive Works on a salary up to Rs. 230 per month according to qualifications. None need apply who is not purely a Millwright, as men of the trade with a slight knowledge only of Mill-wright work are not required. Applications should be sent to the Locomotive Superintendent, East Indian Railway, Jamalpur.

R. S. HIGHET, Agent,

Calcutta, 16th February, 1916. 1034

FOR SALE

LADIES and Gentlemen going abroad may advantageously sell their Furniture, Piano etc., in one lot. Apply Box No. 20 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3103

FOR SALE.—An ALLDYCE MOTOR CYCLE, 3½ H.P. two speed gear in perfect running order. For price and further particulars apply to the MANAGER GENERAL MOTOR AGENCY, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay. 1020

MOTOR CAR FOR SALE—Clement bayard, 4 seater body, bosch magneto, 2 cylinders, 10/12 horse power, complete. Apply to MANAGER, GENERAL MOTOR AGENCY, Rampart Row, Bombay. 1049

FOR SALE.—A two seater with Dickie Seat, SWIFTE CAR 10—12 H.P. double cylinder Bosch Magneto, complete In excellent condition, going cheap. Apply to the MANAGER, GENERAL MOTOR AGENCY, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay 1021

BRISCOE MOTOR CAR FOR SALE—1916 Model. 20 H.P. 5 Seater Brand new, hardly run 80 miles, complete with Stepney wheel and accessories. Owner requires smaller Car for want of accommodation in the premises. For Price etc. apply to Box No. 756, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 331

REMOVAL CLEARANCE—199 pairs Gent's Black Box Calf Balmoral Walking Boots, Linen Lined, barktanned soles screwed on, toe capped, medium toe and fitting. In sizes, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10. Reduced to Rs. 3/15 per pair.

For particulars of other lines reduced write for our R. L.

THE CHROME LEATHER CO., Madras.

612—5

COMPLETE PRINTING PRESS in excellent condition for sale by Tender, Consisting of a Brenner Foolscap Broadside Cylinder Machine Cropper Foolscap Folio Platen Machine, one Royal Broadside and one Crown Hand Press-Guillotine Cutting Machine, Ruling and Perforating Machines, 2,225 lbs. English and Marathi Type, Cases, Galleys &c. &c. Particulars may be obtained from The SUPDT. C.M.S. PRESS NASIK. 3307

FOR SALE.—1. 3,000 Tons 3/0 B. and S. Standard 98 per cent. conductivity hard drawn bare copper cable with hemp core in lengths of 3,000 ft. or more.

2. 1,700 Steel pipes, 7in. inside diameter, 14 feet long, not threaded at either end. These have been in use a number of years as pole sockets.

3. 2,000 Jarrah wood poles used with item two. Drawing can be had on application.

4. 50 tons of scrap copper.

Earnest money of Rs. 200 to accompany each Tender. The quantities are not guaranteed and are either less or more.

For particulars apply to the Undersigned or refer to "Mysore Gazette," dated 17th February, 1916.

CHIEF ELECTRICAL ENGINEER, to the Govt. of Mysore.

Bangalore, 7th February, 1916. 1008

TO BE LET.

MOTOR GARAGE to let at a low rental near Parsee Statue, Byculla. Apply "O," Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1040

BOMBAY VIEW.—Opposite Colaba Station, First Floor occupiable 1st March, open to Westerly Breeze, 3 Rooms bathroom and kitchen latest sanitary arrangements, Rent only Rs. 60. Apply PRESENT TENANT. 3334

TO LET—A CHARMING BUNGALOW at Kirkee towards Ganeshkhind (very near station), furnished or unfurnished. Four bed-rooms, large compound. Rent reasonable. Apply to Box No. 758, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3328

TO LET—Two furnished bungalows and cottage, with out-houses at Lanoula. Property splendidly situated. For rent and further particulars, apply to "LANOULIE" Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1039

TO LET—Well ventilated and breezy FLAT, Sussex Road, near Victoria Gardens. Large rooms with verandah. For rent and other particulars apply to Mr. S. S. PERRY, Arsenal Road, Poona, or to the Mali on premises.

TO LET—Furnished Bungalows (A) Victoria Lodge (No. II) at Marzbanabad, Andheri, and (B) Clifton Villa and Clifton Cottage, Khandala.

All splendidly situated with stables, outhouses, etc. Apply to Mr. KHAMBATA, Solicitor, 25, Church Gate Street. 1016

TO BE LET.—FOUR COMMODIOUS BUNGALOWS on the foreshore of Varsova. Well ventilated and commanding an excellent view of Malabar, Cumballa, Worli and Bandra Hill. Rents moderate. Apply to Box No. 6 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1021

TO LET—Half flat fully furnished, Crockery, Cutlery &c., consisting of drawing and dining room, large and small bed-room. Use of kitchen, separate entrance. Rent Rs. 160. E. L. & F. and latest Sanitary arrangements. Apply to Box No. 4, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1010

NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that NEMCHAND MANECKCHAND and AMBALAL BAPUBHAI have contracted to sell the undermentioned property situate at Mahim Bazar Road to our client Mr. MUNCHERJI PALLONJI CONTRACTOR. All persons therefore having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of inheritance, bequest, sale, gift, mortgage, trust, lease, lien, or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office No. 113, Esplanade Road, Fort and to the Assessor and Collector, Bombay Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claims and all such claims will be considered as waived.

ALL that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land with the bungalow and outhouses standing thereon situate lying and being on the West side of Mahim Bazar Road without the Fort in the Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by almeasurement 6363 square yards or thereabouts be the same little more or less being portion of 12,835 square yards of land the whole having been registered in the books of the Collector of Bombay under Old No. 503 New No. 4332 Old Survey No. 242 and New Survey No. 1 and 1A/1548 Mahim Pension and Tax and assessed by the Bombay Municipality under G Ward No. 4681 (2) and 4681 (3) and Street Nos. 11A and 11B Mahim Bazar Road and which said premises are bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the North by the property of the vendors on or towards the East by the said Mahim Bazar Road on or towards the South by a lane leading from Mahim Bazar Road to the Mahim foreshore and on or towards the West by the said Mahim foreshore.

Dated this 26th day of February 1916.

ARDESHIR HORMASJI DINSHAW & Co., Purchaser's Attorneys.

3338

NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

MESSRS. NUSSERWANJEE & CO. of Lahore, Auctioneers for the North-Western Railway, have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, at the General Stores Depot, Moghalpura, on Friday, the 10th March, 1916, and following days, commencing daily at 10 a.m., the collections of Scrap Material etc., as detailed below:—

A quantity of Condemned Steel Sleepers.
800 tons of Wrought Iron Scrap.
200 tons of Steel Tyres.
500 tons of Condemned Bearing Plates.
100 tons of Steel Spring.
A number of Condemned Wagon bodies.
A large collection of Condemned Timber, consisting of Pine Baulks, Sal logs, and Sal Ballas.
5,000 empty Drums.
8,000 Kerosine Oil Cases.
10,000 Kerosine Oil Tins.

A quantity of Cast Iron and other Scrap Material also a large number of Unserviceable Rails, in short lengths.

The terms and conditions of sale will be notified at the time of Auction.

By Order,

D. E. KEATINGE, Chief Storekeeper, N. W. Railway.

Chief Storekeeper's Office, Lahore, dated 10th February, 1916. 3197

THE EXCHANGE BANKS, BOMBAY.

THE EXCHANGE BANKS will be closed on THURSDAY, the 2nd proximo, being a Public Holiday under the Negotiable Instruments, Act, 1881. 3305

NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that NEMCHAND MANECKCHAND and AMBALAL BAPUBHAI have contracted to sell the undermentioned property situate at Mahim Bazar Road to our client Mr. MUNCHERJI PALLONJI CONTRACTOR. All persons therefore having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of inheritance, bequest, sale, gift, mortgage, trust, lease, lien, or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office No. 113, Esplanade Road, Fort, and to the Assessor and Collector Bombay Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claims, and all such claims will be considered as waived.

ALL that piece or parcel of Pension land or ground situate at Mahim Bazar Road without the Fort in the Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 6,432 square yards or thereabouts be the same a little more or less, being portion of 12,835 square yards of the land the whole having been registered in the books of the Collector of Bombay under Old No. 503 New No. 4352 Old Survey No. 242 and New Survey No. 1 and 1A/1548 Mahim Pension and Tax together with cocoanut trees, brab trees, mango trees and any and all trees plants, plantations growing and standing thereon with the messuage tenements, bungalows, buildings and outhouses hereditaments and premises standing thereon assessed by the Collector of Assessment formerly under No. 449 and now under G Ward Nos. 4681 (1), 4682 C. 4693 (5) and street Nos. 11, 12 and 23D Mahim Bazar Road and which said hereditaments and premises are bounded as follows.—that is to say on or towards the East by Mahim Bazar Road aforesaid on or towards the West by the Seashore on or towards the North by the Oart of Vithaldas Bhawan and on or towards the South by the property of the vendors.

Dated this 26th day of February 1916.

ARDESHIR HORMASJI DINSHAW & Co., Purchaser's Attorneys.

3339

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that our client has contracted to purchase from Mr. DADOBA GAJANAND, the property hereunder described ALL persons who may have any right, title, interest, claim, or demand upon or out of the said property of any kind or nature whatsoever either by way of inheritance, bequest, mortgage, charge, sale, gift, lease, lien whatever or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at No. 53, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the purchase will be completed without regard to any such right, title, interest, claim or demand and all such right, title, interest, claim or demand if any shall be deemed to have been waived and to be null and void and of no effect.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY ABOVEMENTIONED.

ALL that piece or parcel of land with two dwelling houses standing thereon situate in Parel Village Road in the Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement five hundred and fifty eight square yards be the same little more or less and bounded on the East by the property of Vithiba Raghoba, on the West by Public passage on the North by Parel Village Road and on the South by the property of Atmaram Moroba and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 29, New No. 1414S and New Survey No. 18 and the said houses assessed under Ward No. 2711 and 2710 and Street Nos. 1405-1404, and stand in the name of the said Dadoba Gajanand.

Dated this 17th day of February 1916.

DUBASH & Co., Purchaser's Attorneys.

3337

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commisssioner for the City of Bombay up to 1 p.m. (B.T.), on WEDNESDAY, the 8th day of March, 1916, for the supply of rubble stone.

2. Form of Contract, etc., may be obtained free of charge from the Undersigned, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

3. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

4. Tenders delivered to Officers other than the Chief Accountant of the Municipality or the Commissioner will not be considered.

5. It is particularly requested that any firm tendering for the contract should intimate while submitting the Tender the names of partners constituting the firm.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,

JAMES W. MACKISON, B.Sc., M.Inst. C.E., Executive Engineer, Municipality.

Executive Engineer's Office.

Bombay, 26th February, 1916. 3340

AUCTION SALE.

MENESSE & CO.

NO. 35, HUMMUM STREET FORT.

AUCTION SALE of 47 Cases of Hurricane Lanterns, Glass Chimneys, Lamps, Shawls and Thermos Flasks.

Under instructions from P. S. Mellor, Esq., Controller of Hostile Trading Concerns, Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st March, 1916, at 3 p.m. (S.T.), at their Rooms, the following unclaimed cargo ex. S. S. "Lichtenfels."

B. 157 K. 2026.33—8 cases hurricane lanterns.

R. (H. J.) D. 8-15.—8 cases German chimneys.

R. 599. D. 1044-51.—8 cases German chimneys.

R. 88. D. 31-40.—10 cases chimneys.

R. 236. D. 1-11.—11 cases lamps and spare globes.

R. 581. D. 329.—1 case Flowered Emb. shawls.

C. 297. F. 42.—1 cases Thermos flasks, etc.

MENESSE & CO., Auctioneers.

Bombay, 28th Feb., 1916.

AUCTION SALE

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

24-26, BANK STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT MODIKHANA STREET, FORT.

Under instructions from Messrs. Mulla and Mulla Attorneys for the Executors of the last Will of the Mortgagee, Sorabji Dajibhai Baria deceased and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Aga Gulam Husein Lari and in exercise of the Power of Sale reserved to the Mortgagee under the Deed of Mortgage dated the 4th day of March, 1910, and made between the said Mortgagor of the one part and the said Mortgagee of the other part, Messrs. J. S. MODY & CO., Auctioneers, will on WEDNESDAY, the 1st day of March, 1916, at 4-30 p.m., (S. T.), sell by Public Auction on the premises the following Landed Property:—

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land of the Quit and Ground Rent tenure containing by admeasurement one hundred and ninety and five-ninths square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 749, New No. 5970 Old Survey No. 1109, and New Survey No. 8551, together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under Ward No. 1953 and Street Nos. 50 91, 93 and all which premises are situate at and on the Eastern side of Modikhana Street within the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and are bounded on or towards the East by the Public Road called Mint Road, on or towards the West by the said Modikhana Street on or towards the North by the property of Moosa Mapla and on or towards the South by the property of Haji Mahomed Raza Dehedusti and were formerly and are now in the occupation of the said Mortgagor and this tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale applications may be made to Messrs. Mulla and Mulla Attorneys for the Executors of the Mortgagee at their Office, No. 23, Church Gate Street, or to the undersigned.

J. S. MODY & Co., Auctioneers.

Bombay, 28th February, 1916.

MESSRS. SORABJI. COWASJI & CO

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS 21, MEDOWS STREET.

SALE OF A DEDION MOTOR CAR. HIGH COURT.

Suit No. 904 of 1915.

K. E. Bottlewala ..... *Plaintiff.*

v/s.

Y. K. Rane ..... *Defendant.*

Under instructions from Messrs. Rustomji and Ginwalla attorneys for the plaintiff Messrs. Sorabjee Cowasji and Co. will put up for sale by public auction on WEDNESDAY 1st day of March, 1916 at 3 p.m. (S.T.), at their sale room No. 21, Medows Street, Fort.

One single cylinder H. P. Dedion motor car on account and at the risk of the defendent abovenamed in pursuance of the Decree made by the High Court on the 18th day of October, 1915.

The purchaser will be required to pay at the time of sale 25 per cent. of the purchase money as deposit in part payment and he will be required to take delivery of the car within a day after the sale on payment of the balance of the purchase money.

The car in on view at the Garage of the American Automoble Co., in Medows Street, Fort.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., Auctioneers.

Bombay, 28th Feb., 1916.

AMUSEMENTS

NEW

ALEXANDRA CINEMA

Near Crawford Market.

TO-NIGHT

EXCELSIOR

OR

THE TRIUMPH OF PROGRESS

6,000 Feet. 6 Reels.

Film Version of Signor Luig Manzotti's Celebrated Ballet.

FANTASTIC. EDUCATIONAL. SCIENTIFIC. HISTORICAL. SPECTACULAR. PANORAMIC. ALLEGORICAL. PICTURESQUE with THE GAUMONT GRAPHIC

A ONE REEL SENSATIONAL RAILWAY DRAMA

and

A TWO REEL CHARLES CHAPLIN FARCE COMIC.

TIME:—7, 8-45, 10-30 NIGHTLY.

Extra Prize Show:—THURSDAY 5-15.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY'S EXHIBITION.

TOWN HALL daily opens at 8-30 a.m. to 8 p.m. (S. T.) from 23rd February to 8th March, 1916 (including Sundays.)

Admission Annas 4. 3267

AMUSEMENTS

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

HOME OF CELEBRITIES.

LAST WEEK OF CHARLES HOWITT AND A. PHILLIPS COMPANY.

ENORMOUS SUCCESS OF SATURDAY'S AND SUNDAY'S MATINEE.

TO-NIGHT AT 9-30.

Saturday Night's Great Hit,

"THE THIEF"

A woman loves her husband dearly but is oppressed with the fear that he may one day cease to care for her. So she steals from her friend so that she may buy pretty frocks and retain his esteem.

TO-MORROW AT 9-30

For the Last Time

"THE BREED OF THE TRESHAMS"

Mr. Charles Howitt's most splendid role. The story is about a careless young Cavalier who seemed good for nothing but who upheld the honour of his family in a time of stress.

WEDNESDAY AT 9-30.

The St. James's Theatre Sensation.

"BELLA DONNA"

How an evil society woman seeks to rid herself of her husband by poison but is rejected by an Egyptian for whose sake she attempts the crime.

THURSDAY, BANK HOLIDAY.

MATINEE AT 4-30.

For the last, time by special request

"EAST LYNNE"

Which again packed the house from floor to ceiling last Saturday afternoon.

Well worth a second or third visit.

EVENING AT 9-30.

The Great Farce.

"WHEN KNIGHTS WERE BOLD."

The weird dream of a modern young man burdened with noble ancestors and relations who constantly remind him of them.

FRIDAY 3RD MAR. AT 9-30

Ouida's Great Melodrama,

"UNDER TWO FLAGS."

The hero is driven, by a crime which his brother is afraid to confess, to seek service under the French Flag. The nobility of nature he and Cigarette show is both touching and beautiful.

SATURDAY 4TH MAR. MATINEE 4-30.

The Sensational Melodrama.

"ALONE IN LONDON."

EVENING AT 9-30

Farewell Performance,

"MILESTONES."

BOOKING AT S. ROSE & CO.

EVENING PRICES: Rs. 4, 3, 2, 1, & As. 8.

SPECIAL MATINEE PRICES: Rs. 2, 1 & Annas. 8.

Children under 12 half price to Rs. 2 seats at Matinees.

IT SHOULD BE NOTED THAT AT THE DOORS OF THE ROYAL OPERA HOUSE AT THE CLOSE OF ALL SHOWS TAXI CARS AND VICTORIAS ARE ALWAYS AVAILABLE FOR PATRONS. IT IS INADVISABLE TO LEAVE THE PRECINCTS OF THE HOUSE IN THE EXPECTATION OF GETTING A CHANCE CONVEYANCE

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE BOMBAY

THE HOME OF SELECT CINEMA.

TO-NIGHT AT 6-45

DURING THE WEEK AT 6-45

INSTANT SUCCESS OF THE 3-REEL WHIRL OF EXCITEMENT.

'THE DARE-DEVIL RESCUE'

In which RODMAN LAW, the famous AMERICAN AVIATOR, jumps from his aeroplane while it is flying at full speed and rescues a drowning girl. The most sensational film ever screened.

WIFFLES

still in the limelight. This time he is IN A MUSICAL VEIN.

One long scream of laughter.

A splendid two-part drama,

"THE WAR BABY."

How a young man's splendid heroism at the front reconciles his father to the marriage of which he had at first disapproved.

Also this week's

PATHE GAZETTE

Prices: Rs. 1-8; Re. 1; As. 8 & 4. Box Seats Rs. 2.

SPECIAL LECTURE at the SYDENHAM COLLEGE OF COMMERCE AND ECONOMICS, BOMBAY.

On Wednesday the 1st March, 1916, at 6 p.m. (S.T.) an address will be given at the Sydenham College of Commerce and Economics, (Whiteaway Laidlaw Building) by

The Hon. Mr. MUNMOHANDAS RAMJI on "INDIAN BANKING"

The chair on this occasion will be taken by Mr. ROBERT AITKEN, Secretary to the Bank of Bombay.

The lecture is open to the public.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 09 April, 2017

AMUSEMENTS

IMPERIAL CINEMA

The Premier Picture Palace of Bombay.

TO-NIGHT. CHARNI ROAD. **TO-NIGHT.**

THE NEW

EXPLOITS OF ELAINE

The biggest and best serial yet.

DARING, SENSATIONAL AND EXTREMELY REALISTIC.

Come and See

THE SEARCH FOR SEVEN MILLION DOLLARS HIDDEN BY THE CULTCHING HAND.

Starring.

ARNOLD DALY	PEARL WHITE	EDWIN ARDEN
The Polished Actor.	The Screen Favourite	Of considerable stage fame.

ALSO

6th Drama of Who Pays? entitled.

"HOUSES OF GLASS"

PATHE'S GAZETTE

TIME 7, 8-45 AND 10-30 P. M. NIGHTLY.

PRICES AS USUAL

SIVARATRI DAY.

A GALA EVENING

On Thursday the 2nd March 1916,

At 5-45 p. m. (S. T.)

AT THE

"EXCELSIOR" THEATRE

(Fort)

IN AID OF THE

Women's Branch of the Bombay Presidency War Relief Fund and the Naval Relief Fund.

Under the distinguished Patronage of

The Hon. Mr. M. B. Chaubal, C.S.I., B.A., LL.B., J.P.
The Hon'ble Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Bart.,
AND
Sir Currimbhoy Ibrahim, Bart.

Grand Souvenir Musical Concert

BY

"Gayan Patu" Mrs. C. Saraswathi Bai

(of Madras)

Awarded several Gold and Diamond Medals.

Songs in Urdu, Persian, Hindi, Gujarati, Marathi, Tamil, Telugu, Canarese, Sanskrit and other Languages.

A Specially Excellent Programme has been selected for the occasion.

Rates of Admission :—Rs. 5, 3, 2, and 1.

Plan of seats will be open at the Excelsior Theatre from Monday, 28th February 1916, between 4 & 6 p. m. (S.T.). Reserved seats may be booked during these hours.

SHOWING THIS WEEK

Episodes 13-14-15 of the

BROKEN COIN

CASH PRIZES

Rs. 1,000.

USUAL HALF RATES.

Saturday Timings—4-30 to 6, 6-15 to 7-45, 8 to 9-30, 9-45 to 11-15. Last Show 11-30.

SUNDAY EXTRA SHOW 3-30.

OLYMPIA CINEMA

Sandhurst Road.

Telephone No. 1266.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Feb. 26.

A precipitation has been nearly general in Baluchistan, north-west Frontier Province and Kashmir, local in north Punjab, the chief amounts being Murree one inch, Sonamarg one and a half, Cherat, Fort Sandeman, Quetta and Panjgur a half. Disurbance is moving eastwards and was most marked this morning over east Punjab.

Forecast:—Decrease in Baluchistan, north-west Frontier Province and extension eastwards along eastern Himalayas.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 26th February, 1916, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Rawalpindi reports 0.22in. of rain. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded in the east Punjab and the extreme north and clear elsewhere. Humidity is in excess at Multan and Rawalpindi but normal or in defect at the other stations. Day temperature has fallen and is now in defect in the north Punjab but still in excess at Ambala; night temperature continues above normal in the north and the east Punjab.

The United Provinces.—Skies are lightly or moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Day temperaure has fallen and is now nearly normal; night temperature is in excess in the extreme north-western districts.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear in upper Sind and lightly or moderately clouded elsewhere. The air is damper than usual in Sind and west Rajputana. Day temperature has fallen but is still in excess at some stations in Rajputana; night temperature has become normal in Sind but continues in excess in Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are lightly or moderately clouded. The air is damper than usual. Day temperature is excess in Central India West and at Bhavnagar-Para but has fallen and is now in defect at Veraval and Bhuj; night temperature is also above normal in Central India West.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear. Night temperature is in excess at Khandwa and Saugor.

The Konkan. Skies are clear in the north Konkan and lightly or moderately clouded in the south Konkan. The air is damper than usual in the south Konkan.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad:—Skies are clear. Humidity is in excess at Bijapur and normal or in defect elsewhere.

General Remarks.—The unsettled conditions in north-west India have given nearly general rain in North Baluchistan and local rain in the north Punjab. A depression or slight intensity has appeared over the central districts of the Punjab.

Some showers are likely in the north and the east Punjab. A few showers are possible in the United Provinces.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY COLABA,

Bombay 25th February, 1916.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m. 2 p.m. 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg Fanr ..	29 901	Inches
Temperature of Air	76.3	degrees.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	70.9	,,
Dew point	68.3	,,
Relative humidity of Air.....	0.752	,,
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10)	6.0	,,
Maximum Temperature of Air	83.7	,,
Minimum do. do	70.0	,,
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight.....	NNW.W.WNW.N	
Movement of Wind do do.	185	Miles. W

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN at 8 a. m. on SATURDAY, the 26th of February 1916.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours	Temp. in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours	Humidity. 8 A. M.	Rainfall. past 24 hours	Rainfall. Total since November to date.	Departure, 1st November to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (25th)	65.5	53.2	80	..	5.10	—4.27
Jask	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (25th)	73.0	60.2	78	0.13	2.38	—0.22
Muskat	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (25th)	73.0	65.3	80	0.50	5.29	2.47
PUNJAB—						
Multan	76.8	52.0	88	..	0.13	—0.08
Rawalpindi	57.3	48.2	89	0.22	2.41	—3.59
Lahore	71.1	55.6	66	..	0.63	—1.32
Hissar	84.6	59.9	44	..	0.35	..
Ambala	82.7	55.3	47	0.02	1.03	—3.49
Delhi	81.3	60.2	58	..	1.56	—0.73
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	86.3	61.9	40	..	0.64	—0.67
Mainpuri	85.3	56.3	52	..	1.60	—0.99
Jhansi	88.4	61.1	10	..	0.55	—0 92
Cawnpore	87.0	67.5	59	..	0.41	—1.52
Allahabad	85.0	65.6	71	..	1.01	—0. 3
SIND AND RAJPUTANA—						
Jacobabad	86.1	56.3	61	..	0	—0.89
Karachi	77.8	68.9	87	0.01	0.20	—0.98
Ajmer	83.2	60.4	61	..	0.05	—1.04
Jaipore	88.0	60.6	58	..	0.24	—0.86
Kotah	94.8	66.6	39	..	0.03	—0.74
Mount Abu	74.4	53.4	95	..	0	—1.01
GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	84.0	65.5	85	..	0	—0.38
Dwarka	70.1	72.5	81	..	0.19	—0.48
Veraval	76.9	65.6	83	..	0	—0.44
Rajko.	90.8	61.3	76	..	0	—0.45
Bhavnagar Para	98.2	69.4	82	..	0 01	—0.44
Surat	96.1	63.7	70	..	0	—0.32
Ahmedabad	95.9	65.8	73	..	0	—0.28
Deesa	91.3	61.7	74	..	0	—0.47
Neemuch	90.7	61.4	70	..	0.08	—0.33
Indore	93.3	64.1	53	..	1.13	0.27
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	86.5	57.5	60	..	1.07	—1.07
Saugor	89.5	65.8	34	..	1.25	—0.67
Hoshangabad	91.9	60.4	57	..	1.47	—0.06
Khandwa	96.0	69.1	29	..	0.82	—0.22
Akola	98.2	68.9	28	..	1.95	0.23
Amroati	95.8	65.3	28	..	1.02	—0.69
Nagpur	94.6	64.1	54	..	1 25	—0 74
Chanda	96.7	61.0	52	..	0.84	—0 90
Raipur	90.7	63.1	63	..	1.25	—0.25
KONKAN—						
Bombay	83.7	70.7	76	..	0.09	—0.48
Ratnagiri	?	67.7	74	..	0.81	0.12
Mormugao	86.4	73.1	94	..	0.94	—0.25
Karwar	85.7	71.5	93	..	1.07	—0.86
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	99.6	61.8	43	..	0.16	—0.67
Ahmednagar	93.8	49.8	14	..	3.40	2.13
Poona	95.2	59.9	52	..	0.83	—0.79
Sholapur	97.0	63.4	29	..	1.27	—0.24
Bijapur	95.8	67.9	26	..	0.43	—0.90
Belgaum	93.2	61.0	54	..	1.70	—0.54
Ahmedabad	95.0	64.9	34	..	1.82	0.62
Nizamabad (Indore)	97.1	63 7	36	..	0.93	—0.30
Hyderabad	96.2	66.3	60	..	0.79	—0.71
MALABAR AND CEYLON—						
Mangalore	88.6	74 6	78	..	8.17	4.80
Calicut	88.0	75.4	78	..	18 29	6.89
Cochin	90.2	76.5	77	..	8.84	—0.43
Colombo	87.1	68.0	92	..	27.91	4.56
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	87.6	70.1	82	..	20.73	14.07
Bellary	93.2	67.7	49	..	7.28	5.01
Cuddapah	99.3	73.2	60	..	9.44	4.64
Madras	87.4	69.7	84	..	21.24	0.98
Bangalore	90.6	66.5	56	..	3.60	—0.15
Coimbatore	93.6	67.7	79	..	6.76	1.46
Trichinopoly	94	67.5	78	..	12.87	4.03
Negapatam	88.3	73.8	80	..	24.23	—4.9

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32 deg. F. and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, on the 26th February 1916 was 30.147 inches For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .031 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 60 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 60 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by 138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given above.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

Liverpool, Feb. 25th

	Bales
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool ..	4,000
,, ,, Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	1,000
,, ,, Sales of East Indian ..	..
,, ,, Imports	..
Mid. Americans	7.72—9
Egyptian F.G.F.	11.80 Unchgd.
New York 11 a.m (As known in Liverpool at closing time.) ..	..March 11.20—15
	May 11.41—14
New Orleans 10 a.m. ..	..March 10.90—14
	May 11.14—17

Liverpool Feb. 26th.

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool ..	8,000
,, Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	2,500
,, Sales of East Indian ..	850
,, Imports	..
Mid. Americans	7.73+1
Egyptian F. G. F.	11.80 Unchgd.

OPENING TONE AND PRICE.

Liverpool Feb. 25th.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Months.	Previous closing price	To-day's price.
Feb.	7.64	7.55
Feb.-Mar.	7.60	7.51
Mar.-April	7.59	7.50
April-May.	7.56	7.47
May-June.	7.55	7.46
June-July	7.53	7.44
July-Aug.	7.51	7.42
Aug.-Sept.	7.43	7.34
Sept.-Oct.	7.36	7.27
Oct.-Nov.	7.32	7.23
Nov.-Dec.	7.28	7.19
Dec.-Jan.	7.26	7.17
Jan.-Feb.	7.24	7.15

London, Feb. 26th.

Estimated Sales 10,000

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Months.	To-day's closing price.
Feb.	7.59
Feb. Mar.	7.55
Mar.-April.	7.54
April-May	7.52
May-June.	7.51 Unchgd.
June-July.	7.48
July-Aug.	7.46
Aug.-Sept.	7.39
Sept.-Oct.	7.31
Oct.-Nov.	7.23
Nov.-Dec.	7.25 +1
Dec.-Jan.	7.23
Jan.-Feb.	7.21

CLOSING PRICES.

London, Feb. 25th.

Months.	To-day's closing price.	Decline on previous close.
Feb.	7.59	5
Feb.-March	7.55	5
March-April	7.54	5
April-May	7.52	4
May-June	7.51	4
June-July	7.48	5
July-Aug.	7.46	5
Aug.-Sept.	7.39	4
Sept.-Oct	7.31	5
Oct.-Nov.	7.27	5
Nov.-Dec.	7.24	4
Dec.-Jan.	7.22	4
Jan.-Feb.	7.20	4

Liverpool, Feb. 26th.

Months.	To-day's closing price.
Feb-	7.56—3
Feb.-Mar.	7.51—4
Mar.-Apl.	7.51—3
April-May	7.49—3
May-June	7.48—3
June-July	7.46—2
July-Aug.	7.44—2
Aug.-Sept.	7.38—1
Sept.-Oct.	7.30—1
Oct.-Nov.	7.26—1
Nov.-Dec.	7.24
Dec.-Jan.	7.22 Unchgd.
Jan.-Feb	7.20

CLOSING EGYPTIAN FUTURES.

Liverpool, Feb. 25th.

Months.	To-day's price.
March	..11.61+3
May	..11.78+3
July	..11.84+3

Liverpool, Feb. 26th.

Months.	To-day's price.
March	11.57—4
May	11.75—3
July	11.81—3

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Feb. 25th.

M. G. Bengal Good ..	5.65
,, ,, Fully Good ..	5.80
,, ,, Fine ..	5.95
M. G. Bhownuggar, Good ..	6.09
,, ,, Fully Good ..	6.23
,, ,, Fine ..	6.38
M. G. No. 1 Oomra Good ..	6.10
,, ,, ,, Fine ..	6.40
M. G. Broach Good ..	7.35
,, Fully Good ..	7.50
,, ,, Fine ..	7.65
M. G. Scinde Good ..	5.60
,, ,, Fully Good ..	5.75
,, ,, Fine ..	5.90

Unchgd.

Liverpool, Feb. 26th,

M.G. Bengal Good ..	5.65
,, ,, Fully Good ..	5.80
,, ,, Fine ..	5.95
M.G. Bhownuggar, Good ..	6.09
,, ,, Fully Good ..	6.23
,, ,, Fine ..	6.38
M.G. No. 1 Oomra, Good ..	6.10
,, ,, ,, Fine ..	6.40
M.G. Broach, Good ..	7.35
,, ,, Fully Good ..	7.50
,, ,, Fine ..	7.65
M.G. Scinde Good ..	5.60
,, ,, Fully Good ..	5.75
,, ,, Fine ..	5.90

Unchgd.

MANCHESTER MARKET.

Liverpool, Feb. 25th.

The Manchester Market is uncertain but quiet. Cloths for India are occasionally bought at low rates. There is no change in yarns.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Feb. 25th.

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	40,000
,, Exports to Great Britain	31,000
,, ,, to Continent ..	4,000
Futures at New York March ..	11.15+6
Futures at New York May ..	11.34—6
Spot Cotton at New York ..	11.30 unchgd.
Spot Cotton at New Orleans ..	11.13—12
Futures at New Orleans March..	10.85—3
Futures at New Orleans May ..	11.09—5
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)..	9¼
Demand Bills	4.76.40
Silver Commercial Bars.. ..	67

Bales.

Week's Receipts of Cotton at U.S. Ports	179,000
,, Exports to Great Britain	102,000
,, ,, to France and Continent	33,000
Stock of Cotton at U.S. Ports	1,552,000
,, ,, at Interior Ports	1,102.000

New York, Feb. 26,

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports ...	41,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	7,000
Day's Exports to Continent	10 000
Futures at New York, March	11.13
Previous closing price	11.15
Futures at New York, May	11 31
Previous closing price	11.34
Spot Cotton at New York	11.20
Previous price	11.30
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	11.13
Previous price	11.13
Tone of Spot Cotton:—	
Futures at New Orleans, March	10.84
Previous price	10.85
Futures at New Orleans, May	11.09
Previous price	11.09
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	9½
Demand Bills	4.73.50
Silver Commercial Bars	58 7/8

LIVERPOOL COTTON STATISTICS.

London, Feb. 25th

	Bales.
Total Actual Export	2,000
,, Forwarded	93,000
,, Imports	123,000
,, Stock	858,000

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

London, Saturday, Feb. 26th.

	Bales.
Total in Sight	9,707,000
Egyptian Visible Supply.....	....
East Indian ,, ,, ...	....
American ,, ,, ...	4,275,000
Other ,, ,, ...	....
Total Sales.....	37,000
East Indian Sales	1,500
Total Speculation	3,000
,, Export	6,000
East Indian Export.....	....
,, ,, Stock	41,000
,, ,, Forwarded	1,500
,, ,, Actual Export.....	800
,, ,, Imports	6,000
,, ,, Speculation	1,000
American Afloat	360,000
East Indian ,, ...	7,000
Total Afloat	423,000

MONEY MARKET.

London, Feb. 24th.

Consols 2½ %	58¼—½
Rupee Paper 3½% nominal.	54½ Unchgd.
Indian Stock 3½% Sterling Loan	81⅞ Unchgd.
Government Securities 3%	69½ Unchgd.
Exchange on London at Paris	Francs 28.00 Unchgd

London, Feb. 25th.

Bar Silver Spot	27 1/16
Closing Tone of Silver:—Mint and Continent Buying.	
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 % since 8th Aug. 1914.	
Discount Banks Bill 3 m/st	5⅛
,, Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st	5 3/16
,, Fine Trade Bill 3 months	5⅛
,, ,, ,, ,, 5 ,,	5⅛
Interest day to day loans	4⅜
,, 7 day market loans	4½
Amount withdrawn from the Bank of England about	£ 200,000
Consols. 2½ %	58¼ Unchgd
Rupee Paper 3½% Nominal	54⅜ Unchgd
Indian Stock 3½% Sterling Loan	80⅜ Unchgd
Government Securities 3%	69½ Unchgd
Exchange on London at Paris	Francs. 28.00 unchgd.

London, Feb. 26th.

Bar Silver Spot	27—1/16
Closing Tone of Silver:—Quiet.	
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 % since 8th Aug. 1914.	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st	5⅛
Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st	5 1/16
,, Fine Trade Bills 3 months	5⅛
,, ,, ,, ,, 6 ,,	5⅛
Interest day to day loans	4⅜
,, 7 day market loans	4½
Amount Paid into the Bank of England about	..£ 1,000,000
Consols 2½%	58—¼
Rupee Paper 3½% Nominal	54⅜
Indian Stock 3½% Sterling Loan	80½ unchgd
Government Securities 3%	69½
Exchange on London at Paris Frcs. unchgd.	28.00

WAR LOANS.

London, Feb. 24th.

3½ % 1925—1928	£88¼ Unchgd.
4½ % 1925—1945	£97⅛—¼

London, Feb. 25th.

3½% 1925—1928	£88¼ unchgd.
4½ % 1925—1945	£97⅛—⅛

London, Feb. 26th.

¼% 1925/28	..£ 88—¼
¼% 1925/45	£ 96 15/16—3/16

EXTRA ALLOTMENTS.

London, Feb. 25th.

Transfers:—

On Calcutta Rs. 6,00,000
On Bombay Rs. 1,00,000 @ 1/4 5/32.
On Madras Rs. 1,00,000

London, Feb. 26th.

On Calcutta Rs. 1,00,000
On Bombay Rs. 1,00,000 @ 1/4 5/32

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, Feb, 24th.

WHEAT.

No Quotations for Indian Wheat.

SOUTH AMERICAN WHEAT.

Rozario Santa Fe—62 lbs. Feb.-Mar. Sellers	71
Barletta Russo—62½ lbs. Mar.	68/3

AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian, Victorian, New South Wales — March Steamer Sellers	72/3

BARLEY.

Karachi Barley. Not offered.

SEEDS.

Linseed, Bombay, per 416 lbs. ex-Ship April-May. Sellers	81/9
Toria Rapeseed.—Feb.-Mar. Buyers	74

LINSEED.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) Feb.-Mar. Paid	75/3

COTTONSEED

Bombay Cotton eed (sound delivered per on) Feb-Mar. Hull Value	£14-7-6

METALS.

English best Sele ted Copper	130
Standard Copper G. M. B.	103½
Copper Braziers	£145
Yellow Metal	16
Hard Spelter	70
Tin Plates I.C. Coke 14 × 20, 112 sheets per box weighing 90 lbs. C.I.F. Liverpool.	18/9
Iron Corrugated sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4% F.O.B. Liverpool.	£27-15-0
Pig Iron No. 1, Gartsherrie.	£6-2-6

Unchangod.

FREIGHT.

Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay Canal Nominal.

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure Feb.-March Paid.	3/1
Plan ation First Latex Crepe Mar. Sellers	3/5½ to 3/6½

London, Feb. 25th,

WHEAT.

Wheat no quotations.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rozario Santa Fe—62lbs.—Feb.-Mar. Sellers.	70/3
Barletta Russo—62lbs.—March.	68

AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian, Victorian, New South Wales — Mar. Steamer sellers.	72

BARLEY.

Karachi Barley —Not offered.

SEEDS.

Linseed Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship Feb.-Mar. Sellers	81/9
Toria Rapeseed.—Feb.-Mar. Buyers	74

LINSEED.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) Feb.-Mar. Saller.	75/9

COTTONSEED.

Bombay Cottonseed (sound delivered per ton) Feb.-Mar. Hull Value	£14-7-6

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	£130
Standard Copper G M.B.	£102¼
Copper Braziers	£145
Yellow Metal	16
Hard Spelter	70
Tin Plates I. C. Coke 14 × 20, 112 sheets per box weighing 90 lbs. C.I.F. Liverpool	18/9
Iron Corrugated Sheets, 24 gauge G.O.B. 4 % F O B. Liverpool	£27-15-0
Pig Iron No. 1, Gartsherrie	£ 6-2-0

FREIGHT.

Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay Canal.—Nominal.

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta March-April	19
August-October	18
Raw Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi March-April	19/1½
August-October	18/1½
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta March-April	21
August-October	19/9
Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi March-April	21/1½
August-October	19/10½
Tone of Sugar:—Idle.	

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure. Feb.-Mar. Seller.	3/2
Plantation First Latex Crepe March Sellers.	3/6½ to 3/7¼

London, Feb. 26th.

WHEAT.

No Quotations for Indian Wheats.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rozario Santa Fe—62 lbs. Feb.-Mar. Sellers	70/3
Barletta Russo—62½ lbs. March	68

AUSTRALIAN WHEAT.

South Australian, Victorian, New South Wales — March Steamer Sellers	72

BARLEY.

Karachi Barley.—Not offered.

SEEDS.

Linseed Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship Feb.-Mar. Sellers	81/9
Toria Rapeseed Feb.-Mar. Buyers	74

LINSEED.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) Feb. March Sellers.	75/9

COTTONSEED.

Bombay Cottonseed (sound delivered per ton) Feb.-Mar. Hull Value	£14-7-6

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	£130
Standard Copper G.M.B.	£102¼
Copper Braziers	£145
Yellow Meta'	15
Hard Spelter	70
Tin Plates I.C. Coke 14 × 20, 112 sheets per box weighing 90lbs. C.I.F. Liverpool	18/9
Iron Corrugated sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4% F.O.B. Liverpool,	£27-15-0
Pig Iron No. 1, Gartsherrie	£6-2-6

Unchanged.

FREIGHT.

Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay Canal.—Nominal.

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure Feb.-Mar. Buyers.	3/2½
Plantation First Latex Crepe Mar. Sellers.	3/8¼ to 3/8½

London, Feb. 26.

LINSEED.

Linseed Calcutta, Feb.-Mar., sellers.	82/6

London, Feb. 26.

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta, Mar.-Apl.	19
Aug.-Oct.	18
Raw Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi, Mar.-Apl.	19/1½
Aug.-Oct.	18/1½
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta, Mar.-Apl.	21
Aug.-Oct.	19/9
Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi, Mar.-Apl.	21/1½
Aug.-Oct.	19/10½
Tone of Sugar—Idle.	

New York, Feb. 25.

Futures at New York, March	11.15
Previous Price	11.19

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

(By our Commercial Correspondent.)

Bombay, Feb. 26.

This morning's market opened for M. G. Good Broach at Rs. 284/8 and ruled steady and prices remained unchanged.

There is no telegram so far, to-day from the other side. Very little business is reported in the bazaar but all the houses are absolutely out of the market.

At Colaba the market is small and narrow and prices are:—

M. G. Good Broach April 284½.
M. G. F. Good Bengal March 215½.
M. G. Fine K/Akola March 256/8.

MESSRS. PATEL BROS.' MID-DAY QUOTATIONS.

Growths.	Fine.	F.G. Good.	Delivery
M G Broach	289	287	Apr. 1916
M. G. Bengals	..	224 ..	Jan. 1917
M. G. Benzals	230	218 ..	Mar. 1916
M. G. Sind Punjab ..	221	.. ..	
M. G Khandesh	241	228/9 ..	,,
M. G. Wardha, Hinganghat	274	.. ..	,,
M. G Nagpore	273	.. ..	,,
M G Akola Khgm.. ..	259	.. ..	,,
Do. ..	264	.. ..	May 1916
M G Dhamangaum Pulgam	..	.. ..	,,
M. G Broach	283/4	.. ..	Mar. 1916
H G. Westerns	..	.. 277/8	A/May 16.
M. G. Westerns	..	.. 290	,,
H. G. Miraj	..	.. 314	,,
H G. Compta	..	.. 309	,,
H. G. Saw Ginned Dharwar ..	..	.. 312	,,

THE BOMBAY COTTON EXCHANGE Co., Ltd.

Market Quotations for Ready and Forward Delivery Contracts as fixed by the Rate Committee of the Exchange.

COLABA, February 26th, 1916.—5-30 p.m.

Growths.	Super-fine.	Fine.	Fully Good.	Delivery.
Bengals (M.G.)	..	..	..	..
Bengals (M.G.)	328	298	277	Ready & May
	..	283	221	May
Scinde-Punjab (M.G.)	..	218	210	Ready
	..	220	210	March
Khandesh (M.G.)	..	238	226	April & May.
	..	243	..	May
Jalna (M.G.)	..	..	215	Ready
Barsee (M. G.)	..	..	274	Ready
Oomra (M. G.) (Fair-Staple)	..	235	247	Ready
Akola-Khgm	..	247	249	Ready
Karanja (M.G.)	..	258	250	March May
	..	263	..	..
Ognawate (Selections (M.G.)	..	259	251	Ready & Mar.
Dhamangaum Poolgaum (M.G.)	..	267	257	Ready & Mar
	..	262	254	..
Yeotmal (M.G.)	..	267	259	Ready & Mar.
Nagpore	..	274	266	Ready & Mar.
Kampti (M.G.)	..	..	..	..
Wardha Highat. (M.G.)	..	272	264	Ready & Mar.
	..	..	..	..
Broach (M. G.)	292	279	..	Ready
	284	281	..	March
	287	..	285 1/25	April
Mathia (M.G.)	238	226	..	Ready
Bhagalkote Bijapur (M.G.)	..	..	282	April/May
Sewgd. Dharwar	..	..	311	April/May
Westerns (M.G.)	..	..	289	April/May
,, (H.G.)	..	..	280	April/May
Compta (M.G.)	..	..	309	April/May
Miraj M. G.	..	..	310	April/May

Khaspuri reather recommended Up-Country Pickings. AVERAGE STAPLE COTTON is quoted for. (b) Official Quotations of the Exchange are (unless otherwise noted) "within Terms, i.e., tolerance of 8 annas per vals of Exchange all

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Feb. 25.

Orna	Archdeacon	Cochin
Jehangir	Lewis	Mauritius

Feb. 26.

Pundit	Crebby	Chereboo

DEPARTURES.

Feb. 26.

Taisho Maru	Ogava	Kobe
Ferrara	Feathers	Abadam

Feb. 27.

Kenkon Maru	Takai	Kobe etc.
Orseolo	Chiesa	Calcutta
Subedar	Crebbin	Java

The following vessels obtained port clearance on Saturday :—

Steamer Malta for China and Japan

The following vessels entered the Docks for loading :—

Steamer Castalia for Liverpool

Feb. 26.

S. S. Orna:—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Orna, 2,996 tons, Captain L. Y. Archdeacon, arrived in Bombay harbour on Friday evening from Cochin, with a general cargo and ten deck passengers on board.

S. S. Jehangir:—The steamer Jehangir, 3,360 tons, Captain E. R. Lewis, arrived in Bombay harbour on Friday evening from Mauritius, which port she left on the 15th instant, with a cargo of sugar and passengers.

S. S. Ferrara:—The steamer Ferrara, 717 tons, Captain T. Feathers, left Bombay harbour on Saturday for Abadan, with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Pundit:—The steamer Pundit, 3,832 tons, Captain W. J. Crebby, arrived in Bombay harbour on Saturday from Chereboo, which port she left on the 31st ultimo, via Colombo and Karachi, with a cargo of sugar and timber.

S. S. Kenkon Maru:—The Japan Line steamer Kenkon Maru, 3,423 tons, Captain P. Takai, sailed on Sunday for Kobe via intermediate ports, with a general cargo.

S. S. Orseolo:—The Venice S. N. Company's steamer Orseolo, 2,849 tons, Captain S. Chiesa, sailed on Sunday for Calcutta, with a general cargo.

S. S. Subedar:—The steamer Subedar, 3,087 tons, Captain J. Crebbin, sailed on Sunday for Java, in ballast.

S. S. Malta:—The P. and O. Company's steamer Malta, 3,887 tons, Captain C. C. Talbot, will sail to-day for Kobe via Colombo and intermediate ports, with the China and Australian mails, a general cargo and passengers.

Saturday, 26th Feb. 1916.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

A. Warley Pickering	Baag	W. & A. G. & Co
B. Medomsley	Carrick	T. M. & Co
C. & R. Millpool	Thomas	F. F. Campbell & Co
D. & E. Lady Charlotta	Smith	K. N. & Co
F Blackheath	Scott	T. M. & C
K. Tasan Maru	Nakano	N. Y. Kaisha
M. Bahrein	Bouvit	T. M. & Co
O. Blackpeargate	Willis	W. & A. G. & Co
P. Horatius	Thomson	W. & A. G. & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Irrawadi	B. S. N. Co
Ponani	B. S. N. Co
Netravati	B. S. N. Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Forfar	Venus	W. & A. G. & Co
2 Shirala	Adamoro. k	M. M. & Co
4 Kenkon Maru	Takai	N. Y. Kaisha
5 Rahmani	Wheeler	T. M. & Co
6 Totomi Maru	Tavaka	N. Y. Kaisha
7 Java Maru	Fuchigami	O. S. Kaisha
8 Rhenania	Merly	M. Italiana
9. Streathern	McKenzie	W. & A. G. &Co
10 & 11 Okhla	Pratt	M. M. & Co
12 & 13 Kowsit	Wilson	T. M. & Co
15 Zayani	Gokerli	H. S. Shoostri
16 Richard Nordrask	Hun	F. F. Campbell & Co

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

1 Malta	Talbot	P. & O. Co
2 Azamasan Maru	Kikuchi	N. Y. Kaisha
3 Castalia	Kelso	W. & A. G. & Co
5 Nagoya	Garwood	P. & O. Co
6 Circasia	Osborne	W. & A. G. & Co

VESSELS IN THE STREAM

Jehangir	Lewis	T. M. & Co
Lady McCallum	Robins	M. M. &Co
rana	Archdeacon	M. M. & Co
Olundt	Crebby	

EXPORTS.

Feb. 26.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Circassia (s) 11 bales wool, S. Gambirchand; 71 bales wool, Bombay Co.; 8 casks Indian chutney, Manockji Poonjiaji and Sons; 14 bales wool, David Sassoon and Co.; 200 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

Medomsley (s) 1,082 bales cotton fly, H. E. Bode and Sons; 3 bales wool, V. Oomersee; 10 cwts. bees wax, E. Nowroji and Co.; 20 cwts. gum olibanum, E. Nowroji and Co.; 154 cwts. gum Arabic, E. Nowroji and Co.; 125 cwts. raisins, E. Nowroji and Co.

Castalia (s) 108 bales wool, Bombay Co.

FOR BARCELONA.

Circassia (s) 800 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR GLASGOW.

Circassia (s) 60 bales cotton yarn, W. and A. Graham and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Circassia (s) 12 pots rose oil, M. Jafferbhoy.

Black Frairgate (s) 1,000 tons manganese ore, Killick Nixon and Co.

Horatius (s) 201 bales wool, F. F. Campbell and Co.; 196 bales cotton fly, J. Purbhudas and Co.

Castalia (s) 100 bales cotton fly, G. Veerji and Co.; 55 bales cotton fly, J. Purbhudas and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Sardinia (s) 193 cwts. kismiss, M. Jaffer; 438 cwts. gum olibanum, E. Mahomed and Sons; 375 cwts. kismiss, H. Baldevdas; 2,150 cwts. kismiss, M. Jafferbhoy; 44 casks Indian chutney, Manockji Poonjiaji and Sons; 37 bales cow hides, C. Rahimtoola and Sons; 3 bales sheep skins, C. Rahimtoola and Sons.

FOR HULL.

Warley Pickering (s) 2,081 cwts. myrabolams, P. Mathuradas and Co.; 1,899 cwts. myrabolams, O. Govindji and Co.; 1,001 cwts. castor seed, O. Govindji and Co.

Forfar (s) 4,000 cwts. castor seed, Ralli Brothers.

FOR GENOA.

Rhenania (s) 500 bales cotton, J. A. Begbie and Co.; 113 cwts. gum olibanum, M. Jafferbhoy

FOR HONGKONG.

Malta (s) 6 cwts. raisin, S. Vazir.

Totomi Maru 250 bales cotton yarn, W. H. Brady and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Nagoya (s) 1,400 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha; 100 bales cotton, N. Rajaram and Co.

Azumasan Maru (s) 500 bales cotton, K. H. Kayani and Co.; 2,200 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha; 400 bales cotton, H. Nensey and Co.

Totomi Maru (s) 300 bales cotton, Tata Sons and Co.; 200 bales cotton, T. Yuasa; 300 bales cotton, G. G. Kaisha; 1,300 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha.

Tosan Maru (s) 200 bales cotton, C. Ebrahim and Co.; 500 bales cotton, Sassoon J. David and Co.; 1,950 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha; 100 bales cotton, G. Dossa and Co.; 200 bales cotton, K. Devchand and Co.

FOR YOKKAICHI.

Totomi Maru (s) 711 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha.

Java Maru (s) 1,200 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Java Maru (s) 900 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha.

FOR OSAKA.

Tosan Maru (s) 1,200 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha.

FOR NAGASAKI.

Tosan Maru (s) 200 bales cotton, C. Ebrahim and Co....

IMPORTS.

Feb. 26.

S. S. Tosan Maru from Kobe, Agents O. S. Kaisha.—46 cases cotton goods, 8 cases glass bottles, 1,354 pieces sawn pine, 135 cases beer, 81 cases porcelainware, 11 cases knitted goods, 9 cases 1 package musical instruments, 1 case antimonywaare, 2 cases iodide potassium, 14 cases woollen yarn, 88 casks sulphate of iron, 180 bags sugar, 141 cases camphor, 1 case perfumery, 8 cases soap, 30 cases glass chimney, 35 bales staraniseeds, 1 case lamp shade, 100 cases napthaline balls, 485 cases bleaching powdar, 3,777 bags rice, 38 bags pepper, 19 bundles gunnies, 4 bags nutmegs, 11 cases cardamoms, 166 bags betelnuts, 455 bundles rattan, 155 slabs tin, 150 bags flour, 388 bags sago, 70 bags putch leaves, 10 bundles almonds, 8 bundles old copperware, 1 bundle old rubber tyre, 226 cases 569 chests tea.

COMMERCIAL.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

(Continued from page 3.)

70-30	..	..	43	8	0	6 8 6
Wheat, Karachi Bangla.			43	0	0	6 8 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi.			6	9	0	6 15 0
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore	..	..	6	5	0	6 11 0
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore	..	..	7	9	0	7 15 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	..		8	0	0	8 6 0
Linseed, Brown Thin	..		7	12	0	8 2 0
Teelseed, White 85-15	..		42	0	0	....
Teelseed, Gajar 75-25	..		41	0	0	....
Teelseed, Gajar 50-50	..		40	0	0	....
Teelseed, Black	..	..	36	0	0	....
Peppyseed, White	..		7	6	0	7 14 0
Groundnuts	..	..	42	8	0	....
Mowraseed	..	..	5	8	0	3 12 0

Forward. Rs. a. p.

Wheat April-May .. 6 8 0

Linseed May 8 8 7½

EXCHANGE.

Banks' Selling Rates:—

T. T. Ready ..... 1s. 4 1/8d.

D. D. Mail ..... 1s. 4 5-32d.

T. T. Forward ..... 1s. 4 3.32d. Mar.

Banks' Buying Rates:—

Credits 3 Months' Sight Ready ... 1s. 4 15-32d

Do. Do. Forward ..... 1s. 4 7-16d. 15 Mar.

Do. 6 m-s. Ready ..... 1s. 4 23-32d.

Francs 3 m.s. do. 194¼

60 d-s. Hong-Kong 141½

Do. Shanghai 191

60 d-s. Yokohama 152½

BULLION.

We quote:—

	Rs.
English Bar Gold	26-5-0
Australian Do.	25-12-0
Bombay Do.	25-5-0
English Shield Sovereigns	16-7-0
English Dragons	15-8-0
Silver ex-duty Ready	69-0-0

SHARE MARKET.

(From our Correspondent.)

Bombay, Feb. 26.

The Cotton Mill Share Market kept firm today and considerable business was recorded at advancing rates.

Tata Iron and Steel Deferred shares stood almost unchanged.

In Mill shares for March delivery Davids improved to Rs. 490.

Fazulbhai were placed at Rs. 438¾, Standards moved up to Rs. 1,055 and Madhavji to Rs. 1,307½.

Colabas advanced to Rs. 1,420, Manekji Petit shares to Rs. 1,875 and New Great Easterns to Rs. 190.

Crescent stood unchanged at Rs. 106¼. Currimbhai improved to Rs. 242½, Indore-Malwas to Rs. 275, Indian Dyeing and Bleachings to Rs. 146¼ and Swadeshi to Rs. 1,535.

Bombay Electric Tram ordinary shares were placed at Rs. 229¼.

Bank of Bombay shares were placed at Rs 1,510.

Tapti Valley Railway shares kept in demand at Rs. 570. Gujarat Railway shares were placed at Rs. 97½.

Considerable activity was noticed to-day in the Manganese Mining Co., shares and they registered a fair rise with a volume of business passing in them. Shivrajpoors moved up to Rs. 24½, Central India Mining to Rs. 31½, and Bamankua to Rs. 5.

Tata Iron and Steel shares kept steady at Rs. 120 and Deferred at Rs. 352½.

Bombay-Burma Trading shares were placed at Rs. 860.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

There was a slight weakness in 3½ per cent. G. P. Notes and business was recorded in the vicinity of Rs. 83 7/8.

4 per cent. Port Trust Bonds kept unchanged at Rs. 95 (long-dated).

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Feb. 26.

At the Share Market jute mill shares monopolised the attention of the market, ruling quite steady and showing some increase over yesterday's prices. Coals and teas were neglected and the feature in the miscellaneous section was a rise in paper mills shares.

The following sales took place:—

Coal:—Burra Dhemo 10/4; Ghusick 13/4.

Jute:—Auckland (ord) 160, 161; Alliance (ord) 350 to 353; Barnagore (ord) 92; Belvedere (ord) 272/8, 273/8; Clive (ord) 118, 119; Delta (ord) 395; Empire (ord) 24/14, 25, 25/4; Empire (prefs) 111; Fort Gloster (ord) 350, 351; Fort William (ord) 121, Howrah (ord) 202, 203; Kamarhaty (ord) 325, 326, 327; Kelvin (ord) 356, 361; Northbrook (ord) 23/6, 23/8; Reliance (ord) 197, 198; Standard (ord) 283, 284; Soorah (ord) 132. 133; Union (ord) 347 to 352.

Tea:—Kallinuger and Khoreel 120, 121.

Miscellaneous:—Bengal paper mills (ord) 25 x.d., Titaghur paper mills (ord) 74.

Government Paper 3½ per cent. was quoted at Rs. 83/8 to Rs. 83/10 and small lots were done at Rs. 83/14 to Rs. 84.

SUICIDE OF A HINDU STUDENT.

(Associated Press.)

BANGALORE, Feb 25.

A Hindu student named Krishna Moorthy of the senior B.A. class of the Central College committed suicide last night by taking mercuric chloride after his chemistry class in the laboratory. It transpired at the inquest held at Victoria hospital to-day that he had been brooding over having done badly at his class examination.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Entertainment in aid of East Indies Naval Fund, Princess V. M. Gymkhana, 6 p.m.

FRIDAY, March 3.

Bombay Branch Royal Asiatic Society: Dr. J. J. Modi's paper on "Dr. Spooner's Recent Archaeological Excavations at Pataliputra," 6 p.m.

DAILY.

Excelsior Theatre, 6-30 p.m., 10 p.m., The Cinema Ballet "Excelsior."

New Alexandra Cinema, Crawford Market, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

Imperial Cinematograph, Charni Road, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

Palace of Varieties, Gaiety Theatre, 8-30 and 10 p.m.

Olympia Cinema, Sandhurst Road, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

Squadron Orders by Lieut.-Colonel Stanley Reed, A. D. C., Commanding.

Feb. 28.

Fort. Riding School daily for Recruits and members in possession of remounts at 7-15 a.m. Dress.—Khaki shirts, Regimental saddles and swords.

Santa Cruz. Riding School daily for Recruits and members in possession of remounts at 7 a.m.

Class for N. C. Officers.—Class for N. C. Officers under Captain H. J. Wallis (I.A.) today Monday the 28th instant at 6 p.m. Rendezvous Volunteer Club, Marine Lines.

Parades.—The Squadron A. B. C. and D. Troops will parade at Santa Cruz on Tuesday 29th instant at 7 a.m. Rendezvous Jackal Club Flats. (All members will attend). Dress.—Drill Order with arms, khaki shirts.

Members residing in the Fort will send their horses out over night to the Standing Camp, and leave by the 6-20 a.m. train from Church Gate on Tuesday morning.

A and B Troops will parade on Thursday, 2nd March at 7-15 a.m. Rendezvous Church Gate Station. (All members will attend). Dress.—Drill Order with arms, khaki shirts.

"C" and "D" Troops will parade on Wednesday 1st March 7 a.m. Class for N. C. Officers. Rendezvous Camp Riding School.

(Sd.) A. E. BAIRD, Lieut.,

Actg. Adjutant, Bombay Light Horse.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Regimental Orders by Lieut.-Colonel F. R. Cadell, C.I.E., Commanding.

Feb. 28.

33. Clothing.—No. clothing or equipment will be issued from Quarter-Master's Stores during March.

38. Proficiency Examination.—Proficiency Candidates will parade on the Maidan in front of the Bombay Gymkhana, at 7-15 a.m. Thursday, March 2nd. Dress.—Drill Order.

"B", "G", "J" Companies will parade under Coy. arrangements at the same time and place.

The written portion of the Proficiency Examination will be held at 6-15 p.m. on Thursday, March 2nd, at the Cathedral High School Fort.

Proficiency Candidates will parade as usual for drill instruction, on Wednesday, March 1st at 7-15 a.m.

39. Private Arms.—All members of the Corps in possession of Guns, Rifles, Revolvers, etc., which are their private property should inform the Officer Commanding their Coy. of the number and full description of each weapon as soon as possible.

44. Meeting.—There will be a meeting of all Officers Commanding Coys. and Cr. Sergts. at Headquarters on Tuesday next, the 29th instant, at 6-30 p.m. All are requested to attend.

(Sd.) C. N. MOBERLY, Major,

Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Rifles.

HOMEWARD MAILS.

The mail which left Bombay on February 6th was delivered in London on the 23rd instant.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTIFICATION.

Telegrams to and from the United Kingdom are at present subject to abnormal delay owing to interruptions of the cables.

INCOMING MAILS.

The R. M. S. Caledonia which left London on the 12th instant arrived at Port Said on Friday the 25th instant.

ENGLISH MAILS.

The P. and O. Company's steamer S.S. Salsette with the outward Mails of the 10th instant is expected to arrive in Bombay at 6 a.m. on Thursday next.

HOLIKA SAMMELAN COMMITTEE.

A preliminary meeting of the Holika Sammelan Committee, Bombay, will be held tomorrow at 6-30 p.m., (S.T.), in the Servants of India Society's Home, Sandhurst Road, to settle the programme of this year's work and to consider how to make the necessary arrangements thereof.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES IN BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time depth of water is at Prince's Dock

		HIGH WATER			LOW WATER.			
Day of week	Day of Month	Bombay Mean time.		Depth. on Still.	Day of Month	Bombay Mean time.		Depth. on Still.
	Feb.	h.	m.	ft. in.	Feb.	h.	m.	ft. in
Sat	26	m 3	16	25 11	26	m 9	47	17 0
		4	58a	25 4		10	18a	21 8
Sun.	27	m 4	17	24 11	27	m 11	2	17 6
		6	37a	25 3				
Mon.	28	m 5	50	24 8	28	m 0	48	22 0
		8	18a	26 0		0	42a	17 7
Tues.	29	m 7	41	24 5	29	m 2	32	21 0
	Mar.	9	19a	27 2	Mar.	2	8a	17 1
Wed.	1	m 9	0	25 4	1	m 3	28	19 8
		10	3a	28 2		3	7a	16 5
Thur.	2	m 10	1	26 7	2	m 4	12	18 2
		10	42a	28 11		3	58a	15 11
Fri	3	m 10	51	27 9	3	m 4	50	16 11
		11	19a	29 5		4	44a	15 7

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

Feb.	Sunrise	Sunset
" 26 (Saturday)	7h. 1m.	6h. 43m
" 27 (Sunday)	7h. 1m.	6h. 43m
" 28 (Monday)	7h. 0m.	6h. 44m.
" 29 (Tuesday)	6h. 59m.	6h. 44m.
Mar. 1 (Wednesday)	6h. 59m.	6h. 44m.
" 2 (Thursday)	6h. 58m.	6h. 45m.
" 3 (Friday)	6h. 57m.	6h 45m

PHASES OF THE MOON:—

Full Moon	1916 February	19d.	7h.	58-6m a.m.
Last Quarter	"	26d.	2h.	58-8m. p.m.
First Quarter	March	4d.	9h.	27-6m. a.m
Full moon	"	12d	0h	2-9m. a.m.

BOMBAY MEDICAL UNION.

ANNUAL MEETING.

WAR AND INDIAN MEDICAL PROFESSION.

The Annual General Meeting of the Bombay Medical Union was held on Saturday night in the rooms of the Presidency Association, when Dr. B. S. Shroff, the President, delivered an address, in the course of which he said:—

Before I proceed to make any remarks on the work done by the Union during the year that has just closed, I must refer to the stupendous struggle in which the mighty arms of the King-Emperor, in concert with equally mighty Allies, have been strenuously and unceasingly engaged in the old world. A few of the Indian Medical men working at the field hospitals and hospital ships have been personally bearing the brunt of the barbarous methods employed by the enemy while relieving the sufferings of the wounded and disabled. Gentlemen, the position is rather difficult, but the success of our arms is inevitable, and every day brings us nearer to the consummation of the objects for which our King-Emperor has unsheathed the sword. Let us all fervently hope and pray that peace may be restored with honour and glory to the King-Emperor and his Allies which may lead to the commencement of the new era of peace, contentment and progress among the nations of the world.

COMMISSIONS IN THE ARMY.

During the year under report three subjects have engrossed our attention more than others:—

The enlistment of the members of the Independent Medical Profession by Government at the local war hospitals, at base hospitals, and at several spheres of the war deserves our attention. In our representation to the Royal Public Services Commission we stated that the cadre of the Indian Medical Service on the civil side could be reduced and could be replaced by members of the independent profession after competitive examination. It is very gratifying that in Bombay alone, 150 Medical men volunteered through the Bombay Medical Union for service wherever required. Besides these Indians several Medical men applied direct to the authorities for enlistment. This has emphatically proved that India can, if properly trained, produce for any emergency any number of Medical men required for war service.

Since the outbreak of the war, 166 temporary Commissions have been issued out of which 32 appointments as Lieutenants in the I.M.S., made in England, and 134 in India; thus we Indians have their adequate share of the appointments. I have been informed that recently six permanent Commissions have been granted by the Rt. Hon. the Secretary of State for India without holding a competitive examination and out of these, four have gone to Britishers and two to Indians. I would here refer to the fact that while all the Lieutenants, Temporary, as also Territorial, have been promoted to Captains after a year's work, this step has been delayed in the case of Indians except in one instance. We do hope that this invidious distinction in the treatment of Indians, will not be allowed to continue long.

BOGUS DEGREES BILL.

The next point of importance that has been before us, is the proposed legislation which aims at minimising the annoyances caused to the profession by unqualified and pretentious medical practice in various garbs. I mean the Bill to prevent the grant to unqualified persons of titles implying qualifications in western medical science and the assumption and use by such persons of such titles of designations implying such qualifications. The Union when asked to express its opinion on the Bill has heartily supported the same, and has brought to the notice of the Government of India, through the Government of Bombay, some special annoyances which act adversely to the interests of the profession. I am glad to note that Sir Pardey Lukis is in entire sympathy with our grievances. There has been some misunderstanding among the local press as to the deadening effect this Bill will have on some of the Colleges at Calcutta, and its retrospective effect on the holders of diplomas and degrees granted by such Colleges. It has been a known fact that these Colleges are ill-equipped for the purposes of medical education. Such being the case the act cannot do any justice to these Colleges and to the recipients of the diplomas granted by them.

AYURVEDIC AND UNANI SYSTEMS.

The consideration of a resolution at the Bombay Legislative Council regarding the dispensary at Poona under the medical charge of a Vaidya has opened up discussion as regards the claims of indigenous medicine for recognition as Ayurvedic and Unani systems. These claims have been favoured by some and combated by others. The Union cannot pronounce as yet its opinion one way or another. It must carefully weigh arguments for and against the claims put forth for the above systems by qualified men of the profession. The Union has been at present proceeding on some such lines, and I hope my successor next year will be able to put before you a definite pronouncement on the subject.

ANOTHER MEDICAL COLLEGE FOR BOMBAY.

The third subject to which the Union has been giving very great attention is the foundation of another College in Bombay. The enlightened Trustees of the late Seth Gordhandas Sunderdass Charities have offered to the Corporation the princely donation of Rs. 12 lacks from their funds for founding a Medical College in Bombay. The Corporation has taken an enlightened and sympathetic view of the proposal and has welcomed the offer and asked their Medical Relief Committee to report on the practicability of the proposal of the donors. The Union hailed with delight the offer conceived by the donors in the interests of the advancement of medical science by the indigenous qualified profession.

I wish to clearly impress upon the authorities of the Grant Medical College that it is not owing to any disloyalty to our *Alma Mater* that we advocate the necessity for another College. It has been put forth out of sheer necessity for meeting with the growing requirements of the Indian Medical profession, and finding opportunities for the "Alumini" of the Grant Medical College for the perfection and specialization in the various branches of Medical science hitherto denied to them.

IGNORED CLAIMS OF INDIAN MEDICAL MEN.

Since the organization of the Union in 1883, we have been persistently requesting Government to provide the profession at the existing College and hospitals opportunities to enable it to acquire proficiency and to specialize in various branches of medical science so as to impart the benefits of accumulated knowledge and experience to the suffering people around and gaining their esteem in turn, and thereby raising the status of the profession.

We have further urged that after properly qualifying ourselves, we should be allowed to participate in the teaching at the Grant Medical College so as to give further impetus to specialities practised by our men. As our just requests have not been granted, our men have been constrained to go out to institutions abroad, for perfecting knowledge with a view to specialization, and now there is a large contingent of expert men who are fit and ready to take up any duties. The doors of our teaching institution yet do not open at their knocking for they knock in vain. At such a juncture the proposal of a new College, though late in coming, seems to be quite opportune. The profession has welcomed and offered to work it, as well as, the King-Edward VII Memorial Hospital without caring for any remuneration. I hope the self-sacrificing spirit of the profession will continue and prove its worth by successfully working the College and the Hospital if the Corporation in its beneficence accepts the offer of the donor.

We have also urged for employment of our deserving men in high appointments in the service of the State. The Morley despatch had thrown out hopes for realising our object. And now we look forward to the conclusions of the Public Service Commission before which we have put forth our requirements. In the meantime we should continue to perfect our knowledge and experience and so doing stand united to raise our voice in a constitutional manner till the goal of our ambition is achieved.

The following office-bearers were appointed for the next year: President: Dr. D. A. DeMonte; Secretaries, Drs. Batliwalla and R. D. Mody; Treasurer: Dr. Bhajeker and Dr. Gilder as Librarian.

LAHORE CONSPIRACY CASE.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, Feb. 25.

At the resumed hearing of the Lahore Conspiracy supplementary trial the examination of defence witnesses for Randhir Singh, accused, was continued, the rest of the defence running on the lines of yesterday's depositions.

Another loyal letter written by the accused was filed.

Defence witnesses for other accused, too were examined, and deposed in the usual strain, additional feature of to-day's evidence being the testimony of some witnesses to prove an alibi of prosecution witnesses with reference to certain occasions mentioned in the latter's statements.

CENTRAL PROVINCES GAZETTE.

(Associated Press.)

NAGPUR, Feb. 26.

Mr. H. M. Lawrie, Commissioner, Chhatisgarh, Division, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for five months from the 5th March. Mr. E. R. K. Blenkinsop C.I.E., Deputy Commissioner, Saugor is appointed to officiate as Commissioner, Chhatisgarh Division.

On completion of special duty under the Financial Commissioner, Mr. P. Hemingway is appointed Settlement Commissioner and Director of Land Records vice Mr. H. E. Hemingway posted on relief to Chhindwara as Deputy Commissioner vice Mr. S. M. Chitnavis, retiring from service.

TOWN-PLANNING EXHIBITION AT LUCKNOW.

(Associated Press.)

LUCKNOW, Feb. 26.

Sir Verney Lovett opened the exhibition of cities and town-planning here yesterday. Professor Geddes then delivered his initial lecture to a large and appreciative audience. Mr. Jopling, Deputy Commissioner, in warmly welcoming the Professor to Lucknow dwelt on the value of th exhibits to city improvement. The Exhibition will remain open till the 18th March.

BELGAUM CO-OPERATIVE CONFERENCE

(Associated Press.)

POONA, Feb. 26.

The Belgaum District Co-operative and Sanitary Conferences will be held at Belgaum on the 24th, 25th and 26th April. The Hon. Mr. W. D. Sheppard, Member of Council, will preside.

BOMBAY BRANCH ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

A meeting of the Society will be held in the Society's Rooms on Friday, the 3rd March at 6 p.m., (S.T.), when a paper on "Dr. Spooner's recent Archaeological Excavations at Pataliputra and the Question of the Influence of Ancient Persia upon India," by Shums-ul-ulma Dr. Jivanji Jamshedji Modi, will be read.

FATALITY IN QUEEN'S ROAD.

MAN KILLED BY MOTOR CAR.

IDENTITY OF DRIVER.

The Acting Coroner held an inquest on Saturday morning on the body of a military follower, named Genoo Rajoo, who had been found dead in a pool of blood in the early hours of that morning on Queen's Road.

In the course of the inquest it transpired that on Saturday morning at about 1-30 when Mr. Harold G. Moss, of the New Mofussil Company was motoring towards Malabar Hill along Queen's Road he saw a man lying opposite the Hindu Burning Ground. Mr. Moss with his companion Mr. Dunn walked up to the man whom they found bleeding profusely and although he made a slight movement he could not speak. They then went to the Esplanade Police Chowkie and there reported the matter to the Police and Inspector Guider on going to the spot found the man dead. The dead body was lying on the left hand side of the road with its feet in the gutter. From the disc which he found in the deceased's pocket, Mr. Guider came to the conclusion that he was a military follower, and he reported the matter to the military authorities.

A havaldar of No. 6 Company Doolie Bearer Corps identified the disc before the Coroner, and it bore the name of Genoo Rajoo, a military follower.

Mr. Moss deposed that on his return he saw a track of a swerved motor-car near the body and two tracks further on. The marks looked as if the body had been struck and dragged along. There were some broken pieces of glass on the road which were of a large lamp lens. No motor car was to be seen on the road.

Inspector Guider deposed that from the examination of the road he found that a motor car was travelling rapidly in the centre of the road towards Chowpatty. It looked as if in trying to avoid the man the car swerved to the left and on striking the deceased the driver put on the brakes forcibly. The wheels appeared to have skidded and the body was dragged some six yards. The car then passed over the body and drove away. The road surface was damaged. There was a pool of blood where the body was lying. There were several pieces of broken glass, of a large lamp. Up to the time of the inquest no motorist had reported the matter to the Police.

Dr. Arthur Powell, Police Surgeon, deposed that he had examined the body and found a fracture of the sides and base of the skull. The left thigh-bone was crushed into fragments close to the knee joint. Death was due to those fractures. The injuries might have been caused by his being knocked down and run over by a heavy vehicle. He did not detect any sign tending to show that the deceased was under the influence of alcohol.

At this stage further enquiry was adjourned.

It appears that Mr. E. E. Christie of the G. I. P. Railway reported the fact of the accident to the police yesterday morning at about 11 a.m. Mr. Christie had been to the thana the night before, after the accident occurred, but Inspector Guider had then already gone to the scene. Mr. Christie did not go straight to the Thana from the scene of the accident as his wife who was with him at the time was seized with a violent fit of hysteria and thinking the man was already dead he took his wife home first.

CASUALTY LIST.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.

The following casualties are announced:—

KILLED.

Captain B. D. Johns, Welsh Fusiliers.
Captain J. Maugham, Yorkshires.
Lieutenant J. C. Slaney, Artillery.
Second-Lieutenant A. V. Cree, Welsh Fusiliers.

NOW KILLED.

Lieutenant D. W. Ramsay, Sherwoods.
Second-Lieutenant R. Milward, Sherwoods.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Lieutenant M. J Banister, North Lancs.
Lieutenant D. Gilmour, Seaforths.

WOUNDED

Lieut.-Colonel D. Y. Watt, Seventeenth Lancers.
Captain G. P. Blake, Welsh Fusiliers.
Captain P. T. Miller, Welsh Fusiliers.
Captain F. E. Cereey, Sussex Regiment.
Captain E. S. O'Grady, East Kents.
Captain N. W. Stead, Yorkshires.
Captain W. H. Beever, Rifle Brigade.
Captain E. R. Kennedy, Irish Rifles.
Lieutenant A. J. Ede, Artillery.
Lieutenant W. E. King, Artillery.
Lieutenant J. Williams, Artillery.
Lieutenant M. Firth, West Yorks.
Lieutenant M. Murray, Welsh Fusiliers.
Second-Lieutenant J. T. Hall, North Lancs.
Second-Lieutenant A. L. Hider, South Staffs.
Second-Lieutenant T. R. Lee, Welsh Fusiliers.
Second-Lieutenant W. B. Shaw, Sussex Regiment.

NOW WOUNDED NOT MISSING.

Second-Lieutenant P. W. Burgess, Dorsets.

NOW WOUNDED AND PRISONER.

Second-Lieutenant J. G. McEwan, Flying Corps.

DELHI, Feb. 26.

Sirmur Imperial Service Sappers:—(Indian Exceditionary Forces), 2nd Lieut. F. Mayo is reported slightly wounded.

BOMBAY RACES.

CONCLUDING DAY

A SPLENDID WIND-UP.

(By our Racing Correspondent.)

I can look back a number of years and cannot recall a more successful or more enjoyable Western India racing fixture than the one which was concluded at Mahaluxmi last Saturday. The quality of the racing, the class of horse that competed, the handicapping, and the general excellence of the sport all round, appeared to me to eclipse previous efforts of the W. I. T. C. in its commendable desire to provide the sporting section of the public with a little relaxation and entertainment, in the particular channel it most appreciates. Here and there we have a desultory growl reflecting on the propriety of holding race-meetings during these anxious and critical times, descanting in weary copy book platitudes on the infamy of gambling, when the best manhood of the Empire is sacrificing itself in the great cause. But such detractors forget, that for a variety of reasons, it is impossible for *everyone* to take an active part in the war, and of this remnant, it has been abundantly shown that our sporting non-combatants have not been wanting by any means in doing their bit, as proved by the handsome war donations which are being contributed from time to time from the funds of the Western India Turf Club, subscribed by the sporting public in a very matter of fact and practical way.

The interest in last Saturday's concluding proceedings was of course materially enhanced by the presence of their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon in State, who received an enthusiastc welcome from the big crowd as they drove on to the course. A word of praise is due to the pclice for the clockwork precision with which the immense traffic outside the enclosures at the conclusion of a race-day has been controlled; the parking of the motor cars and vehicles of all descriptions reflecting the greatest credit on the ingenuity and resourcesfulness of the officers responsible for the work. A little more attention, however, might with advantage be bestowed on clearing out the disorderly mob of hawkers, race-programme, sellers tip-cards and loafers, that impede the traffic on the road in the immediate vicinity of Mahaluxmi station. The congestion here is wholly unnecessary, and has of late assumed unpleasant dimensions. As these racing fixtures must be a source of considerable profit to the railway concerned, I think the authorities should get a move on and do something in the way of enlarging the approaches, which in all probability would relieve the situation considerably, by not affording the pretext for a large crowd forming on the roadway.

The glamour of a Cup, in the shape of a racing trophy to display upon the family side-board or what-not appeals to many owners: for this reason competition is extra keen for the Byculla Club Cup and Turf Club Cup events. On Saturday the excellence of the handicaps in both these races attracted large high-class fields in the all-horse and Arab divisions. In the former event it was generally admitted that though Kiltoi, with his attractive Calcutta performances, could not be said to have been harshly dealt with in the apportionment of his weight, he had quite enough before him with 10st. 4 lbs. to carry, to suggest he would have to put his best foot forward to beat the formidable opposition he had to try conclusions with. In running second he reproduced his Calcutta form to an ounce, and would have won had Mr. R. R. S's. Magyar not turned up on the scene. Magyar is a great horse; greater than Kiltoi is, ever was, or ever shall be. And the problem before big owners in India now is to find something capable of stretching him weight for age. The stone advantage he had on Saturday from Kiltoi amounts to nothing, this is obviously discounted by what he had in hand at the finish and the improvement he is still capable of. Fyzyama, an erstwhile winner of a Cesarewitch is in India, but I imagine he will get a headache after Magyar is done with him, both fit and well at equal weights. Knight's Key is apparently taking a long time to acclimatize and is faraway from his best English form, which, over a journey, is quite equal to Magyar's record. Rather an ominous indication about Knight's Key's anatomy is his abnormal neck and crest development, which in a six-year-old is distinctly suggestive, and I wonder if they got up to any larks with him at home prior to the transfer to Mr. Goculdas. Robinson can safely be relied upon to tighten-up any loose screw, and if he succeeds, Knight's Key will probably provide the danger to Magyar when the time arrives. Manilla, with her light impost of 7st. 8lbs. was freely handed round as the likely winner, but her hare-like conformation suggests that a little climbing work would suit her better than the flat Bombay course: she is therefore always likely to do better at Poona. The time returned, 2min. 34 3/5secs., was exceptional, but as the methods are too erratic for either correct or uniform clocking, this record should be disregarded, Magyar winning far too comfortably to be credited with such a splendid performance.

The Turf Club Cup was a very open race and the erratic running of many of the top-weights during the Extras clouded up the issue to even greater obscurity than the capable handicap. General Obaidulla Khan, as it transpired, made no mistake about annexing the coveted trophy, running first and second with Purity and Singer respectively, and to some extent compensating him for his disappointment with Kiltoi. It was a splendid betting race, and here again the time returned, 2min. 49 2/5secs. was remarkable, and it seems to be almost certain that these excellent time records must be attributed to either faulty methods in timing or the excellence of the track, rather than to any superlative merits of the performers. Mr. R. R. S.'s trio ran badly, and it was generally anticipated that both Majbur and Kayid would put up a better show than they did. Wellington, I regret to see is going the way of all successful sprinting Arab horseflesh—to the—(bhow-wows). Wellington has now proved himself to be a veritable champion over short courses and if he is treated to work, qualifying him for any more Turf Club Cups, he will soon subside into a condition of all-round mediocrity, like so many good ones have done before him.

The surprise of the afternoon was Maltronus's runaway victory in the second division of the Stand Plate. On his two previous essays, the Alexandra Park Plate and the Adelaide Plate, had it not been for the irreducible limit mark the handicapper would probably have awarded him about three stone. And yet over six furlongs, carrying 12lbs. over-weight, Maltronus reduced the opposition, he had already had a rough-up with, to a bran-mash. The tote dividends of Rs. 450/8 to win and Rs. 110/8 for "place," under the circumstances were surprisingly small, and should have been thousands instead of hundreds. A betting feat of this kind is so exceptionally lucky. I would have much pleasure in publicly congratulating the fortunate ones, if I only knew their identity. At the weights, Chastity even with her six pounds surplus, should have run better. In fact it was a peculiar race altogether, and as there were so many things about it which I could not understand, any further comments would be worthless.

The opening event, the Desert Plate, was a good betting race, four or five of the candidates receiving substantial support. On his last attractive display Chaser naturally had a large following, while Socrates, Section, Maidania, Khedavi Miseer and Minerva were all well backed. Khedavi Miseer, when in the humour, is a difficult horse to beat, and after a fierce fight from the distance with Section, managed to scrape home by a neck. I don't know whether I am telling tales out of school, but I hear Khedavi Miseer's sporting owner, the Hon. Mr. S. A. Wahed, has arranged a pleasing little function to perpetuate the success of the 1916 racing season for entertaining the Hon. Inigo Freeman-Thomas and the Stewards of the Turf Club to dinner at the Orient Club on March 16th. It is a very happy idea, and as the Hon. Mr. S. A. Wahed is *facile princeps* as the father of Western India racing and all that pertains to it, the sporting reunion could not have been initiated by a more becoming personage.

The first division of the Stand Plate was won comfortably by Miss Rollestone, the performance confirming the remarks I made about her victory in the Mazagon Plate on the Third Day, when I was of opinion that Buckley then had more up his sleeve than the official margin disclosed. Premiere was handed round as a good thing, but as Mr. Kelso's mare had inflicted a good deal more than a 5lbs defeat on her in the Mazagon Plate, it was difficult to appreciate the grounds for this optimistic belief.

Baloz and Solar Star were backed to the last button to win the last race, the Town Plate, which, from a racing point of view was the worst race of the day. The crowd was put on to Durban on the strength of a sensational track gallop, and this, coupled with the light weight Mr. Gahagan's recent acquisition was carrying, inspired an optimistic hope. It was a stupid race, and the poor time 1 min 52 4/5 secs. shows with what kind of judgment many of the riders must have handled their charges. Baloz got home all right, returning a "place" dividend of Rs. 27/8, while the win price was Rs. 24. Solar Star, with the stable's first jockey Whalley up, of course commanded the bulk of the money, but could not do better then run fourth.

THE DESERT PLATE.—Distance 1 Mile 1 Furlong.

Winner, Rs. 1,500; second, Rs. 500; third, Rs. 300. A High Weight Handicap for Arabs in the 2nd Division.

The Hon. Mr. S. A. Wahed's KHEDAVI MISEER, 8-6, Buckley 1
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's SECTION, 8-13, Harrison 2
Mr. T. D. Moore's CHASER, 7-11, Pullin... 3
Mr. Ebraim bin Zaid's MAIDANIA, 7-12, Bowley 4

Also Ran:—Harry Johnson 9-4, Trenoweth; Aimer 9-0, Zamil; Makbul 8-8, Hardy; Socrates 8-4, Purtoosingh; Minerva 7-5, Ebrahim.

The Race:—Makbul led from Maidania and Chaser, with Harry Johnson next a couple of lengths behind piloting the rest bunched up. At the half mile Khedavi Miseer improved to third and at the turn Section came into the picture. Down the straight a good race ensued with the leaders, Khedavi Miseer getting there by a neck—¾—1.

Time:—2 mins. 7¼ secs.

Totes Paid:—Win, Rs. 47. Places, Rs. 14-8, Rs. 23 and Rs. 14.

THE STAND PLATE. Division II.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 2,000; second, Rs. 700; third, Rs. 300. A High Weight Handicap for Horses in the 2nd and 3rd Divisions.

Mr. E. L. F. De Soysa's MALTRONUS, 6-0 cd. 6-12, Harrison 1
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's PENSION, 7-11, Purtoosingh 2
Mr. Goculdass's ARKANGELO, 9-5, Whalley 3
Mr. J. Stewart's CHASTITY, 7-12 cd. 8-4, Trenoweth 4

Also Ran:—Final Proof 8-13, Bowley; Decorum 8-11, F. Templeman; Lucky Thought 7-13, Buckley; Forfeit 7-11, Hoyt; Larrikin 7-6, Pullin.

The Race:—The order at the start was Maltronus, Pension, Chastity, Final Proof, Arkangelo. The first named led from start to finish and won comfortably by 1 length—¾—¼.

Time:—1 min. 14 secs.

Totes Paid:—Win, Rs. 450-8. Places, Rs. 110-8, Rs. 29 and Rs. 37.

THE STAND PLATE. Division I.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Winner. Rs. 2,000; second, Rs. 700; third, Rs. 300. A High Weight Handicap for Horses in the 2nd and 3rd Divisions.

Mr. Kelso's MISS ROLLESTONE, 8-13, F. Templeman 1
Mr. J. L. Ainsworth's UTE, 8-5, Buckley 2
Mr. Goculdass's GIPSY'S ADVICE, 9-0, Whalley 3
Genl. Obaidulla Khan's PREMIERE, 8-3, Bowley 4

Also Ran:—Tartania 8-4, Pullin; Penny Pie 8-3, Barrett; Wavestar 7-13, Coomber.

The Race:—Wavestar led from Penny Pie and Premiere. At the three furlongs Penny Pie led Premiere and Gipsy's Advice. Passing the two furlongs Miss Rollestone began to move up with Ute, apparently watching each other. In the straight these two went to the front and raced home, Miss Rollestone winning by ¾ length—¾—neck.

Time:—1 min. 13 secs.

Totes Paid:—Win, Rs. 16-8. Places, Rs. 27-8 and Rs. 21-8.

THE TURF CLUB CUP.—Distance 1½ Miles.

A Cup value Rs. 1,000 presented by the Western India Turf Club and Rs. 10,000 from the Fund. Winner, the Cup and Rs. 7,000; second, Rs. 2,000; third, Rs. 1,000. A Handicap for Arabs.

Genl. Obaidulla Khan's PURITY, 8-8, Hardy 1
Genl. Obaidulla Khan's SINGER, 9-7, Bowley 2
Mr. Ali bin Talib's BLACK MALIK, 7-0 cd. 7-4, Mujeed 3
Mr. R. R. S.'s MAJBUR, 9-8, F. Templeman 4

Also Ran:—Sparrow Hawk 9-12, Huxley; Sir Knight 8-9, A. Templeman; Wellington 8-9, Buckley; Kayid 7-12, Pullin; Mexico 7-10, Whalley; Beyrut 7-10 cd. 7-11, Coomber; Tajilmulook 7-7, Hoyt; Longboat 7-2, Japheth; Night Hawk 6-10, Harrison; Malayeb 6-9 cd. 6-10, Purtoosingh.

The Race:—When they came into view, Night Hawk led from Purity, Beyrut, Majbur, Sparrow Hawk and Kayid in the order named. At the mile Sparrow Hawk was fourth and Black Malik fifth. At the seven furlongs Majbur joined Purity and a furlong further was running second to Night Hawk, the rest of the field being well together. At the three furlongs Mexico made a futile splutter. At the bend Purity came through to the lead on the rails and was challenged in the straight by Singer, but galloping on well, won by 1 length—head—neck.

Time:—2 mins. 49 2/5 secs.

Totes Paid:—Win, Rs. 48. Places, Rs. 44½, Rs. 36 and Rs. 55½.

THE BYCULLA CLUB CUP.—Distance 1½ Miles.

A Cup value £50 presented by the Members of the Byculla Club and Rs. 20,000 from the Fund. Winner, the Cup and Rs. 15,000; second, Rs. 3,000; third, Rs. 2,000. A Handicap for Horses.

Mr. R. R. S.'s MAGYAR, 9-4, F. Templeman 1
Genl. Obaidulla Khan's KILTOI, 10-4, Bowley 2
Mr. Wilton Bartleet's ST. ANDREWS, 8-4 cd. 8-5, Trenoweth 3
Mr Goculdass's MATCHLOCK, 8-9, Huxley 4

Also Ran:—Silver Balm 9-8, Pullin; Vanadium 9-1, A. Templeman; Dersingham 8-13, Hill; Knight's Key 8-3, Barrett; Politian 8-0, Whalley; Yellow Jester 7-12 cd 8-3, Hardy; Orloff 7-10, Mujeed; Bed-Time 7-10, Buckley; Spenser 7-4, Purtoosingh; Manilla 7-8, Hoyt; Martinet 7-3, Japheth.

The Race:—Dersingham led from Yellow Jester and Magyar, the rest bunched up. At the seven furlongs Santa Barbara moved up second, and at the five furlongs Magyar was taken close up to the leader and was running prominently up to the bend, when he came away in the straight and won in a canter. Kiltoi put the steam on down the straight and passed St. Andrews and Matchlock. Won by 1½ lengths—¾—½.

Time:—2 mins. 34 2/5 secs.

Totes Paid:—Win, Rs. 46-8. Places, Rs. 29, Rs. 25-8 and Rs. 42-8.

THE MANSFIELD PLATE.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 7,000; second, Rs. 2,000; third, Rs. 1,000. A Handicap for Horses.

Mr. R. R. S.'s BANDIT, 8-9, F. Templeman 1
Mr. Heath's ROSEVILLE, 8-5, Bowley ... 2
Mr. J. L. Ainsworth's CARPENTIA, 7-0, Harrison 3
Mr. J. L. Ainsworth's VANITY BOX, 7-13, Buckley 4

Also Ran:—Pastime 9-5, Firth; Polish 9-5, Huxley; Forward 111, Barrett; Criton 9-1, A. Templeman; Benfield Grove 8-7, Mujeed; Fire Finch 8-3, Whalley; Lakme 8-2 cd. 8-4, Trenoweth; Volsloane 8-2 cd. 8-5, Hardy; Twa Brigs 7-10, Hoyt; Hoppner 7-7, Pullin; Lady Muriel 7-3, Purtoosingh.

The Race:—Fire Finch was first out, soon passed by Hoppner. At the half mile the order was Hoppner, Carpentia, Bandit, Vanity Box, Twa Brigs. Carpentia led into the straight, but Bandit came at him and won comfortably. Roseville put in a strong run from the distance into second place. Won by 2 lengths—½—short head.

Time:—1 min. 12 secs.

Totes Paid:—Win, Rs. 30-8. Places, Rs. 26-8, Rs. 52 and Rs. 97-8.

THE TOWN PLATE.—Distance 1 Mile.

Winner, Rs. 2,000; second, Rs. 700; third, Rs. 300. A Handicap for Arab Ponies 14 hands and under.

Messrs. Goculdass and Mathradass's BALOZ, 9-8, Huxley 1
Genl. Obaidulla Khan's RUBY FISH, 7-0, Purtoosingh 2
Mr. Ali bin Talib's TAMMOOZ, 7-10 cd. 7-13, Bowley 3
Messrs. Goculdass and Mathradass's SOLAR STAR, 7-11, Whalley 4

Also Ran:—Durban 7-12, Buckley; Pasha 7-4, Pullin; Mat-hat-Baig 6-12, Harrison; Fado 6-3 cd. 6-5, Dhondy.

The Race:—Tammooz, Mat-hat-Baig and Baloz led out, the latter being soon displaced by Fado, with Ruby Fish lying fifth. At the six furlongs the leaders were running together turning into the straight Ruby Fish and Baloz were running together in front, and after a good race Baloz got in front opposite the stand and won by ½ length—¼—neck.

Time:—1 min. 52 4/5 secs.

Totes Paid:—Win, Rs. 24. Places, Rs 27-8, Rs. 34-8 and Rs. 20.

RANGOON RACES.

(Associated Press.)

RANGOON, Feb. 26.

The race for the Lieutenant-Governor's Cup was run this afternoon on the opening day of the spring meeting. Talisman (Burjorjees) and Kyee Kyee, the leading ponies in the Province, met for the first time. There were seven entries, Talisman winning on close finish. Sir Harcourt Butler who arrived in state at the Stand received a great ovation.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, Feb. 27.

The disturbance in north-west India almost disappeared after giving a few falls of rain and snow in the western Himalayas, the largest amount being one inch at Sonamarg. The weaher tis slightly unsettled in north-east India.

Forecast:—Local falls of rain in Assam and East Bengal.

As encouraging response to the appeal for Rs. 1,50,000 for the proposed reorganised Bengal Ambulance Corps, nearly 400 strong all told to replace the worn ou 170 men who have now served for nearly a year, have been coming in since the publication of his Excellency the Governor's stirring letter enclosing his cheque, it has been decided to open a new fund.

CALCUTTA RACES.

EIGHTH EXTRA MEETING.

(Specially Reported for "The Chronicle.")

CALCUTTA, Feb. 26.

The eighth extra meeting races proved disastrous to backers, all except the Jumpers' Flat Race and the Alexandra Plate being won by outsiders The attendance was fair. The weather conditions were ideal.

THE THIRD JUMPERS' FLAT RACE.—Distance 1¼ mile.

Mr. Butler's BETTY BIRD, 10-11, Mr. Roddick 1
Mr. Butlin's I. E., 10-3, E. Huxley 2
Mr. Mah's LITTLE SCOTT, 9-0, Mr. Williamson 3

Also Ran:—Merlo 8-9, Mahoney Boy 10-4, Lingo 8-0.

Betting:—4 to 6 Betty Bird, threes I. E., fives Mahoney Boy and Little Scott, fifteens others.

Totalizators Paid:—Win Rs. 17. Places Rs. 11, 12 and 14.

The Race:—To a good start Little Scott and Mahoney Boy led in company, then Merlo and Betty Bird, then I. E., Lingo last. Betty Bird simply played with her field for the moment she was given her lead, then shot forward and romped home, an easy winner by seven lengths, two lengths between second and third

Time:—2 mts. 11¼ secs.

THE RIVER PLATE.—Distance 5 furlongs.

Messrs. Swan and Hilliards' ST. VAGRANT, 9-9, Northmore 1
Mr. Fergusson's BELLOWER, 9-0, Vick ... 2
Mr. Cunningham's SUMURUN, 9-10, Fitzgibbon 3

Also Ran:—Spook 7-12, Turbulent 9-12, Scotch Plaid 9-7, Vice Royal 9-5, Warden 9-0, Sidelight 8-8, Blizon Belle 8-4, Larkspur 7-13, Sos 7-13.

Betting:—Threes Sumurun, fours Blizon Belle and Warden, sixes Vice Royal, longer prices rest.

Totalizators Paid:—Win Rs. 542. Places Rs. 139, 66 and 18.

The Race:—The Moment, the Gate went up St. Vagrant shot in front and leading all way won by 1½ length, ¾ length between second and third.

Time:—1 min. 2 3/5 secs.

THE WELCOME PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Mr. Walen's LADY BUNNY, 9-11, Billett 1
Mr. Galstaun's PIER, 9-4, Wing 2
H. H. the Maharaja of Patiala's GREY LIGHT, 9-9, Mason 3

Also Ran:—Frisette 9-12, Village Girl 9-10, Maud 9-1, Merman 8-9, Little Arch 8-5, Yod 7-0.

Betting:—Twos Pier, fours Lady Bunny, Village Girl, sixes Grey Light, Frisette, longer prices rest.

Totalizators Paid:—Win Rs. 78. Places Rs. 23, 16 and 35.

The Race:—Grey Light, Yod and Village Girl were the first to show in front of Lady Bunny and Pier from the distance the two last named went to the front, Lady Bunny winning by a length, ¼ length between second and third.

Time:—1 min. 16 4/5 secs.

THE BADMINTON PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Mr. Butler's NAREB, 7-13, Mason 1
Mr. Lauder's SIDEWALK, 8-13, Stokes 2
Mr. Lindsay's CHOBHAM, 7-12, Ramprosad 3

Also Ran:—Watteau 9-12, Louise Dewal 9-8, Little Star 7-10, Pierrot 7-0.

Betting:—Twos Little Star and Sidewalk, fives Watteau, tens rest.

Totalizators Paid:—Win Rs. 114. Places Rs. 35, 17 and 57.

The Race:—Nareb led from start to finish winning by three lengths, a neck between second and third.

Time:—1 min. 15 secs.

THE ALEXANDRA PLATE.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Mr. Galstaun's BLOUZELINDA, 8-10, Wing 1
Mr. Lauder's WATER COLOUR, 8-7, Stokes 2
Messrs. Nanjee and Ramshaw's PANTOMINE, 9-13, Huxley 3

Also Ran:—Bosslee 9-4, Watch Tower 8-4, Stage Fright 7-13, Home Drew 7-0, Molgibby 6-10, Tobique 7-0.

Betting:—6 to 4 Blouzeinda, twos Bosslee, threes Pantomine, eights Water Colour, longer prices rest.

Totalizators Paid:—Win Rs. 36. Places Rs. 13, 25 and 15.

The Race:—Home Drew and Bosslee led up to the Zeerut opening, where Water Colour and Blouzelinda came up. The last two fought every yard of the way home, Blouzelinda just winning by a neck, a neck between second and third.

Time:—1 min. 20 1/5 secs.

THE SELLING PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

Mr. Ferguson's BELLOWER, 7-7, Vick 1
Mr. Galstaun's CASTLE VITE, 8-5, Elding 2
Lieut.-Col. Smith's BLUSTERER 8-9, Stokes 3

Also Ran:—I. E. 7-0, Blue Saphire 7-11, Bohemia 7-9.

Betting:—5 to 4 Blusterer and Castle Vite, sixes Blue Saphire, tens rest.

Totalizators Paid:—Win Rs. 97. Places Rs. 17, 12 and 12.

The Race:—Blusterer was left at the start. Bellower went to the front the moment the gate went up and leading all the way won by 1½ length, a head between second and third.

Time:—1 min. 42 secs.

The racing calendar published to-day states that the disqualification imposed on the jockey J. Ruiz early last year, has been removed as from February 11th of the current year.

YOUNG MEN'S HINDU ASSOCIATION.

The prize-distribution of the Marathi and Gujerati schools of the Y. M. Hindu Association took place yesterday, at the Hira Bag, Bombay, the Hon. Mr. M. B. Chaubal presiding. The report showed that the number of pupils on the roll was 120, of which fifteen poor pupils were boarded free of charge in a hostel. The curriculum included religious instruction. The funds in the hands of the Association amounted to Rs. 1,300, and they intended to have a building of their own in the near futuro.

Mr. Chaubal distributed the prizes and congratulated the Association on the success they had attained.

A vote of thanks to the Chairman terminated the proceedings.

LECTURE ON FIGHTING IN BELGIUM.

Mons. Robert Wouters of the 17th Battery, Belgian Army, delivered an illustrated lecture at the Excelsior Theatre yesterday recounting his experiences of the battles of Termonde, Malines, Dixmude and Louvain at all of which engagements he was present. The lecture was in aid of the Belgian Relief Fund.

There are thirty-seven accused for trial before the Special Tribunal sitting at Mandalay on March 6th.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

A BUSY WEEK-END.

"The Thief," a play adopted from the French by Cosmo Gordon-Lennox and produced and revived at the St. James's Theatre, London, within the past five years, was the attraction provided at the Royal Opera House on Saturday night by the Howitt-Phillips Company. A very large audience was present and they showed their appreciation by prolonged applause at the end of each act.

The success of the evening was scored by Miss Gertrude Godart whose genius for emotional acting was revealed in he mastery over the difficulties of the part of Marise, the erring wife. Mr. Howitt did not support her as convincingly as he might have done in their great scene (Act 2) but we think that was due more to want of acquaintance with the part than anything else. Mr. Protheroe, the Scotland Yard detective, was admirably played by Mr. Cyril Rawdon. He revels in a part where he has to appear as a brutal doer of duty and his voice is a great asset. Mr. Elagert was a trifle prosy but, like Mr. Lawson, he was not in a part that suits him. When a stock company has such an extensive repertoire there are bound to be plays which do not suit everybody.

Miss Fladgate gave a good impression in Act 1, but she must to a certain extent have been helped by her pretty dress, for in Act 3 when she was in a less suitable gown she quite destroyed the first idea. With a little more rehearsal, however, she would make a great deal more of the part. It must be recalled in her favour that she is a newcomer to the Company, being one of the survivors of the ill-fated Persia, and has never appeared in "The Thief" before.

Packed houses were the order at Saturday's and yesterday's matinees and very satisfactory ones witnessed last night's cinema programme, which includes the sensational film "The Daro-Devil Rescue." The thrilling happenings in an aeroplane were very much to the taste of the audiences, who had never imagined such feats possible before. It is a picture which should be seen by everyone.

SANATAN DHARMA.

DISTRIBUTION OP PRIZES.

The distribution of prizes to the successful competitors in the examinations conducted by the Sanatan Dharma Religious and Moral Education Propaganda Committee was held yesterday in the Morarji Gokuldas Market Hall, Bombay, Mr. Justice L. A. Shah presiding.

After the children had gone through a programme of songs, Mr. Jamnadas D. Dharamsey, Honorary Secretary, read the annual report in the course of which it was stated that the number of candidates, who appeared in the examinations held this year, was 3,897, including 265 girls, out of whom 1,699 were successful. The committee had 34 centres in the mofusil this year.

The Chairman then gave away the prizes. Addressing the assembly, he said the committee was doing very useful work. He referred to the times when, he said, not much attention was paid by the people to the great works in their own literature. It was, however, a matter for thankfulness that that apathy now no longer existed and that people cared to study the great works in their literature and appreciate their beauties. He especially referred to the encouragement given by the Committee to a careful study of the Ramayan and the Mahabharata. He again thanked the Committee and its President, Mr. T. N. Malvi for the great work they were doing in connection with Sanatan Dharma, and he appealed for generous contributions to the funds.

A vote of thanks to the Chairman terminated the proceedings.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, Feb. 26.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

The following elections of Fellows to the Calcutta University are approved by the Government of India:—Rai Chunilal Bose Bahadur, by the Faculty of Science; Babu Biraj Mohan Mozamdur by the Faculty of Law; Drs. Bidhan Chandra Roy, B.A., M.D. and Dwark Nath Mitra M.A., D.L. by the registered graduates.

Dr. V. T. Korke, M.R.C.P., Dr. Shamrao Narayan Gore and Dr. K. R. Krishna Swami Iyengar, M.B., D.P.H., are permanently appointed to the Bacteriological Department. Dr. Korke is placed on deputation under the Indian Research Fund Association.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Hemendra Kumar Bose has been appointed probationer in the Finance Department.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Mr. G. White resigns the Civil Service. Mr. D. L. Morgan, Assistant Superintendent of Police, the United Provinces, is appointed Assistant Commissioner of Port Blair.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

The Vice-Consulate for Brazil at Bombay is raised to the rank of Consulate by the Brazillan Government. Mr. G. D. Yys is appointed Acting Consul for Portugal at Calcutta. Captain S. Williams of the Political Department is granted nine months' leave. Mr. T. Hughes is posted Assistant to Makran.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. H. Mayston, Director of Telegraphs, is granted total leave up to two years.

Sir T. Wynne returned to Rangoon on Friday after a lengthy visit to the properties of the Burma Mines, Ltd. His visit, he states, proved very satisfactory. He leaves for Calcutta on Tuesday.

IMPERIAL CINEMA.

THE EXPLOITS OF ELAINE.

The popularity of "The Exploits of Elaine" as a serial of extraordinary drawing power has been fully maintained from the publication of the first episode up to the present time; and the presentation at the Imperial Cinema on Saturday last of Episodes 15 and 16 reminds us that nearly half the series has now been issued, and that with episode 14, the dominant Clutching Hand had disappeared from the story. Considerable curiosity was evinced as to how the interest created by this character would be transferred successfully to the succeeding episodes

A STRONG NEW FEATURE.

A very small portion of Episode 15 had been shown before we realised that a new feature had been introduced into the narative. But it in no way interrupted the thread of the story and in many ways it assisted it. A new interest is created and the thrill of the serial is accentuated. Elaine is surrounded by fresh trials and terrors, and with the ubiquitous Kennedy by her side, by what appear miracles (both in fact and in photography) she defeats the power of the notorious Wu Fang, the Chinese menace. As the episodes are shown one after the other we realise that "The Exploits of Elaine" is not a mere stationary story where automatically, week by week, the characters brave dangers that arise. Progression is observable, and as one episode after another is developed we see that a definite goal is aimed at and the interest is moving gradually backwards it.

UP-TO-DATE TOUCH.

In one of the earlier episodes a gas mask is worn in a poisoned We also find the wily Oriental cunning against that of Western civilisation and the big guns, aeroplanes, hand grenades and other appliances for destruction in use bring the serial right up-to-date. In many other ways "The Exploits of Elaine" possesses attractions that cannot fail to appeal to the public, and there is very little doubt about the later episodes proving quite as attractive as those that have gone before.

WESTERN INDIA LAWN TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

The following matches will be played to-day:—

QUEEN'S ROAD COURTS.

4-30.

Court No. 1 A. A. Fyzee v. Grandhi.
Court No. 2 Pandit v. Chinmalgand.
Court No. 4 Chaubal v. Shete.
Court No. 5 Gupte v. Gangla.
Court No. 6 Thakkar v. Chandawarkar.

5-30.

Court No. 1 Chief of Manavadar v. Simms.
Court No. 2 Jukes v. Shimizu.
Court No. 4 Bhagwat v. Bunbury.
Court No. 5 Dr. A. H. Fyzee v. England.
Court No. 6 Norowji v. Shiveswarkar.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA COURTS.

4-30.

Court No. 4 Harwood v Wagle.
Court No. 5 Parker v. Metha.
Court No. 6 Burn v. Pruce.
Court No. 7 Shirgawkar v. Gunjikar.

5-30.

Court No. 4 Kemble v. M. Bohjat Ali Khan.
Court No. 5 Engineer v. Merchant.
Court No. 6 Cheetham v. Modi.
Court No. 7 Karve v. S. Ali Raza.

Competitors, who are not present and ready to play at the appointed time, are liable to be scratched.

Competitors are requested to arrange for their own umpires.

Umpires are requested to enter the scores of each match in the score book and to sign the score book.

Owing to the large number of entries, it has been found necessary to play off some of the matches in the preliminery rounds on the courts in the compound of the Bombay Gymkhana

The Committee regret to say that owing to want of space in the Gymkhana compound, there will be no accommodation for spectators there, and therefore no general admission of spectators can be permitted, but all competitors in the tournament, and gentlemen acting as umpires in the particular matches to be played there will be allowed free admission to the courts. The usual accommodation for spectators at the Queen's Road, courts has been arranged for. The charge for admission there will be Rs. 6 for the whole tournament (tickets transferable) or Re. 1 per day.

LUNCHEON AT GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

The following guests lunched at the State Bungalow yesterday at 1-30 p.m.:—

The Right Revd. the Lord Bishop of Bombay and Mrs. Palmer, The Nawab of Sachin, Mr. Gavin Scott and Mrs. Scott, Major M. L. Ferrar, Mr. F. B. Pendarves Lory and Mrs. Lory, Mr. S. R. Perfect, Mr. Mohomed Kadir Shaikh, Mr. A. C. Gupta, and Mrs. Gupta Mr. R. A. Spence, Mr. W. M. Ross, Mr. F. A. Borissow, Mr. Ameerudin Tyabji, Mr. R. S. Powvala and Mrs. Powvala, Dr. Rajabally Visram Patel and Lt. C. J. S. Jewell.

The House Party consisted of Lord Cecil Manners, Sir John Hewett, Lady Helen Brassey, Miss E. Brand, their Excellencies and Staff.

PATNA HIGH COURT.

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, Feb. 26.

Letters Patent relating to the Patna High Court are published in the current issue of the "Gazette of India."

BOMBAY RACES.

CONCLUDING DAY

A SPLENDID WIND-UP.

(By our Racing Correspondent.)

I can look back a number of years and cannot recall a more successful or more enjoyable Western India racing fixture than the one which was concluded at Mahaluxmi last Saturday. The quality of the racing, the class of horse that competed, the handicapping, and the general excellence of the sport all round, appeared to me to eclipse previous efforts of the W. I. T. C. in its commendable desire to provide the sporting section of the public with a little relaxation and entertainment, in the particular channel it most appreciates. Here and there we have a desultory growl reflecting on the propriety of holding race-meetings during these anxious and critical times, descanting in weary copy book platitudes on the infamy of gambling, when the best manhood of the Empire is sacrificing itself in the great cause. But such detractors forget, that for a variety of reasons, it is impossible for *everyone* to take an active part in the war, and of this remnant, it has been abundantly shown that our sporting non-combatants have not been wanting by any means in doing their bit, as proved by the handsome war donations which are being contributed from time to time from the funds of the Western India Turf Club, subscribed by the sporting public in a very matter of fact and practical way.

The interest in last Saturday's concluding proceedings was of course materially enhanced by the presence of their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon in State, who received an enthusiastc welcome from the big crowd as they drove on to the course. A word of praise is due to the police for the clockwork precision with which the immense traffic outside the enclosures at the conclusion of a race-day has been controlled; the parking of the motor cars and vehicles of all descriptions reflecting the greatest credit on the ingenuity and resourcesfulness of the officers responsible for the work. A little more attention, however, might with advantage be bestowed on clearing out the disorderly mob of hawkers, race-programme, sellers tip-cards and loafers, that impede the traffic on the road in the immediate vicinity of Mahaluxmi station. The congestion here is wholly unnecessary, and has of late assumed unpleasant dimensions. As these racing fixtures must be a source of considerable profit to the railway concerned, I think the authorities should get a move on and do something in the way of enlarging the approaches, which in all probability would relieve the situation considerably, by not affording the pretext for a large crowd forming on the roadway.

The glamour of a Cup, in the shape of a racing trophy to display upon the family side-board or what-not appeals to many owners: for this reason competition is extra keen for the Byculla Club Cup and Turf Club Cup events. On Saturday the excellence of the handicaps in both these races attracted large high-class fields in the all-horse and Arab divisions. In the former event it was generally admitted that though Kiltoi, with his attractive Calcutta performances, could not be said to have been harshly dealt with in the apportionment of his weight, he had quite enough before him with 10st. 4 lbs. to carry, to suggest he would have to put his best foot forward to beat the formidable opposition he had to try conclusions with. In running second he reproduced his Calcutta form to an ounce, and would have won had Mr. R. R. S's. Magyar not turned up on the scene. Magyar is a great horse; greater than Kiltoi is, ever was, or ever shall be. And the problem before big owners in India now is to find something capable of stretching him weight for age. The stone advantage he had on Saturday from Kiltoi amounts to nothing, this is obviously discounted by what he had in hand at the finish and the improvement he is still capable of. Fyzyama, an erstwhile winner of a Cesarewitch is in India, but I imagine he will get a headache after Magyar is done with him, both fit and well at equal weights. Knight's Key is apparently taking a long time to acclimatize and is faraway from his best English form, which, over a journey, is quite equal to Magyar's record. Rather an ominous indication about Knight's Key's anatomy is his abnormal neck and crest development, which in a six-year-old is distinctly suggestive, and I wonder if they got up to any larks with him at home prior to the transfer to Mr. Goculdas. Robinson can safely be relied upon to tighten up any loose screw, and if he succeeds, Knight's Key will probably provide the danger to Magyar when the time arrives. Manilla, with her light impost of 7st. 8lbs. was freely handed round as the likely winner, but her hare-like conformation suggests that a little climbing work would suit her better than the flat Bombay course: she is therefore always likely to do better at Poona. The time returned, 2min. 34 3/5secs., was exceptional, but as the methods are too erratic for either correct or uniform clocking, this record should be disregarded, Magyar winning far too comfortably to be credited with such a splendid performance.

The Turf Club Cup was a very open race and the erratic running of many of the top-weights during the Extras clouded up the issue to even greater obscurity than the capable handicap. General Obaidulla Khan, as it transpired, made no mistake about annexing the coveted trophy, running first and second with Purity and Singer respectively, and to some extent compensating him for his disappointment with Kiltoi. It was a splendid betting race, and here again the time returned, 2min. 49 2/5secs. was remarkable, and it seems to be almost certain that these excellent time records must be attributed to either faulty methods in timing or the excellence of the track, rather than to any superlative merits of the performers. Mr. R. R. S.'s trio ran badly, and it was generally anticipated that both Majbur and Kayid would put up a better show than they did. Wellington, I regret to see is going the way of all successful sprinting Arab horseflesh—to the—(bhowwows). Wellington has now proved himself to be a veritable champion over short courses and if he is treated to work, qualifying him for any more Turf Club Cups, he will soon subside into a condition of all-round mediocrity, like so many good ones have done before him.

The surprise of the afternoon was Maltronus's runaway victory in the second division of the Stand Plate. On his two previous essays, the Alexandra Park Plate and the Adelaide Plate, had it not been for the irreducible limit mark the handicapper would probably have awarded him about three stone. And yet over six furlongs, carrying 12lbs. over-weight, Maltronus reduced the opposition, he had already had a rough-up with, to a bran-mash. The tote dividends of Rs. 450/8 to win and Rs. 110/8 for "place," under the circumstances were surprisingly small, and should have been thousands instead of hundreds. A betting feat of this kind is so exceptionally lucky. I would have much pleasure in publicly congratulating the fortunate ones, if I only knew their identity. At the weights Chastity even with her six pounds surplus, should have run better. In fact it was a peculiar race altogether, and as there were so many things about it which I could not understand, any further comments would be worthless.

The opening event, the Desert Plate, was a good betting race, four or five of the candidates receiving substantial support. On his last attractive display Chaser naturally had a large following, while Socrates, Section, Maidania, Khedavi Miseer and Minerva were all well backed. Khedavi Miseer, when in the humour, is a difficult horse to beat, and after a fierce fight from the distance with Section, managed to scrape home by a neck. I don't know whether I am telling tales out of school, but I hear Khedavi Miseer's sporting owner, the Hon. Mr. S. A. Wahed, has arranged a pleasing little function to perpetuate the success of the 1916 racing season for entertaining the Hon. Inigo Freeman-Thomas and the Stewards of the Turf Club to dinner at the Orient Club on March 16th. It is a very happy idea, and as the Hon. Mr. S. A. Wahed is *facile princeps* as the father of Western India racing and all that pertains to it, the sporting reunion could not have been initiated by a more becoming personage.

The first division of the Stand Plate was won comfortably by Miss Rollestone, the performance confirming the remarks I made about her victory in the Mazagon Plate on the Third Day, when I was of opinion that Buckley then had more up his sleeve than the official margin disclosed. Premiere was handed round as a good thing, but as Mr. Kelso's mare had inflicted a good deal more than a 5lbs defeat on her in the Mazagon Plate, it was difficult to appeciate the grounds for this optimistic belief.

Baloz and Solar Star were backed to the last button to win the last race, the Town Plate, which, from a racing point of view was the worst race of the day. The crowd was put on to Durban on the strength of a sensational track gallop, and this, coupled with the light weight Mr. Gahagan's recent acquisition was carrying, inspired an optimistic hope. It was a stupid race, and the poor time 1 min 52 4/5 secs. shows with what kind of judgment many of the riders must have handled their charges. Baloz got home all right, returning a "place" dividend of Rs. 27/8, while the win price was Rs. 24. Solar Star, with the stable's first jockey Whalley up, of course commanded the bulk of the money, but could not do better then run fourth.

THE DESERT PLATE.—Distance 1 Mile 1 Furlong.

Winner, Rs. 1,500; second, Rs. 500; third, Rs. 300. A High Weight Handicap for Arabs in the 2nd Division.

The Hon. Mr. S. A. Wahed's KHEDAVI MISEER, 8-6, Buckley 1
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's SECTION, 8-13, Harrison 2
Mr. T. D. Moore's CHASER, 7-11, Pullin... 3
Mr. Ebraim bin Zaid's MAIDANIA, 7-12, Bowley 4

Also Ran:—Harry Johnson 9-4, Trenoweth; Aimer 9-0, Zamil; Makbul 8-8, Hardy; Socrates 8-4, Purtoosingh; Minerva 7-5, Ebrahim.

The Race:—Makbul led from Maidania and Chaser, with Harry Johnson next a couple of lengths behind piloting the rest bunched up. At the half mile Khedavi Miseer improved to third and at the turn Section came into the picture. Down the straight a good race ensued with the leaders, Khedavi Miseer getting there by a neck—¾—1.

Time:—2 mins. 7⅘ secs.

Totes Paid:—Win, Rs. 47. Places, Rs. 14-8, Rs. 23 and Rs. 14.

THE STAND PLATE. Division II.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 2,000; second, Rs. 700; third, Rs. 300. A High Weight Handicap for Horses in the 2nd and 3rd Divisions.

Mr. E. L. F. De Soysa's MALTRONUS, 6-0 cd. 6-12, Harrison 1
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's PENSION, 7-11, Purtoosingh 2
Mr. Goculdass's ARKANGELO, 9-5, Whalley 3
Mr. J. Stewart's CHASTITY, 7-12 cd. 8-4, Trenoweth 4

Also Ran:—Final Proof 8-13, Bowley; Decorum 8-11, F. Templeman; Lucky Thought 7-13, Buckley; Forfeit 7-11, Hoyt; Larrikin 7-6, Pullin.

The Race:— The order at the start was Maltronus, Pension, Chastity, Final Proof, Arkangelo. The first named led from start to finish and won comfortably by 1 length—¾—4.

Time:—1 min. 14 secs.

Totes Paid:—Win, Rs. 450-8. Places, Rs. 110-8, Rs. 29 and Rs. 37.

THE STAND PLATE. Division I.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Winner. Rs. 2,000 · second, Rs. 700; third, Rs. 300. A High Weight Handicap for Horses in the 2nd and 3rd Divisions.

Mr. Kelso's MISS ROLLESTONE, 8-13, F. Templeman 1
Mr. J. L. Ainsworth's UTE, 8-5, Buckley 2
Mr. Goculdass's GIPSY'S ADVICE, 9-0, Whalley 3
Genl. Obaidulla Khan's PREMIERE, 8-3, Bowley 4

Also Ran:—Tartania 8-4, Pullin; Penny Pie 8-3, Barrett; Wavestar 7-13, Coomber.

The Race:—Wavestar led from Penny Pie and Premiere. At the three furlongs Penny Pie led Premiere and Gipsy's Advice. Passing the two furlongs Miss Rollestone began to move up with Ute, apparently watching each other. In the straight these two went to the front and raced home, Miss Rollestone winning by ¾ length—¾—neck.

Time:—1 min. 13 secs.

Totes Paid:—Win, Rs. 16-8. Places, Rs. 27-8 and Rs. 21-8.

THE TURF CLUB CUP.—Distance 1½ Miles.

A Cup value Rs. 1,000 presented by the Western India Turf Club and Rs. 10,000 from the Fund. Winner, the Cup and Rs. 7,000; second, Rs. 2,000; third, Rs. 1,000. A Handicap for Arabs.

Genl. Obaidulla Khan's PURITY, 8-8, Hardy 1
Genl. Obaidulla Khan's SINGER, 9-7, Bowley 2
Mr. Ali bin Talib's BLACK MALIK, 7-0 cd. 7-4, Mujeed 3
Mr. R. R. S.'s MAJBUR, 9-8, F. Templeman 4

Also Ran:—Sparrow Hawk 9-12, Huxley; Sir Knight 8-9, A. Templeman; Wellington 8-9, Buckley; Kayid 7-12, Pullin; Mexico 7-10, Whalley; Beyrut 7-10 cd. 7-11, Coomber; Tajilmulook 7-7, Hoyt; Longboat 7-2, Japheth; Night Hawk 6-10, Harrison; Malayeb 6-9 cd. 6-10, Purtoosingh.

The Race:—When they came into view, Night Hawk led from Purity, Beyrut, Majbur, Sparrow Hawk and Kayid in the order named. At the mile Sparrow Hawk was fourth and Black Malik fifth. At the seven furlongs Majbur joined Purity and a furlong further was running second to Night Hawk, the rest of the field being well together. At the three furlongs Mexico made a futile splutter. At the bend Purity came through to the lead on the rails and was challenged in the straight by Singer, but galloping on well, won by 1 length—head—neck.

Time:—2 mins. 49 2/5 secs.

Totes Paid:—Win, Rs. 48. Places, Rs. 44½, Rs. 36 and Rs. 55½.

THE BYCULLA CLUB CUP.—Distance 1½ Miles.

A Cup value £50 presented by the Members of the Byculla Club and Rs. 20,000 from the Fund. Winner, the Cup and Rs. 15,000; second, Rs. 3,000; third, Rs. 2,000. A Handicap for Horses.

Mr. R. R. S.'s MAGYAR, 9-4, F. Templeman 1
Genl. Obaidulla Khan's KILTOI, 10-4, Bowley 2
Mr. Wilton Bartleet's ST. ANDREWS, 8-4 cd. 8-5, Trenoweth 3
Mr Goculdass's MATCHLOCK, 8-9, Huxley 4

Also Ran:—Silver Balm 9-8, Pullin; Vanadium 9-1, A. Templeman; Dersingham 8-13, Hill; Knight's Key 8-3, Barrett; Politian 8-0, Whalley; Yellow Jester 7-12 cd 8-3, Hardy; Orloff 7-10, Mujeed; Bed-Time 7-10, Buckley; Spenser 7-4, Purtoosingh; Manilla 7-8, Hoyt; Martinet 7-3, Japheth.

The Race:—Dersingham led from Yellow Jester and Magyar, the rest bunched up. At the seven furlongs Santa Barbara moved up second, and at the five furlongs Magyar was taken close up to the leader and was running prominently up to the bend, when he came away in the straight and won in a canter. Kiltoi put the steam on down the straight and passed St. Andrews and Matchlock. Won by 1½ lengths—¾—4.

Time:—2 mins. 34 2/5 secs.

Totes Paid:—Win, Rs. 46-8. Places, Rs. 29, Rs. 25-8 and Rs. 42-8.

THE MANSFIELD PLATE.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 7,000; second, Rs. 2,000; third, Rs. 1,000. A Handicap for Horses.

Mr. R. R. S.'s BANDIT, 8-9, F. Templeman 1
Mr. Heath's ROSEVILLE, 8-5, Bowley ... 2
Mr. J. L. Ainsworth's CARPENTIA, 7-0, Harrison 3
Mr. J. L. Ainsworth's VANITY BOX, 7-13, Buckley 4

Also Ran:—Pastime 9-5, Firth; Polish 9-5, Huxley; Forward Ho, Barrett; Criton 9-1, A. Templeman; Benfield Grove 8-7, Mujeed; Fire Finch 8-3, Whalley; Lakme 8-2 cd. 8-4, Trenoweth; Volsloane 8-2 cd. 8-5, Hardy; Twa Brigs 7-10, Hoyt; Hoppner 7-7, Pullin; Lady Muriel 7-3, Purtoosingh.

The Race:—Fire Finch was first out, soon passed by Hoppner. At the half mile the order was Hoppner, Carpentia, Bandit, Vanity Box, Twa Brigs, Carpentia led into the straight, but Bandit came at him and won comfortably. Roseville put in a strong run from the distance into second place. Won by 2 lengths—½—short head.

Time:—1 min. 12 secs.

Totes Paid:—Win, Rs. 30-8. Places, Rs. 26-8, Rs. 52 and Rs. 97-8.

THE TOWN PLATE.—Distance 1 Mile.

Winner, Rs. 2,000; second, Rs. 700; third, Rs. 300. A Handicap for Arab Ponies 14 hands and under.

Messrs. Goculdass and Mathradass's BALOZ, 9-8, Huxley 1
Genl. Obaidulla Khan's RUBY FISH, 7-0, Purtoosingh 2
Mr. Ali bin Talib's TAMMOOZ, 7-10 cd. 7-13, Bowley 3
Messrs. Goculdass and Mathradass's SOLAR STAR, 7-11, Whalley 4

Also Ran:—Durban 7-12, Buckley; Pasha 7-4, Pullin; Mat-hat-Baig 6-12, Harrison; Fado 6-3 cd. 6-5, Dhondy.

The Race:—Tammooz, Mat-hat-Baig and Baloz led out, the latter being soon displaced by Fado, with Ruby Fish lying fifth. At the six furlongs the leaders were running together turning into the straight Ruby Fish and Baloz were running together in front, and after a good race Baloz got in front opposite the stand and won by ½ length—¼—neck.

Time:—1 min. 52 4/5 secs.

Totes Paid:—Win, Rs. 24. Places, Rs 27-8, Rs. 34-8 and Rs. 20.

RANGOON RACES.

(Associated Press.)

RANGOON, Feb. 26.

The race for the Lieutenant-Governor's Cup was run this afternoon on the opening day of the spring meeting. Talisman (Burjorjees) and Kyee Kyee, the leading ponies in the Province, met for the first time. There were seven entries, Talisman winning on close finish. Sir Harcourt Butler who arrived in state at the Stand received a great ovation.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, Feb. 27.

The disturbance in north-west India almost disappeared after giving a few falls of rain and snow in the western Himalayas, the largest amount being one inch at Sonamarg. The weaher tis slightly unsettled in north-east India.

Forecast:—Local falls of rain in Assam and East Bengal.

As encouraging response to the appeal for Rs. 1,50,000 for the proposed reorganised Bengal Ambulance Corps, nearly 400 strong all told to replace the worn ou 170 men who have now served for nearly a year, have been coming in since the publication of his Excellency the Governor's stirring letter enclosing his cheque, it has been decided to open a new fund.

CALCUTTA RACES.

EIGHTH EXTRA MEETING.

(Specially Reported for "The Chronicle.")

CALCUTTA, Feb. 26.

The eighth extra meeting races proved disastrous to backers, all except the Jumpers' Flat Race and the Alexandra Plate being won by outsiders The attendance was fair. The weather conditions were ideal.

THE THIRD JUMPERS' FLAT RACE.—Distance 1¼ mile.

Mr. Butler's BETTY BIRD, 10-11, Mr. Roddick 1
Mr. Butlin's I. E, 10-3, E. Huxley 2
Mr. Mah's LITTLE SCOTT, 9-0, Mr. Williamson 3

Also Ran:—Merlo 8-9, Mahoney Boy 10-4, Lingo 8-0.

Betting:—4 to 6 Betty Bird, threes I. E., fives Mahoney Boy and Little Scott, fifteens others.

Totalizators Paid:—Win Rs. 17. Places Rs. 11, 12 and 14.

The Race:—To a good start Little Scott and Mahoney Boy led in company, then Merlo and Betty Bird, then I. E., Lingo last. Betty Bird simply played with her field for the moment she was given her lead, then shot forward and romped home, an easy winner by seven lengths, two lengths between second and third.

Time:—2 mts. 11¼ secs.

THE RIVER PLATE.—Distance 5 furlongs.

Messrs. Swan and Hilliards' ST. VAGRANT, 9-9, Northmore 1
Mr. Fergusson's BELLOWER, 9-0, Vick ... 2
Mr. Cunningham's SUMURUN, 9-10, Fitzgibbon 3

Also Ran:—Spook 7-12, Turbulent 9-12, Scotch Plaid 9-7, Vice Royal 9.5, Warden 9-0, Sidelight 8-8, Blizon Belle 8-4, Larkspur 7-13, Sos 7.13.

Betting:—Threes Sumurun, fours Blizon Belle and Warden, sixes Vice Royal, longer prices rest.

Totalizators Paid:—Win Rs. 542. Places Rs. 139, 66 and 18.

The Race:—The Moment, the Gate went up St. Vagrant shot in front and leading all way won by 1½ length, ¾ length between second and third.

Time:—1 min. 2 3/5 secs.

THE WELCOME PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Mr. Walen's LADY BUNNY, 9-11, Billett 1
Mr. Galstaun's PIER, 9-4, Wing 2
H. H. the Maharaja of Patiala's GREY LIGHT, 9-9, Mason 3

Also Ran:—Frisette 9-12, Village Girl 9-10, Maud 9-1, Merman 8-9, Little Arch 8-5, Yod 7-0.

Betting:—Twos Pier, fours Lady Bunny, Village Girl, sixes Grey Light, Frisette, longer prices rest.

Totalizators Paid:—Win Rs. 78. Places Rs. 23, 16 and 35.

The Race:—Grey Light, Yod and Village Girl were the first to show in front of Lady Bunny and Pier from the distance the two last named went to the front, Lady Bunny winning by a length, ½ length between second and third.

Time:—1 min. 16 4/5 secs.

THE BADMINTON PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Mr. Butler's NAREB, 7-13, Mason 1
Mr. Lauder's SIDEWALK, 8-13, Stokes 2
Mr. Lindsay's CHOBHAM, 7-12, Rampresad 3

Also Ran:—Watteau 9-12, Louise Dewal 9-8, Little Star 7-10, Pierrot 7-0.

Betting:—Twos Little Star and Sidewalk, fives Watteau, tens rest.

Totalizators Paid:—Win Rs. 114. Places Rs. 35, 17 and 57.

The Race:—Nareb led from start to finish winning by three lengths, a neck between second and third.

Time:—1 min. 15 secs.

THE ALEXANDRA PLATE.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Mr. Galstaun's BLOUZELINDA, 8-10, Wing 1
Mr. Lauder's WATER COLOUR, 8-7, Stokes 2
Messrs. Nanjee and Ramshaw's PANTOMINE, 9-13, Huxley 3

Also Ran:—Bosslee 9.4, Watch Tower 8-4, Stage Fright 7-13, Home Drew 7-0, Molgibby 6-10, Tobique 7-0.

Betting:—6 to 4 Blouzeinda, twos Bosslee, threes Pantomine, eights Water Colour, longer prices rest.

Totalizators Paid:—Win Rs. 36. Places Rs. 13, 25 and 15.

The Race:—Home Drew and Bosslee led up to the Zeerut opening, where Water Colour and Blouzelinda came up. The last two fought every yard of the way home, Blouzelinda just winning by a neck, a neck between second and third.

Time:—1 min. 20 1/5 secs.

THE SELLING PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

Mr. Ferguson's BELLOWER 7.7, Vick 1
Mr. Galstaun's CASTLE VITE 8-5, Elding 2
Lieut.-Col. Smith's BLUSTERER 8-9, Stokes 3

Also Ran:—I. E. 7-0, Blue Saphire 7.11, Bohemia 7-9.

Betting:—5 to 4 Blusterer and Castle Vite, sixes Blue Saphire, tens rest.

Totalizators Paid:—Win Rs. 97. Places Rs. 17, 12 and 12.

The Race:—Blusterer was left at the start. Bellower went to the front the moment the gate went up and leading all the way won by 1½ length, a head between second and third.

Time:—1 min. 42 secs.

The racing calendar published to-day states that the disqualification imposed on the jockey J. Ruiz early last year, has been removed as from February 11th of the current year.

YOUNG MEN'S HINDU ASSOCIATION.

The prize-distribution of the Marathi and Gujerati schools of the Y. M. Hindu Association took place yesterday, at the Hira Bag, Bombay, the Hon. Mr. M. B. Chaubal presiding. The report showed that the number of pupils on the roll was 120, of which fifteen poor pupils were boarded free of charge in a hostel. The curriculum included religious instruction. The funds in the hands of the Association amounted to Rs. 1,300, and they intended to have a building of their own in the near futuro.

Mr. Chaubal distributed the prizes and congratulated the Association on the success they had attained.

A vote of thanks to the Chairman terminated the proceedings.

LECTURE ON FIGHTING IN BELGIUM.

Mons. Robert Wouters of the 17th Battery, Belgian Army, delivered an illustrated lecture at the Excelsior Theatre yesterday recounting his experiences of the battles of Termonde, Malines, Dixmude and Louvain at all of which engagements he was present. The lecture was in aid of the Belgian Relief Fund.

There are thirty-seven accused for trial before the Special Tribunal sitting at Mandalay on March 6th.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

A BUSY WEEK-END.

"The Thief," a play adopted from the French by Cosmo Gordon-Lennox and produced and revived at the St. James's Theatre, London, within the past five years, was the attraction provided at the Royal Opera House on Saturday night by the Howitt-Phillips Company. A very large audience was present and they showed their appreciation by prolonged applause at the end of each act.

The success of the evening was scored by Miss Gertrude Godart whose genius for emotional acting was revealed in he mastery over the difficulties of the part of Marise, the erring wife. Mr. Howitt did not support her as convincingly as he might have done in their great scene (Act 2) but we think that was due more to want of acquaintance with the part than anything else. Mr. Protheroe, the Scotland Yard detective, was admirably played by Mr. Cyril Rawdon. He revels in a part where he has to appear as a brutal doer of duty and his voice is a great asset. Mr. Elagert was a trifle prosy but, like Mr. Lawson, he was not in a part that suits him. When a stock company has such an extensive repertoire there are bound to be plays which do not suit everybody.

Miss Fladgate gave a good impression in Act 1. but she must to a certain extent have been helped by her pretty dress, for in Act 3 when she was in a less suitable gown she quite destroyed the first idea. With a little more rehearsal, however, she would make a great deal more of the part. It must be recalled in her favour that she is a newcomer to the Company, being one of the survivors of the ill-fated Persia, and has never appeared in "The Thief" before.

Packed houses were the order at Saturday's and yesterday's matinees and very satisfactory ones witnessed last night's cinema programme, which includes the sensational film "The Dare-Devil Rescue." The thrilling happenings in an aeroplane were very much to the taste of the audiences, who had never imagined such feats possible before. It is a picture which should be seen by everyone.

SANATAN DHARMA.

DISTRIBUTION OP PRIZES.

The distribution of prizes to the successful competitors in the examinations conducted by the Sanatan Dharma Religious and Moral Education Propaganda Committee was held yesterday in the Morarji Gokuldas Market Hall, Bombay, — Justice L. A. Shah presiding.

After the children had gone through a programme of songs, Mr. Jamnadas D. Dharamsey, Honorary Secretary, read the annual report in the course of which it was stated that the number of candidates, who appeared in the examinations held this year, was 3,897, including 265 girls, out of whom 1,699 were successful. The committee had 34 centres in the mofusil this year.

The Chairman then gave away the prizes. Addressing the assembly, he said the committee was doing very useful work. He referred to the times when, he said, not much attention was paid by the people to the great works in their own literature. It was, however, a matter for thankfulness that that apathy now no longer existed and that people cared to study the great works in their literature and appreciate their beauties. He especially referred to the encouragement given by the Committee to a careful study of the Ramayan and the Mahabharata. He again thanked the Committee and its President, Mr. T. N. Malvi for the great work they were doing in connection with Sanatan Dharma, and he appealed for generous contributions to the funds.

A vote of thanks to the Chairman terminated the proceedings.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, Feb. 26.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

The following elections of Fellows to the Calcutta University are approved by the Government of India:—Rai Chunilal Bose Bahadur, by the Faculty of Science; Babu Biraj Mohan Mozamdur by the Faculty of Law; Drs. Bidhan Chandra Roy, B.A., M.D. and Dwark Nath Mitra M.A., D.L. by the registered graduates.

Dr. V. T. Korke, M.R.C.P., Dr. Shamrao Narayan Gore and Dr. K. R. Krishna Swami Iyengar, M.B., D.P.H., are permanently appointed to the Bacteriological Department. Dr. Korke is placed on deputation under the Indian Research Fund Association.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Hemendra Kumar Bose has been appointed probationer in the Finance Department.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Mr. G. White resigns the Civil Service. Mr. D. L. Morgan, Assistant Superintendent of Police, the United Provinces, is appointed Assistant Commissioner of Port Blair.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

The Vice-Consulate for Brazil at Bombay is raised to the rank of Consulate by the Brazillan Government. Mr. G. D. Yys is appointed Acting Consul for Portugal at Calcutta. Captain S. Williams of the Political Department is granted nine months' leave. Mr. T. Hughes is posted Assistant to Makran.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. H. Mayston, Director of Telegraphs, is granted total leave up to two years.

Sir T. Wynne returned to Rangoon on Friday after a lengthy visit to the properties of the Burma Mines, Ltd. His visit, he states, proved very satisfactory. He leaves for Calcutta on Tuesday.

IMPERIAL CINEMA.

THE EXPLOITS OF ELAINE.

The popularity of "The Exploits of Elaine" as a serial of extraordinary drawing power has been fully maintained from the publication of the first episode up to the present time; and the presentation at the Imperial Cinema on Saturday last of Episodes 15 and 16 reminds us that nearly half the series has now been issued, and that with episode 14, the dominant Clutching Hand had disappeared from the story. Considerable curiosity was evinced as to how the interest created by this character would be transferred successfully to the succeeding episodes.

A STRONG NEW FEATURE.

A very small portion of Episode 15 had been shown before we realised that a new feature had been introduced into the narative. But it in no way interrupted the thread of the story and in many ways it assisted it. A new interest is created and the thrill of the serial is accentuated. Elaine is surrounded by fresh trials and terrors, and with the ubiquitous Kennedy by her side, by what appear miracles (both in fact and in photography) she defeats the power of the notorious Wu Fang, the Chinese menace. As the episodes are shown one after the other we realise that "The Exploits of Elaine" is not a mere stationary story where automatically, week by week, the characters brave dangers that arise. Progression is observable, and as one episode after another is developed we see that a definite goal is aimed at and the interest is moving gradually [illegible] wards it.

UP-TO-DATE TOUCH[illegible]

In one of the earlier episodes gas mask is worn in a poisoned We also find the wily Oriental p[illegible] cunning against that of Western civili[illegible]tion and the big guns, aeroplanes, hand grenades and other appliances for destruction in use bring the serial right up-to-date. In many other ways "The Exploits of Elaine" possess attractions that cannot fail to appeal to the public, and there is very little doubt about the later episodes proving quite as attractive as those that have gone before.

WESTERN INDIA LAWN TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

The following matches will be played to-day:—

QUEEN'S ROAD COURTS.

4-30.

Court No. 1 A. A. Fyzee v. Grandhi.
Court No. 2 Pandit v. Chinmalgand.
Court No. 4 Chaubal v. Shete.
Court No. 5 Gupte v. Gangla.
Court No. 6 Thakkar v. Chandawarkar.

5-30.

Court No. 1 Chief of Manavadar v. Simms.
Court No. 2 Jukesay. Shimizu.
Court No. 4 Bhagwat v. Bunbury.
Court No. 5 Dr. A. H. Fyzee v. England.
Court No. 6 Norowji v. Shiveswarkar.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA COURTS.

4-30.

Court No. 4 Harwood v Wagle.
Court No. 5 Parker v. Metha.
Court No. 6 Burn v. Pruce.
Court No. 7 Shirgawkar v. Gunjikar.

5-30.

Court No. 4 Kemble v. M. Bohjat Ali Khan.
Court No. 5 Engineer v. Merchant.
Court No. 6 Cheetham v. Modi.
Court No. 7 Karve v. S. Ali Raza.

Competitors, who are not present and ready to play at the appointed time, are liable to be scratched.

Competitors are requested to arrange for their own umpires.

Umpires are requested to enter the scores of each match in the score book and to sign the score book.

Owing to the large number of entries, it has been found necessary to play off some of the matches in the preliminery rounds on the courts in the compound of the Bombay Gymkhana.

The Committee regret to say that owing to want of space in the Gymkhana compound, there will be no accommodation for spectators there, and therefore no general admission of spectators can be permitted, but all competitors in the tournament, and gentlemen acting as umpires in the particular matches to be played there, will be allowed free admission to the courts. The usual accommodation for spectators at the Queen's Road, courts has been arranged for. The charge for admission there will be Rs. 6 for the whole tournament (tickets transferable) or Re. 1 per day.

LUNCHEON AT GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

The following guests lunched at the State Bungalow yesterday at 1-30 p.m.:—

The Right Revd. the Lord Bishop of Bombay and Mrs. Palmer, The Nawab of Sachin, Mr. Gavin Scott and Mrs. Scott, Major M. L. Ferrar, Mr. F. B. Pendarves Lory and Mrs. Lory, Mr. S. R. Perfect, Mr. Mohomed Kadir Shaikh, Mr. A. C. Gupta, and Mrs. Gupta Mr. R. A. Spence, Mr. W. M. Ross, Mr. F. A. Borissow, Mr. Ameerudin Tyabji, Mrs. R. S. Powvala and Mrs. Powvala, Dr. Rajabally Visram Patel and Lt. C. J. S. Jewell.

The House Party consisted of Lord Cecil Manners, Sir John Hewett, Lady Helen Brassey, Miss E. Brand, their Excellencies and Staff.

PATNA HIGH COURT.

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, Feb. 26.

Letters Patent relating to the Patna High Court are published in the current issue of the "Gazette of India."

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ALL-INDIA MUSIC CONFERENCE, BARODA.

Ladies and gentlemen seeking information regarding arrangements for board and lodging during the sessions of the forth-coming Conference on Indian Music on March, 20th, and subsequent days, are requested to intimate to the undersigned as early as possible, since only a limited number of guests can be accommodated.

All information regarding expenses will be supplied on application.

S. L. JOSHI,
(Hon. Secretary).
Baroda College,
Baroda.
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TABLE OF LEADING CONTENTS

	Page
LEADING ARTICLES.	
Work That Must Go On	6
NOTES OF THE DAY	6
FOREIGN NEWS.	
War Telegrams	7 & 8
INDIAN TELEGRAMS	3, 5, 7, 8, 9 & 10
SPECIAL ARTICLE.	
Bombay Art Exhibition	6
BOMBAY AND PROVINCIAL	
Bombay Medical Union	4
Fatality in Queen's Road	4
Imperial Cinema	5
Royal Opera House	5
Government Law Schools	8
Bombay University	9
BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS	4
GENERAL NEWS	
Viceroy at Jodhpur	9
LEGAL INTELLIGENCE	9 & 10
SPORTING NEWS	5
SHIPPING	4
COMMERCIAL	3 & 4
THE WEATHER	3
ILLUSTRATIONS	9 & 10

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Monday, February 28, 1916.

WORK THAT MUST GO ON.

If one were asked what was the cruellest irony of war, one would not hesitate to say it was the injustice of it,—the injustice which requires that suffering should fall most where it is least merited. How else, indeed, can those of ordinary humane disposition understand what the soldiers dying in the trenches, the wounded moaning in the hospitals,—let alone the mothers, the sisters and the wives and the children silently suffering in innumerable homes,—have done to draw upon them their fearful punishment? Fortunately the sad reflection aroused by the contemplation of the war's dreadfulness is relieved by the consoling recollection that the war itself has emitted certain sparks of divinity which, in the universal gloom, serve as beacon-lights for humanity. And no clearer manifestation of this relief is given than in the devotion of the noble band of men and women who have, for the time being, consecrated their lives to the work jointly undertaken by the British Red Cross Society and the Order of St. John of Jerusalem. The more one sees and hears of these workers, the more is one able to appreciate the magnitude of the work,—especially as without blare of trumpets the organisation has gown to such dimensions that it is now fitted to cope with the colossal and utterly unexpected problems of this war. And whether one considers the supplementary aid that is being rendered to the military medical services on the various fronts of the war or the voluntary aid work in Great Britain, the extent to which such aid has made itself felt and the co-ordinated efficiency of the workers, bespeak an aim and purpose such as has perhaps, never before been shown in the history of nations.

It was, therefore, quite in the fitness of things that Sir John Hewett, who is personally responsible for the organisation of an important branch of Red Cross work, namely, the Indian Soldiers' Fund, and who has, moreover, an intimate knowledge of its other various branches should have narrated the story of the self-sacrificing devotion revealed in this work. Sir John Hewett especially dwelt on the activities of the Joint War Committee of the British Red Cross Society and the Order of St. John of Jerusalem outside of the British Isles. For it is here chiefly that the doctor, the nurse, the ambulance man and the stretcher bearer play their noble parts. Sir John described how the Joint Committee has been conducting operations not only in France and Belgium, but also in Italy, Russia, Serbia Montenegro, Egypt, Gallipoli, Salonika Sicily, Mesopotamia and East Africa. The work done in England itself, though it may not excite the imagination so much as that done nearer to the battlefields, is just as important and just as essential to the proper care of the wounded as is the work done abroad. In the first place much is done under the auspices of the Committee in the direct care of the wounded, the two societies being responsible for a great number of hospitals in Great Britain. Besides another matter involving great labour is the tracing of information regarding the wounded and missing. That the searchers engaged on this work number 1500, and that, in the course of eight months 33,000 inquiries were made and 30,400 lists of information gathered and conveyed to relative and friends, is enough to give an idea of the arduous and intricate character of the work. The needs of British prisoners of war again have not been neglected. Nor is the work of the Voluntary Aid and other Detachments of the two Societies the least important. These detachments are employed both at home and abroad. The Order of St. John, which possessed at the outbreak of war 384 male and female Voluntary Aid Detachments, with a membership of 12,638, has now 857 detachments with a strength of 25,612; similarily, the British Red Cross Society has now 2,600 Detachments, whose members number 80,000 instead of 2,300 with a personnel of 67,000. All these Detachments are serving with the naval and military authorities abroad, afloat and at home.

One of the most remarkable changes during the present war has been the improvement in the means of transporting the sick and wounded and not the least important works of the Joint War Committee both at home and abroad, but particularly abroad, is the provision and maintenance of motor ambulances. The distribution of garments and stores of all kinds is again one of the largest operations of the Joint Committee and it is not necessary to say how hundreds of ladies are engaged in the great stores in London and other towns of the Empire, whence in one single week many hundred tons of supplies of materials are being sent over to the various fields. Space will not admit, or one would not resist the temptation to go into the details of the great endeavours in various directions that are being made for the comfort of the fighting and the relief of the wounded soldiers. It is important to point to one outstanding feature of these endeavours, and it is that, although Great Britain had made provision in a medical sense, against any emergency, the overwhelming and utterly unforseen task involved in the necessity of meeting the needs of an Army that has so enormously exceeded in number the Expeditionary Force which England was originally expected to send to the Continent, has rendered the medical staff inadequate, so far as official preparations were concerned. This deficiency has been met by voluntary aid, for a situation like this requires the energy of the whole Empire. Sir John Hewett did not ask for money though, as he himself showed, the expenditure incurred by the Joint Committee in the first year of its existence was £1,640,000. But the work must go on, and the need will grow with the lengthening days. It is only by the will and the aid of the people who form this great Empire that it can go on. And surely no one can hold back any gift at such a time as this, when so many thousands have already given all.

Notes of the Day.

The Gokhale Society.

The lessons that may be drawn from the life and work of the late Mr. Gokhale are many. The foremost of these is the devotion of self-sacrificing efforts to the cause of the country. But no less great is the lesson that political life in the country is a trust of heavy responsibility to be undertaken after long and thorough preparation. Apart from the necessity for this preparation for political workers, the need of it is all the greater if political workers are to succeed in carrying out the propaganda of political education of the masses upon which the Congress has decided. The foundation of the Gokhale Society in Calcutta is, therefore, to be welcomed as much in being a tribute to the memory of a departed leader as fulfilling a long-felt need. This will be apparent from the objects which the Society has kept in view. These are to establish a well equipped library for the study of vital questions affecting Indian progress, to spread elementary education, to publish books and leaflets on public questions, to train young men, and to maintain qualified workers. That the work is to be commenced in earnest is further evidenced from the fact that Rs. 25,000 have already been promised, that Mr. Prithwis Chandra Roy has made the splendid gift of his library, worth Rs. 10,000, and that finally a strong Governing Body under the presidency of no less a person than Sir S. P. Sinha has been appointed.

The Pact of Konopisht.

The output of magazine literature is in these days so immense that it is hard for any particular article to excite general notice. But the public attention has been much caught by a startling contribution in the new "Nineteenth Century" by Mr. H. Wickham Steel called "The Pact of Konopisht: Kaiser and Archduke, 12th June, 1914." The author prints a communication from a correspondent "whose position and antecedents entitle his statements to careful examination." This sets out that the German Emperor visited the Archduke Francis Ferdinand at Konopisht, officially, to see the latter's rose-garden. It was three weeks before the tragedy of Sarajevo —the ostensible cause of the war. The Archduke was and had long been at loggerheads with the Austrian Empire and the Habsburg House, because of the constant slights put upon his wife, the Duchess of Hohenburg. He had been forced to renounce the claims of his son to succeed to the Throne and the influence of his wife did not assuage his bitter feelings.

The Implication of It.

At this meeting, according to the statement, a compact was entered into under which the Kaiser undertook as the result of wars with Russia and France (England always being reckoned on as neutral) that the map of Central Europe should be transformed. The Archduke, and after him his eldest son, would reign over Poland with Lithuania and the Ukraine; while the younger would have a realm including Bohemia, Hungary, most of the Southern Slav lands of Austria, together with Serbia, the Slav coast of the Eastern Adriatic, and Salonika. German Austria with Trieste would, under the Archduke Charles Francis (the inheritor of the Dual Crown after Francis Ferdinand, by virtue of the latter's act of renunciation on his morganatic marriage), be virtually part of the German Empire. Mr. Steed brings forward much circumstantial evidence in favour of this statement and leads the reader to believe that the Austrian Emperor,—or at least the members of the Hapsburg Family,—became cognisant of this pact before the Archduke's fatal visit to Sarajevo. At any rate, no precautions were taken to ensure his safety there, and the funeral rites of the Archduke and his wife were as little ceremonious as was possible.

The Late Mr. Harvey Jones.

The announcement of the death of Mr. W. Harvey Jones, the first manager of the Eastern Bank in Calcutta, comes with painful suddenness, says "The Statesman" to the many people who knew and esteemed him in business and in private life. Mr. Jones was ordered Home owing to a nervous breakdown early in the year, but in view of the Persia outrage it was deemed advisable that he should proceed to Australia first of all, and it was while he was "en voyage" to the southern dominion that he unexpectedly collapsed. Mr. Harvey Jones was under 45 years of age, but he had had an extensive banking experience. He came out to India to the Comptoir d'Escompte in the days when that institution was one of the leading foreign banks in this country, and after it had withdrawn from business in India he joined the Russo-Chinese Bank, subsequently the Russo-Asiatic Bank, of which he eventually became the manager in Calcutta. When the Eastern Bank, with its powerful London backing, was launched, the directors were in search of a young, energetic and experienced banker to open their Calcutta branch, and their choice fell upon Mr. Harvey Jones, a choice which events have more than justified.

Decrease of Drunkeness in England.

An interesting testimony to the change wrought by the war in the habits of British workmen was given in the Commons in mail week. Sir D. Essex asked the Minister of Munitions whether he had any information as to the result of restrictions of the Central Control Board (Liquor Traffic) upon prosecutions and convictions for drunkenness in different areas. Dr. Addison replying on behalf of the Minister of Munitions, stated that the average weekly convictions for the principal areas scheduled in England, comparing the four weeks ending December 19 with the four weeks preceding the order, fell approximately 50 per cent.,—showing an unusual decrease of drunkenness. The reductions were as follows:—

North-East Coast area	37 per cent.
Liverpool and Mersey area	46 per cent.
Midland area	63 per cent.
West Riding area	53 per cent.

The figures in Scotland, although less satisfactory, still showed a substantial reduction. Mr. Addison was unable to supply detailed figures showing the convictions for drunkenness with aggravated circumstances, but he added that he had information to prove that the more serious offences connected with, or caused by drunkenness, diminished in almost all areas even more rapidly than the more venial cases.

The War and the Bar.

The annual "call" night which was held on January 26, in the four Inns of Court must recall the fact that the war has naturally had a drastic effect upon the numbers of men applying for "call' to the Bar. As was stated at the recent annual general meeting of the Bar by Sir George Cave, the Solicitor-General, more than one thousand members of the English Bar are serving in his Majesty's forces. The number of law students serving has not been accurately ascertained, but is undoubtedly very large. This circumstance fundamentally affected the lists of those "called" on the night of January 26, in each of the four inns. Thus barely forty men presented themselves, and the majority of these were Indian subjects of the King. Two of the forty were Greeks from Cyprus, one rejoicing in the appropriate prenomen of Demosthenes.

Burns Anniversary In War.

Robert Burns is not forgotten even in the second year of the great war. Supplies of haggis went out to the Scots' regiments at the front, and there were many hurried Burns suppers in dug-outs under fire. There were a few on the night of Wednesday, January 26, in London. One was held in an old Fleet Street house and another at Holborn Restaurant, which has always been a Scots headquarters. The management there made an innovation this year in the form of a public Burns supper, with the further advantage of having no speeches. The Burns statue on the Embankment had its usual wreaths before the poet. Last year the wreaths had an inscription that seemed far away then and farther away to-day, but it is a Burns message worth recalling as an article of faith of humanity. It was the lines:—

> For a' that and a' that,
> It's comin' yet for a' that,
> When man to man the world o'er
> Shall brithers be an' a' that.

Indian Appeals Before the Privy Council.

There are 21 Indian appeals set down for hearing by the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council,—which resumed its sittings on the 18th instant,—precisely the number which appeared in the list of the Michaelmas sittings. Of these 3 are from Allahabad, 6 from Bengal, 4 from Madras, 3 from Lower Burma, 2 each from Bombay and Oudh and 1 from the Punjab. Among those from Bengal (the hearing of which is fixed for the 23rd February, with nautical assessors), is the appeal of the "Rivers Steam Navigation Co. (Limited) against a decision of the High Court in favor of the Hathor Steamship Company (Limited)." The action was by the present respondents who so far have successfully established that the stranding of their vessel in the Hoogly was caused by the negligent navigation of the appellants river steamer, which compelled them, in order to save a collision, to take a course that led to the disaster for which damages were claimed. One of the cases from Lower Burma would suggest t' at in that province the wisdom of the old adage about not taking private disputes beyond the domestic forum is sometimes forgotten by litigants. In the present case the management of a mosque gave rise to disagreement and there was strife among the worshippers. Unable to come to an amicable arrangement they had recourse to the civil court. Here matters assumed an entirely new aspect, for another community of Sunni Mohamedans intervened, alleging that the foundation of the mosque did not render it the exclusive property of the community which had hitherto regarded it as belonging to them alone. It was to settle this point that the present appeal was lodged. Of the appeals from Allahabad that of "Rajendra Chandra Mittra v. Manik Lal Ghatak" raises the question of the title to certain properties in connection with the validity of an adoption; another case, that of "Sri Krishen Lal v. Musammat Kashmiro and others", involves the question of an award in reference to a Hindu estate, and the third concerns the validity of an adoption.

(Continued from Column 6.)

virtue of being more under control generally pan out with less fault, especially those on the sketchy side,—by the way this is the case with all painters, great or small of any period,—I find very charming and dainty L. M. Taskar's 83 and 85, as is also Mrs. Sladen's No. 85 and Miss Barne's No. 98 Bertha Armstrong is good in 380, which amounts to a foreground study. No. 317 the incident and conditions justify the award, but the figures, so important in the composition, lack knowledge of anatomical construction and thus appear weak. Very charming and soothing is the picture suggesting solitude by Lady Scott No. 139. A more pleasant tone of background would have made No. 500 very good. Strong in tone, colour and modeling is No. 40. To this and No. 13 I would direct the attention of the author of 274, who is too violent in contrast and does not allow light and shade cast shadows or accidental reflections to break up things and thus introduce that most necessary quality chiaroscure—lost and found—it does not want to be all lost, and certainly never all found. The absence of this compel many other careful works to be passed over in the exhibition.

There are a few excellent pieces of clay work, for instance No. 860, R. K. Phadke, "Flute Player," "Her Daily Task," 866 by B. V. Talim and especially 878 by Master S. G. Mhatre, and "Mrs. Sarojini" by V. P. Karmarkar, worthy of more than a passing glance. As a likeness I should have liked the little bust of Mr. Kavasjee Jahanjir had his moustache been more skilfully treated. Mr. Waddington's pencil drawings are very dainty but border on the mechanical. The best in composition I think is No. 465.

First and second in the honours of needle works are 839 "Peacock Study," by Mrs. Ambabai Karnad and a similar theme 847 by Miss Manjulla. In Photography the "Taj Mahal by Moonlight" is beautiful, reminds one of an impressarios reply to the eulogies passed on a singer's rendering of a famous solo "my good friend, such a composition sings itself." In this sense the Exhibition speaks for itself, it is a credit to the organisers and the workers, in a climate so unconducive to energy and in a country whose only references are its own efforts.

BOMBAY ART EXHIBITION.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

(By our Art Critic.)

In the opening notice I promised later a critical survey. Like the artist and patron, the critic can only express so far as he understands. Judgment is the outcome of knowledge and experience. One and all must ever be alert to increase that power. A critical appreciation of the good that is there, is more necessary than ill-considered condemnation for the sake of being clever at other people's expense. Rather than find fault, I will attempt to suggest improvements. The works in question are after all comparatively good or bad and suffer much from juxtaposition and bad lighting.

If exhibitors were more confined to limited space and numbers their efforts might be hung on the lines of the French Salon, separated by spaces from their competitors. They would become more precious.

Two rival landscape painters once found themselves *à coté* at the Royal Academy. The delicate greys of the one were entirely discounted by the powerful strong tones of the other. The hanging was supposed to have been done intentionally by the strong man. On the varnishing day the weak exhibitor took up his palate and dashed in the most georgeous sunset possible, knocking his opponent by contrast into icy coldness. Purely-local conditions make the commonest phases of life beautiful and pictures live or die according to their surroundings.

Here is a battle with the arts of peace. Students, amateurs and professionals vie with each other, arranged under the auspicies of the Bombay Art Society, at the good old Town Hall of Bombay which is already adorned with masterpieces of the sculptor's art, ancient and modern. The Director of this laudable society with its able and sympathetic Honorary Secretary Professor Muller, will be the first to acknowledge the inadequacy of the lighting of the Hall. All the works cannot be seen under the same fair conditions. The show is well worthy of better accommodation at the hands of some public-spirited gentlemen of this flourishing city.

Thinking of doing and doing are wide facts, especially in an Indian climate. Much appreciation, therefore, is due for the amount of energy, little or great, displayed in this present exhibition. From this point of view I see a creditable show, auguring well for the future. Like other battles, the honours are medals, prizes, fame and increased incomes. The motto, is "live and let live."

It must be remembered in theory a small canvas requires all the essential qualities of a big one. The mind can show its appreciation of all that can be expressed. In practice, the larger the scale the more power and exertion is demanded; a dot expresses much in the tiny sketch where very much more thought and skill would have to be applied to fill a similar space on a large scale—that is a larger dot, will not do. So although the gems would appear to be the small oil and water sketches, magnitude of effort, pretentiousness and complexity must be considered. Mrs. O. V. Muller's flower paintings, exquisite as they are, would be a greater achievement had they been massed in light and shade. Likewise could the richness and directness of Lady Scott's drawing, No. 62, have been applied in the same manner to an animated scene such as we find in the bazaar, a Mahomedan tamasha, or peasants struggling to control unruly cattle with their loads on the mountain side, we should behold a great accomplishment.

So leaving the numerous gems of street scenes, landscapes full of light, colour and charm and of effects dear to the lovers of nature, I must turn to No. 508 "Kadambari", by A. M. Mall. It is a large canvas treated consistently throughout, well composed, with a good feeling for colour and graceful formations in the accessories. 544, "Master Shroff", by K. Siodia, shows much quality of paint in various tones of a white scheme, though a little photographic in conception.

Two large portraits of the late Sir P. Mehta are bold attempts at the impossible, wanting in drawing and in colour, especially in regard to hands and head, probably due to no aid from nature. It is refreshing to turn to No. 518, Mr. Tennyson Coles' clean and direct portrait. The same artist shows a masterly performance in his "Portrait Study" 444 a, a handsome blonde in rich robe. The particularly skillful handling of the costume answers probably for the richness of colour maintained. there is refinement and repose to dwell upon.

I don't like "Sikandia's Rag Tune Band" by Mrs. Stewart or "Lessons" 520, A. X. Trindade, or 586 by S. R. Haraipanahall for their coarseness of treatment and wanting in a sense of the pleasant side of humanity. But there is a vigor and bold attempt to go further than the average pretty little picture. Development on these lines may be expected to lead to something. The painters of the "Chief of Aundh," and J. A. Lalkaka the "late Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy," by M. F. Pithawalla, show a good deal of experience, especially, the latter. 531 "Memories" A. X. Trindade, is probably better in a proper light than it now appears and would be improved if the frame work of window was not so insistent. There is also on view a superb reproduction of Mr. Tennyson Coles' famous portrait of the late King Edward now hanging in Windsor Castle.

Though Mr. P. Bomanjee in 621 is over hard with his pre Raphaelite method, his canvas must not be too hastily dismissed, containing, as it does, much conscientious intention "Sacred Shrine," 616, by S. R. Sajif, is quite a nice arrangement. When Mr. Pestonjee can produce life size the vivacious effect of 637, as the American would say there would be "some" painting. Backbay, 700, is nice in quality of tone, tender and true. Also is No. 650 by Mrs. Kirkwood. Not without a good deal of merit is the quiet conceit of R. Mathuradas No. 647 good is, 169 and 247.

To refer to the small works, which by

(Continued in Column 5.)

THE WAR.

SUMMARY OF TELEGRAMS.

BATTLE FOR VERDUN.

DESPERATE STRUGGLE IN PROGRESS.

RUSSIANS CAPTURE KERMANSHAH.

COMPLETE EVACUATION OF ALBANIA.

It is estimated in Paris that the Crown Prince has concentrated half a million men in the renewed attempt to force the way to Verdun. The attack is based on Hindenburg's plan in Russia. Five days' attack has only resulted in a slight advance. The failure to pierce the line at any point is the best proof of failure.

The activity of artillery on both sides continues most intense on the whole front, especially east of the Meuse where fighting goes on with undiminished desperation.

Several German attacks with great effectives of unprecedented violence on Poivre Hill were unsuccessful.

The latest Paris report is that a desperate struggle is raging round Beaumont Fort which is the advanced element of the old defensive organisation of the Verdun fortress. The French are firmly established in their new positions.

Sir Douglas Haig reports that British aeroplanes successfully bombed an enemy aerodrome near Lille.

Russians have stormed the town of Isspin in the Caucasus and have taken Kermanshah in Persia. The pursuit of the Turks in the Erzerum and Khnyss regions continues.

13,000 Turks, 323 guns and vast supplies were captured at Erzerum.

The Serbians and Montenegrins have completely evacuated Albania although hampered by a storm of attacks by the enemy in which the latter lost heavily.

REV. R. J. CAMPBELL.

ORDAINED DEACON OF CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Feb. 25.

The eminent Nonconformist the Rev. R. J. Campbell was to-day at Birmingham ordained a Deacon of the Church of England.

DESPERATE STRUGGLE ROUND BEAUMONT FORT

FRENCH FIRMLY ESTABLISHED IN NEW POSITIONS.

VERDUN BATTLE.

FRENCH SOLIDLY ESTABLISHED

VIGOROUS ATTACKS AND COUNTER ATTACKS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Feb. 27.

A communiqué says:. North of Verdun unceasing bombardment continues east and west of the Meuse.

The French are replying to all attacks by vigorous counter-attacks. All fresh attacks by the Germans in the region of Champreuville and Poivre Hill where we are solidly established have been repulsed.

A desperate struggle is raging round Beaumont Fort which is an advanced element of the old defensive organisation of the Verdun fortress.

We again reached and passed beyond the position which the Germans captured this morning after several fruitless and most costly attacks and all attempts of the enemy to force us back failed.

Our heavy artillery bombarded the hangars and depots north-east of Saint Mihiel.

The Germans sent several heavy shells in the direction of Luneville and Nancy.

Today in the Verdun region Adjutant Navarre on a monoplane with a machine-gun, brought down two German aeroplanes. Two German aviators were killed and two captured. This is the fifth machine brought down by Adjutant Navarre. Nine French aeroplanes dropped 144 bombs on the Metz-Sablon station.

Another squadron bombed the establishments at Chambley, north-west of Pontamousson.

Mine fighting occurred in Artois.

A German attack on the salient we captured south of Ste. Marie Apy in Champagne was repulsed, the Germans losing 340 prisoners.

VIOLENT ATTACKS ON POIVRE HILL.

ALL PROVE UNSUCCESSFUL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Feb. 26.

A communiqué says north of Verdun a heavy snowfall occurred all day. The activity of artillery on both sides continued most intense on the whole front, especially east of the Meuse, where fighting went on with undiminished desperation.

Several German attacks with great effectives of unprecedented violence on Poivre Hill were unsuccessful. Another attack on Lavouche wood was also stopped. There was no infantry action west of the Meuse.

We attacked and captured an enemy salient south of Ste. Marie Apy in the Champagne, taking 300 prisoners. We effectively bombarded the enemy works in Argonne. There was an artillery duel at Fecht in the valley of the Vosges.

STUBBORN RESISTANCE BY THE FRENCH.

SEVERE FIGHTING STILL IN PROGRESS

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Feb. 26.

A communiqué says severe fighting continued North of Verdun, where the enemy is still directing its efforts against the front eastward of the Meuse. The latest information says we are holding out against repeated onslaughts by the enemy regardless of sacrifices.

In the region of Douaumont fighting is proceeding with particular fierceness. Our advance elements, held as an observation line from Ornes to Hennemont, have been brought nearer the foot of the Meuse hills without attack by the enemy.

Our artillery on both banks of the Meuse is replying unceasingly to the German bombardment.

DIMINISHING VIOLENCE OF CANNONADE.

FRENCH SECURELY ESTABLISHED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Feb. 25.

A Paris communiqué says north of Verdun the cannonade continued with less violence. The Germans made no attack in the course of the night.

We are established on an organised line of resistance behind Beaumont on the heights eastward of Champneuville to south of Ornes.

We carried out fresh bombardments of German positions in the Argonne. There was intermittent artillery activity from Malancourt to the left bank of the Meuse.

CROWN PRINCE'S GREAT EFFORT.

BASED ON HINDENBURG'S PLAN.

HALF A MILLION MEN CONCENTRATED.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Feb. 25.

It is estimated in Paris that the Crown Prince has concentrated half a million men in the renewed attempt to force the way to Verdun, which has been his aim ever since September 1914.

The attack is based on Hindenburg's plan in Russia. Two hundred thousand troops were assembled on a narrow front of seven miles, extending from Brabant-sur-Meuse to Herbe Bois. The attack began in earnest on the 20th and on that day and the next the French positions were furiously bombarded with heavy guns. The German infantry began to advance on Monday evening. They were mowed down by French machine guns, whole units being wiped out.

Five days' attack has only resulted in a slight advance. The failure to pierce the line at any point is the best proof of failure. and comparison in made with the Anglo-French advance at Loos and in Champagne, when the German line was broken on the first day and thousands of prisoners captured.

GERMANS' TWO MONTHS' PREPARATIONS.

ALL AVAILABLE HEAVY ARTILLERY BROUGHT UP.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Feb. 25.

The French daily review of war says the German offensive at Verdun is apparently not only a vast military enterprise but a great dynamic movement. Germans have been preparing for over two months and have brought up all their 42 centimetre howitzers and all available 30 centimetre guns and artillery which took part in the invasion of Serbia, besides the Kaiser's best troops, of whom seventeen divisions have already been identified.

It is stated that in order to prevent a repetition of the Crown Prince's previous blunders, the Kaiser has appointed the veteran Haeseler, ex-Commandant of Metz, and, therefore, well acquainted with the terrain, as the Crown Prince's adviser.

MAGNITUDE OF ENEMY DESIGNS.

SIGNIFICANT ORDER BY GERMAN GENERAL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Feb 25.

The great German attack north of Verdun for the last four days is at present ebbing, but the most eminent authorities do not minimise the magnitude of German designs. Consequently, most minute precautions are being taken.

A significant order by the German General Deimling is published which exhorts the famous 15th Corps "in the course of its last offensive against the French to display its usual courage and prowess." There are other indications that the Germans hoped for a speedy and decisive victory.

GERMANY'S SUPREME EFFORT.

MAXIMUM LOSSES IN RETURN FOR MINIMUM ADVANTAGE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Feb. 26.

The "Civil and Military Gazette's" London, correspondent cables:—

Opinions differ as to whether the Verdun fighting represents another feeler on an unusual scale or the predicted big offensive. An Exchange telegram from Amsterdam says that a statement is attributed to a German officer, that this is Germany's supreme effort to open the road to Paris. M. Hutin points out that it is the French task not to hold or retake every square metre, but to inflict maximum losses in return for minimum advantage. Achievements in this direction already constitute a brilliant success.

STUPENDOUS GERMAN LOSSES.

GREATER THAN IN ANY BATTLE IN WEST.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

PARIS, Feb. 25.

An eye-witness of the fighting north of Verdun describing the fury of German attacks said he saw a whole brigade advancing in massed columns on the 22nd, February. They were caught by the fire of French batteries and practically annihilated instantaneously. Nevertheless the Germans did not desist. They made eight successive attacks on Thursday near Haumont each of which was repulsed with enormous losses. Two regiments were decimated by three batteries of seventy-fives which were suddenly unmasked.

The survivors were panic-stricken and fled.

High French officers estimate the German losses as greater than in any Western battle hitherto.

NEW FRENCH POSITIONS.

ATTACKS OF UNPRECEDENTED VIOLENCE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, Feb. 27.

The Viceroy's war tedegram from the Secretary of State, dated the 26th February, says:—The Verdun battle continues. The French have taken up new positions six to seven miles north of Verdun on a line of heights stretching from the river Meuse eastward behind Beaumont and south of Orne. Snow fell heavily on the 25th February. There was activity of artillery of extreme intensity on both sides. Several German attacks conducted with unheard of violence, remained without success.

TURKS ROUTED IN PERSIA.

RUSSIANS STORM PASSES.

KERMANSHAH CAPTURED

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PETROGRAD, Feb. 25.

A communiqué says: After a series of battles in Persia the remnants of the enemy concentrated in the Kermanshah region where the Germans and Turks fortified two mountain passes.

The Russians stormed the Bidesurkh Pass which had been considered impregnable and occupied the Sakhne Pass, pursuing the Turks who are in full retreat to Kermanshah.

The Russians captured guns, machine guns and much ammunition.

PETROGRAD, Feb. 25.

A communiqué says:—

The Russians have taken Kermanshah.

LONDON, Feb. 26.

The Russians in Persia after dislodging the enemy from mountain positions in the Kermanshah region occupied the town of Sakhue taking four guns.

The Russians south of Teheran have entered the town of Kashan.

ENEMY AERODROME SUCCESSFULLY BOMBED.

BRITISH ARTILLERY ACTIVITY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Feb. 25.

Sir Douglas Haig reports that our aeroplanes successfully bombed an enemy aerodrome near Lille. All our machines returned safely.

The British artillery was active against enemy trenches about the Ypres-Commines Canal and East of Boesighe.

BRITISH EXPLODE A MINE.

SATISFACTORY RESULTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Feb. 26.

A British communiqué says: Last night we sprang three mines near Loos with satisfactory results.

An enemy air raid on our trenches south-east of Maricourt, was repulsed.

There has been mutual artillery activity about Ypres.

ITALIAN OPERATIONS.

HAMPERED BY SNOWSTORMS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

ROME, Feb. 25.

A communiqué says operations on the whole front are hampered by snowstorms.

CARDINAL MERCIER

RETURNS TO BELGIUM.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

ROME, Feb. 25.

Cardinal Mercier has left for Belgium. He was given an enthusiastic farewell.

CAMPAIGN IN CAUCASUS.

ISSPIN STORMED.

PURSUIT OF TURKS CONTINUES

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PETROGRAD, Feb. 25.

A communiqué says the troops in Caucasus stormed the town of Isspin and continue to pursue the Turks in the Erzerum and Khnyss regions.

There was violent cannonading in the Riga and Dvinsk sectors.

Destroyers in the Black Sea sank four sailing ships and destroyed railway bridges on the Anatolian coast.

13,000 PRISONERS AT ERZERUM.

PURSUIT OF DEMORALISED TURKS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PETROGRAD, Feb. 27.

A communiqué says:—Thirteen thousand Turks, 323 guns and vast supplies were captured at Erzerum.

The pursuit of the demoralised Turks continues.

Their rearguards have been thrown back 50 miles west of Erzerum on the road to Trebizond.

TURKS' STAND IN MOUNTAINS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Feb. 26.

It is believed in Petrograd that the Turks have taken a stand in the mountains sixty miles west of Erzerum.

FALL OF ERZERUM

GERMAN MILITARY CRITIC ON ITS SIGNIFICANCE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 26.

The "Pioneer's" London correspondent cables:—

Major Morahat, the German military writer, admits that Erzerum is strategically important as the sole fortified camp in the gigantic region of northern Asia Minor. He complains of the Turkish silence. Germany, who united Turkey, has a right to know the truth. The immediate political consequence of the Russian victory would be the complete insurrection of Turpish Armenia, although it is hardly supposed that the first defeat of the Turks would produce these bad results in the theatre of war between the Caucasus and the Gulf.

ENEMY'S POSITION IN GALICIA

RETREAT EXPECTED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 27.

A "Pioneer" cable says:—

The "Morning Post's" Copenhagen correspondent says that German correspondents in Galicia are apparently preparing the public for a retreat. They explain that the weather prevents operations and the maintenance of the lines of communication. The situation is expected to become worse when the snow melts.

AUSTRIANS' BELATED ATTACK ON DURAZZO

TOWN EVACUATED BY ITALIANS AND ALBANIANS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

ROME, Feb. 26.

The Austrians began an attack on Durazzo after the Italians and Albanians had successfully evacuated the town.

TRANSPORT DIFFICULTIES IN ALBANIA

AUSTRIANS CONSTANTLY HARASSED BY ALBANIAN BANDS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Feb. 26.

The "C. and M. Gazette" special cables run as follows:—

London, February 25:—Essad Pasha has arrived at Brindisi. Reuter's Zurich correspondent says Austrians in Albania are unable to transport artillery owing to the absence of roads. Rebuilding of destroyed bridges is most difficult owing to swollen streams. Albanian bands constantly attack the troops.

ALBANIA EVACUATED.

A STORM OF ENEMY ATTACKS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

ROME, Feb. 26.

The Serbians and Montenegrins have completely evacuated Albania although hampered by a storm of attacks by the enemy in which the latter lost heavily.

COMMERCE DESTROYER

A VESSEL OF 2,500 TONS.

COUNT DONAH IN COMMAND.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Feb. 25.

Reuter telegraphs from Teneriffe that the Moewe's latest prizes were sunk between the South American coast and Fernando Noronha between the 16th January and the 9th February.

The Moewe took the collier Corbridge to the mouth of the Amazon, replenished her bunkers and then sunk the collier.

On the Moewe's approach the Flamenco began sending distress signals whereon the Moewe opened fire and sank her.

One of Flamenco's crew was drowned and two were wounded.

The Captains interviewed by Reuter, state that the net tonnage of the raider is 2,500. She is armed with six 7-inch guns two torpedo tubes. She carried numbers of mines. The Germans say that she can travel at 17 knots and carries a crew of 230 under Count Donah.

Seven Germans with hand grenades controlled the Westburn which had 5,000 tons of coal on board.

It is reported that a British cruiser which was lying at Santa Cruz when the Westburn arrived, went out in order to capture her when she left. The Westburn previously passed British and French warships.

MYSTERY OF THE WESTBURN.

CAPTURED SIX DAYS FROM PERNAMBUCO.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Feb 25.

A telegram from Madrid says that the Westburn was captured six days from Pernambuco.

ESCAPED GERMAN SHIP'S RETURN.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Feb. 26.

The "C. and M. Gazette," London correspondent cables:—

A "Central News" telegram from Lisbon says the German ship which escaped from Funchal has returned owing, it is believed, to lack of coal.

ESCAPE OF GERMAN SHIP FROM MADEIRA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Feb. 25.

The German ship Hochenfeldt, (? Hochfeld) escaped from Madeira on Tuesday night.

EIGHT GERMAN SHIPS CAPTURED

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Feb. 26.

Portugal has seized eight German ships at Cape Verde.

The German steamer which escaped from Funchal has returned, stating that it had broken cables.

PRESIDENT WILSON AND HUN PIRATES.

CANNOT CONSENT TO ABRIDGEMENT OF AMERICAN RIGHTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.

President Wilson in a letter to Senator Stone confirms his absolute opposition to the German submarine policy. He affirms that he cannot consent to an abridgement of the rights of Americans in any respect and says he shall preserve peace at any cost except loss of honour.

ARMING OF MERCHANTMEN

ITALY'S REPLY TO U. S.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.

Italy has replied to Mr. Lansing's suggestion that belligerents should disarm merchantmen. She merely points out that Italian merchantmen clearing American ports, give a pledge not to use their armament except for defence.

ATTESTED MARRIED MEN TO BE CALLED UP.

HOME VOLUNTEER TRAINING CORPS RECOGNISED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Feb. 25.

It is reported that all attested married men will be called up by July 8th.

Government has decided conditionally to recognise the volunteer training corps which have been organised throughout the country for home defence. The liability of those eligible for army service is not affected.

QUESTION NOT YET CONSIDERED.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Feb. 26.

The War Office announces that the date for calling up married men, has not yet been considered.

FLOODS IN HOLLAND.

AMSTERDAM IN DANGER.

PROTECTING DYKES MAY YIELD AT ANY MOMENT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
LAHORE, Feb. 26.

The "C. and M. Gazette," London correspondent cables:—

"The Times" Amsterdam correspondent says the dykes protecting Amsterdam may yie'd any moment.

DISTRESS AUGMENTED BY HEAVY SNOWFALL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
AMSTERDAM, Feb. 25.

The heavy snowfall is augmenting distress due to the floods. More houses at Buiksloot have been swept away and only ten remain.

KAISER AT WELHELMSHAVEN

INSPECTS WARSHIPS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
COPENHAGEN, Feb. 26.

The Kaiser arrived at Wilhelmshaven on Wednesday morning and inspected various warships. He conferred with the Chief of the North Sea Staff and left the same evening.

LORD CHELMSFORD ENTERTAINED.

BRILLIANT GATHERING AT SECRETARY OF STATE DINNER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 24.

Mr. Austen Chamberlain, this evening, entertained Lord Chelmsford to dinner at Claridge's. There were present Mr. Asquith, Cabinet Ministers, Vice-President and members of the Council of India, representatives of the India Office, High Commissioners of Dominions, the Raja of Rutlam, the Aga Khan, Lord Inchcape, Lord Stamfordham, Sir Hugh Barnes, Sir John Nixon, Sir Ameer Ali, Sir Krishna Gupta, Sir Ali Imam, Raj Kumar Sirdar Singh of Shapura and Mr. Charles Roberts, M.P.

JABEZ BALFOUR.

FOUND DEAD IN NEWPORT EXPRESS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 25.

At the inquest on Jabez Balfour, who was found dead in an express at Newport, on Wednesday, his son stated that the deceased went to Bsta last August in expectation of taking up a mining appointment at Nantu, on the Chinese frontier, but the manager thought that he could not stand the climate, so he returned to England before Christmas.

A verdict of death from natural causes was returned.

FALLEN OFFICERS OF 5TH AND 6TH GURKHAS

MEMORIAL SERVICE AT KENSINGTON

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 25.

A service was held in St. Mary Abbot Church, Kensington, to-day, in memory of the British officers of the 5th and 6th Gurkhas who have fallen in the war. There was a large congregation including a number of officers and ex-officers of the Indian Army, some wounded.

PEACE FADDISTS IN PARLIAMENT.

ABSOLUTELY UNSUPPORTED BY ANY BODY OF OPINION.

LONDON, Feb. 24.

The newspapers pay an unanimous tribute to the patience of the House of Commons in listening to the negligible group of peace faddists, who, as the "Daily News" points out, are absolutely unsupported by any body of opinion in the country, but the papers welcome the debate because it gave Mr. Asquith opportunity of reiterating the country's determination, showing the enemy and the world the worthlessness of the tiny clique of political eccentrics.

THIRTY-SIX SHIPS SEIZED IN THE TAGU

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 25.

The Austrian and German ships seized in the Tagus number 36.

LADY HARDINGE MEDICAL COLLEGE.

GENEROUS RESPONSE TO VICEROY'S APPEAL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
DELHI, Feb. 26.

In response to the appeal made by his Excellency the Viceroy for further funds for the Lady Hardinge Medical College and Hospital at the opening ceremony on Thursday the 17th instant, the following generous donations have already been received. His Highness the Maharaja of Gwalior half a lakh. Her Highness the Begum of Bhopal Rs. 20,000, his Highness the Maharaja of Bikaner, Rs. 12,000.

INDIAN WAR WORKERS

EXHIBIT OF PORTRAIT SLIDES.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Feb. 26.

With the cordial approbation of Lords Cromer, Gladstone, George Hamilton, Ampthill, Reay, Beresford, Meath, Lamington and many other prominent people the British Patriotic Productions Company has arranged for a widespread exhibit at variety theatres, cinemas and other public places in the United Kingdom, France and America and at patriotic lectures, of the portrait slides of the Indian princes and leaders helping the cause of the war.

Lord George Hamilton writes that the movement will help to consolidate the union of Britain and India.

SILVER MARKET.

UPWARD TREND OF THE WEEK.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 25.

Messrs. Montagu's silver report says throughout the week the trend of silver market was upward, mainly on account of the re-entry of the home mint as a purchaser. Supplies from America were unusually small, but profit-taking on the part of recent purchasers at lower prices broadened the market.

During the last few days the stock in London has been rather more than seven million fine ounces. Operations on eastern account continue slight. China seems more likely to sell than buy, should the rates advance.

NORTH LOUTH BY-ELECTION

NATIONALIST RETURNED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 25.

At the North Louth by-election, owing to the death of Roche, Mr. Whitty, Nationalist, polled 2,299 votes and Mr. Hamil, Indepent Nationalist 1,810.

ECONOMY CAMPAIGN.

RETRENCHMENT IN PUBLIC SERVICES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 26.

The Committee on Retrenchment in Public Services, recommends a detailed review of the Civil Service, the reorganisation of the circuit and County Court systems, the simplification of the insurance Act and various alterations in the Postal and Telegraph Services.

It also recommends a temporary suspension of Old Age pensions where the recipients are receiving increased wages.

It says that members of Parliament serving with the forces, should not receive both their salaries and Army pay.

AIR RAID CASUALTIES.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Feb. 26.

An official statement says that the final casualties in the air raid on the 31st January, were 184 men, women and children killed and injured. Altogether 393 bombs were dropped.

AERIAL SQUADRON OFFERED BY AUSTRALIA.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Feb. 26.

The War Office has accepted the Commonwealth offer of an aerial squadron of 28 officers and 186 men.

YUAN-SHI-KAI'S ENTHRONEMENT POSTPONED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PEKING, Feb. 27.

The enthronement of Yuan-shi-Kai has been postponed owing to the revolt of the Yunnanese.

WILSON LINER SUNK.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 26.

The Wilson liner Dido has been sunk. Part of the crew was saved.

INCREASE IN PRICE OF SUGAR.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 27.

The Sugar Commission announces an increase of two shillings per hundredweight in the price of sugar.

BLIZZARD IN ENGLAND.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 25.

A blizzard is raging in England.

GERMAN BANK FAILURES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
ALLAHABAD, Feb. 27.

A "Pioneer" special cable says:—

The early failure of the Rheinish, Munich and Dresden Banks with losses totalling 180 millions was recently predicted. The "Lausanne Gazette" now states that the Rheinishe Bank at Essen, and the Mittel Rheinische Bank at Coblenz, are in liquida-

GOVERNMENT LAW SCHOOL.

ANNUAL SOCIAL GATHERING AND DINNER.

MR. INVERARITY'S ADDRESS.

The Annual Social Gathering and Dinner of the Government Law School was held last Saturday evening at the Taj Mahal Hotel. The gaily decorated Moorish room of the Hotel was reserved for the evening gathering. Amongst the distinguished visitors of the evening were to be seen Mr. J. D. Inverarity, the Rev. Dr. Mackichan, Mr. Strangman, Mr. Mirza, Mr. D. F. Mulla, Mr. Jinnah, Mr. R. D. N. Wadia, Mr. F. R. Wadia, Prof. Ramdatt Desai, Prof. Nadkarni, Prof. B. J. Wadia and several others. Owing to the unavoidable absence on account of ill-health of the Hon. Mr. Justice Beaman who had consented to preside on the occasion, the Principal of the Law School, Mr. Mirza Ali Akbar Khan, was requested to take the chair. The first function of the evening was the presentation of the Inverarity Gold Medal to the most successful candidate of the Law School in the Second L.L.B., Examination of the past year. The President in a few words requested Mr. Inverarity to deliver his address. Amidst loud applause and cheering Mr. Inverarity delivered his address. He said:

It is always a pleasure to me to meet the law students if it is only to assure you that I with many others who are here this evening, take an interest in your welfare and desire that you should in the future uphold the traditions of the legal profession in Western India which are to assist in the administration of justice in a fair and honourable manner. Having said that I should like to sit down but I am expected to deliver an address and give you some good advice. That is a formidable prospect, the more especially as I don't pretend to be a "subjantawalla" which I understand, means a person who knows everything and who is under the fixed impression that he has been brought into this world with the sole object of teaching other people their business. If some of the remarks that I am going to make to you sound in that direction you should remember that I only break out in this manner once a year. I propose to divide my address to you this evening into three heads. First, I will tell you what I know and you don't know; second, I will tell you what you know and I don't know; and lastly, I will speak about what none of us know. In doing so I am imitating a Scottish divine who adopted that course when addressing his congregation. The reverend gentleman wanted a new pair of trousers, so he said what you know and I don't know is that I have got no breeches on. What you know and I don't know is how much each of you are going to contribute towards buying me a new pair and lastly what none of us know is how much the thief of a tailor is going to charge for making them.

RUN STRAIGHT.

I know that you students are of that age when your character and ideas of right and wrong depend to a large extent on the pattern that is set and the example given by those with whom you associate. If you choose your friends and acquaintances from those who lead clean and wholesale lives and despise mean and dishonourable actions you will find that the old Latin maxim *noscitur a sociis*, which means that a man's character is known from the companionship he keeps, is true. The first essential in my opinion to a successful career in any profession or business is to run straight so that those with whom you have to deal can never have the slightest doubt that they can trust you. The next thing is to have a thorough knowledge of the work you have to do which has to be acquired not merely from book learning but from experience. If you live to the age of Methusaleh you will find that you are always learning something you did not know before. When I began life at the bar I know that I picked up a good deal by asking for information from my seniors about matters they were acquainted with and I always found that they were ready to assist me and at the present time I frequently get valuable information from my juniors. I first found out the advantage of sucking the brains of others from an anecdote which I heard when I was a boy which I will now tell you. There was an old lady in Aberdeen who had for a long time suspected that turnips were not easy of digestion. In fact she fancied they did not agree with her. So when a celebrated physician came down from London to pay a visit in Aberdeen she determined to tackle him on the subject. She elicited the desired information by this simple and direct question. She said "I say, Doctor, are boiled turnips good for the bowels?" We all know that children want to know the why and wherefore of everything and put most inconvenient questions to their parents. You are children in the Law and should not hesitate to enquire from those who have the knowledge whenever you are at a loss as to the solution of any question which you are unable to answer. My own daughter when a child having been taught according to our creed that God was present everywhere, asked her mother if He was among the tiles and on being told that that was so she observed "Well He never peeps out."

ASSISTING THE GOVERNMENT.

A lawyer besides a knowledge of law requires to know a great many other things, Sir Walter Scott in his novel Guy Mannering puts into the mouth of one of his characters, Counsellor Pleydill, the words: "A lawyer without history or literature is a mechanic, a mere working mason. If he possesses some knowledge of these he may venture to call himself an architect." I now come to what you know and I do not know. You know whether you are taking the fullest advantage of the opportunities that the Law school affords you and whether you intend when you have passed your examinations to put your shoulders to the wheel and become useful members of your profession or whether you intend to become rotters distinguished only by having the letters B.A., LL.B., after your names. Some of you no doubt will have a desire to take part in public life either in your own towns and districts or perhaps in wider fields and if your tastes lie that way there is no reason why you should not, if you remember that your duty is to assist the Government of this country in maintaining order. I was reading a book the other day which gave me an idea of how large the Indian Empire is. It said that Bengal is as large as France, Madras exceeds Great Britain and Ireland, Bombay equals Germany, the N. W. Province and Oudh covers as much space as Great Britain, Belgium and Holland, the Punjab is about the size of Italy, Burmah nearly equals France. The Native States have an area equal to the United Kingdom, Germany and France. As we all know this great country is inhabited by a variety of races who believe in different religions and have their own customs to which they are passionately attached. They speak such a number of different languages that I have never been able to learn any of them. I say that a man must have considerable conceit who thinks that he knows better than the Government as to how that vast Empire should be ruled. There are some people whose idea of reform is typefied in the old picture in "Punch" where a small boy with his hands full of stones is shouting out "To the Palace. Down with every thing." When a policeman catches hold of him by the ear he whines out, "Please, Sir, it wasn't me. I am all for the Queen and Constitution." A staunch conservative is reported to have said that it is easier for a cow to ascend the highest palm tree, tail foremost, set on her hunkers, amidst the topmost branches and whistle God save the King, than it is for a reformer to enter the kingdom of heaven. So I should advise you to be loyal subjects of the Crown and if you ever feel compelled to criticize the actions of the authorities, do so with the belief that although in your humble opinion they are adjective fools they mean well. There is a great deal two much talking in this world. I am a melancholy example of it myself this evening. When you find yourselves on your hind legs with nothing to say I advise you to say it at once and go home. If you have anything to say simple language is more acceptable to an audience than long winded atterances which nobody can make head or tail of. Above all don't got your ideas confused or you may be as ridiculous as a preacher who praying for Queen Victoria supplicated that she might be made a new man and also a pure virgin bringing forth sons and daughters innumerable to thy greater glory. I don't remember the rest of the prayer but it ended by praying that she might be led forth before her people like a he-goat on the mountains.

EFFECT OF WAR.

Then there are things that none of us know which brings me near the end of my address to you. None of us know what the future has in store for us. Who knows what position you students will eventually attain to. Some of you will no doubt become subordinate Judges and magistrates; others may ascend the Bench of the High Court and become the admiration of all beholders. Most of you will probably remain in the ranks as barristers, advocates, solicitors or pleaders, doing your duty in that state of life to which it has pleased God to call you. Twenty years hence I should like you students to look back upon this evening and be able to say that during that time you have not done many things that you are ashamed of. If one spirit is permitted to return to this world none of us know whether though invisible I may not be present at some future gathering listening to one of you students occupying the place I now occupy, delivering an address to the students of that future-period. When speaking of things that none of us know one's thoughts naturally turn to the war that is being conducted on a scale unprecedented in history. None of us know what the effect of the war will be on the nations engaged in it. We see British subjects coming from every quarter of the globe eager to take their place in the battle line. Over a thousand members of the Bar in England, have joined the army. Some members of the Bombay Bar have also left their business to do his Majesty's uniform. A very large number of solicitors and solicitor's clerks have done the same. Every profession, every trade and industry has contributed its quota to the ranks. An article in the October number of the "Edinburgh Review" gives a graphic account of the assistance sent to our navy and army in men, money and materials from the smallest British possession. India has well done her part. Indian troops have fought and are fighting side by side with the British and their allies. The same grass is growing on the graves of those whose gallant souls have gone to heaven. The Native Princess of India have come forward to the aid of the mother country not only with money and materials but in many cases with personal service. These are facts which none or you can ever forget. Shakespeare tells us that at the battle of Agincourt fought 500 years ago Henry V in addressing his troops said "He today who sheds his blood with me shall be my brother" I was wrong in one respect when I said that none of us knew what result the war would have, for we can tell that the ties that bind us together will be drawn so close that nothing can loosen them.

The address being over the Prsident desired Mr. Inverarity to present the Gold Medal to Mr. V. K. Abhyankar. Mr. Inverarity offered Mr. Abhyankar his good wishes for brighter successes in the future and presented the medal to him. Some Hindu students and others who were not to join in the dinner, partook of the refreshments specially provided for them.

At 8.30 p.m. a large number sat down to the sumptuous dinner provided for them by the able and courteous manager of the Taj Mahal Hotel, Mr. Stangler. After the usual loyalty toast had been proposed by the President, the toasts of Mr. Inverarity, the guests, the Law School and the President were proposed and responded to.

Official and Personal.

His Excellency the Governor and Sir John Hewett visited the Lady Hardinge War Hospital on Saurday morning.

After attending Parade Service at the Afghan Memorial Church, their Excellencies and Sir John Hewett visited the Colaba Station Hospital yesterday morning.

Sir Hugh and Lady Daly are guests at Government House; Sir George Ross-Keppel and his Private Secretary arrive on Tuesday morning on a visit.

H. H. The Nawab of Sachin has arrived in Bombay and is staying in a bangalow at Mahaluxmi.

Sir T. Wynne returned to Rangoon on Friday after a lengthy visit to the properties of the Burma Mines, Ltd. His visit, he states proved very satisfactory. He leaves for Calcutta on Tuesday.

Sir James Meston opened the new State Hospital at Rampur on Saturday. His Highness the Nawab of Rampur gave a dinner party the same night in honour of the Lieutenant-Governor and Lady Meston.

MR. GANDHI AT HYDERABAD (SIND).

HOW SELF-GOVERNMENT WOULD COME

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
HYDERABAD (SIND), Feb. 26.

Mr. Gandhi, who arrived here to-day, had a grand reception. A huge procession led him through the city. An address was presented by the citizens the Hon. Mr. Bhurgri presiding. The Hon. Mr. Ghulam-hussain made a speech to which Mr. Gandhi replied in Hindustani and said he could now speak on politics, as the vow of silence imposed by Mr. Gokhale was over. Self-government was the topic everywhere and the scheme was being discussed, but Swaraj could not be had mechanically. They could have as much of it as they fitted themselves for. They must adopt Swadeshi; Swaraj and Swadeshi must go together; secondly, they must not fear men, but God and thirdly, to be in touch with masses, they should use their mother tongue, and should treat the depressed classes well.

GERMRNY FORGING BRITISH PAPER MONEY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
CALCUTTA, Feb. 27.

A "Statesman" cable says:—

The "Times" correspondent at Rotterdam reports that a considerable amount of English paper money is circulating in Germany where a one pound note fetches 25.40 Marks against 20 Marks in normal times.

The writer of the "Times" City article while remarking on the great improbability that English notes are now passing legitimately into Germany, expresses his strongest suspicion that Germany is adding to her other crimes by forging British paper, thus following the example of Frederick the Great who flooded Poland with forged Polish money thereby increasing Prussia's resources while injuring the enemy's financial position.

RUBBER FOR GERMANY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
ALLAHABAD, Feb. 27.

A "Pioneer" cable says:—

It is stated that 1,265 parcels of raw rubber bound for Germany, were recently extracted from the letter mails of one steamer and 1,390 smaller parcels from another steamer.

(Continued from Column 6.)

see where we are to find a solution of the problem. We have many of us urgent Government contracts on hand and without dyes it will be difficult, if not impossible to satisfactorily comply with these. His concluded the subject by saying, "I confess, gentlemen, that the prospect is to me a very gloomy one and I cannot acquit the Government of all the blame for the situation. It has lost the opportunity of taking effective action and any belated efforts, which may be now made, cannot be regarded as being even palliative."

MUNICIPALITIES BILL.

Discussing the new Municipalities Bill Mr. Watson said, the main purpose of the Bill is to withdraw practically all the Government control in matters of detail and to leave the boards that will consist entirely of non-official members, to manage their own affairs with virtually no outside control. The only control actually retained by the local Government is the power to supersede a board for bad administration. I agree that the boards should be given the utmost liberty of action provided that adequate provision is made in the Bill to enable them to carry out their duties effectively and in a businesslike manner, and I would personally be prepared to accept the bill with whatever defects or shortcomings it may contain if this desideratum were assured. I cannot, however, pretend that the bill as it has left the hands of the Select Committee fulfils this end. I think it will be agreed that the amending process has not improved the bill. Dealing with the appointment of an executive officer Mr. Watson said that the Municipalities Bill as it stands, however, makes it impossible for an executive officer to be compared to the manager of a company with whom his position could be compared. The control of the municipal staff, which is left to him, is so absurdly restricted and the right of appeal against his orders is so wide that it seems hopeless to expect that he can either maintain his authority or ensure compliance with the Boards orders.

In conclusion Mr. Watson referred to the eminently practical steps that had been taken by the Government of the United Provinces to stimulate the existing industries and to foster new ones. It was gratifying to read the complimentary remarks which were made a few days ago by the President of the Bengal National Chamber of Commerce in which the action of the United Provinces was held up to others as worthy of emulation. Mr. Watson concluded by detailing the various activities of the Department of Industries of the United Provinces and paid a tribute to the work of Mr. A. H. Silver, Director of Industries, United Provinces.

INDIAN TRADE AND WAR

EXPORT AND IMPORT DUTIES SUGGESTED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
CAWNPORE, Feb. 26.

The annual general meeting of the Upper India Chamber of Commerce was held this afternoon, the Hon. Mr. L. P. Watson being in the chair. In the course of an interesting and lengthy address Mr. Watson dealing with the war said:—India's loyalty and devotion to Great Britain in this the greatest of her struggles against tyranny, has been a revelation to Britain's enemies and the world. Yet while we accord the full mead of honor, of pride and of gratitude to those who proved themselves not only true sons of India, but true sons of the Empire as well, I am inclined to think that it is sometimes forgotten here in India, how much the might of Great Britain and the British spirit throughout the Empire, has done for India herself. It takes a fine spirit of imagination to clearly visualise what the might of Great Britain's Navy has done for India, that silent grim power watching now for 18 months the waters of the porth. This, save for certain murderous attacks, kept open the waterways of the world for India. No citizen of this land walks in fear of a ruined home, of a ravaged country, personal outrage or of cruel death to himself. And this being so, it seems to me that we may all, whether we be European or Indian, ask ourselves this pertinent question, namely, whether India as a whole is doing all she might do to ease the financial strain thrown upon the Empire by the war. It seems to me that in certain directions there is a disposition to view the issue I have raised with a want, not of personal, but of political sagacity, I might say, perhaps political generosity. Indians innumerable, high and low, have distinguished themselves by the liberality of their gifts in the cause of freedom as well as by the blood they have shed in common with their British comrades in arms and the Allies of the Empire in this awful struggle. The support accorded by all classes to provincial special funds may well thrill us with pride, but these sacrifices appear to me, and I earnestly beg of you to believe that I am at a loss for words to adequately express the splendid abnegation, the heroism, the pathos, the tragedy and the patriotism which have verified them, they appear to me I say, to be the tribute of particular units of humanity in response to a great ideal. They are, if I may say so, personal, individual and detailed rather than a collective, co-ordinated, and articulate expression of India as a political and imperial whole. I say without hesitation that in this matter India as India should do more than she has done. There are only two ways now what I would wish to see done, can be accomplished. These ways are: (1) A wise and reasonable enhancement of taxation and (2) the placing of the money resources of the people at the disposal of Government in the form of loans. With regard to taxation, I would suggest the imposition of an import duty of five per cent. over and above any existing import duty and, in this connection, I would urge that the privilege now enjoyed by the army of obtaining imports free of duty, should be withdrawn on all articles of a similar quality and description made in India. Next comes the question of export duties for revenue purposes. Certain commodities and raw materials such as jute, rice, oil, seeds, hides etc., might, I am convinced, be associated with an export duty which would very materially increase our Indian revenue. There have been rumours that among the surprises of the Indian Budget for the coming year an increase in the income-tax is contemplated. I take this opportunity to protest uncompromisingly in the interests of trade and commerce against any increase in this vexatious source of revenue."

A WAR LOAN IN INDIA.

Mr. Watson then discussed the question of future trade relations after the war between the British Empire and the enemy nations and said that it may be taken for granted that those relations will never be the same after the war. On the subject of loans, Mr. Watson said the expenses that fell on the Government and the people of Great Britain were so heavy that in all probability it would be impossible for years to come to raise loans for India in London. Yet money for the development of India in many directions would certainly be required. There was much money in India and that wealth was in the hands of millions of small holders. The problem was to induce these small holders to lend their money to the State. The suggestion made by Mr. Watson was that the Government should issue a war loan either with or without interest on the premium bond principle. Mr. Watson Mr Watson answered the arguments that were levelled against such a proposal and said that he would be a bold man who would say that France's financial methods had demoralised her sons.

THE DYE DIFFICULTY.

Dealing with the question of difficulty experienced in obtaning dyes and dye stuffs Mr. Watson said in spite of the demand by textile factories for dyes. in spite of the powers taken by the Government of India to obtain possession of articles of commerce unreasonably with-held from the market, months passed before any steps were taken. In connection with stocks of dyes the enemy firms in liquidation under Government control sold their stocks to the utmost advantage to themselves. Dyes which had in the natural course of trade passed to sub-agents and small dealers in the lesser towns and villages were called in and were actually permitted to be exported from India. The consumers in the market who were anxious to purchase were refused dyes and the prices soared higher and higher five, ten, twenty and fortyfold. The Chamber voiced the general dissatisfaction and pointed out the seriousness of the situation but without avail. Even now when a cargo of dye stuffs on an enemy vessel at Madras is available, we of these provinces are denied any share of it and it is difficult to

(Continued in Column 5.)

VICEROY AT JODHPUR.

MAHARAJAH INVESTED.

GOVERNMENT POLICY TOWARDS INDIAN RULERS.

"SYMPATHY AND TRUST."

STEADY PROGRESS OF THE STATE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

JODHPUR, Feb. 26.

H. E. the Viceroy in investing H. H. the Maharaja of Jodhpur with ruling powers at a Darbar in Jodhpur said:—

"Your Highness, Ladies and Gentlemen.—When my friend Maharaja Sir Pratab Singh invited me to perform the ceremony of investing the Maharaja of Jodhpur with ruling powers, I acceded to his request with the greatest pleasure, not only because it enabled me to confer on the head of the great Rathor clan the compliment, not hitherto enjoyed, of personal investiture by the Viceroy, but also because it gave me an opportunity of evincing once more my deep personal interest in the Jodhpur State and in the young prince who will to-day assume the full responsibility of his great position. This is the first and only occasion on which I have personally performed a ceremony of this kind and it will also be my last official visit to a Native State in India. I may, therefore, be permitted before proceeding to the business of the day to say just a few words on the policy of the Government of India towards the ruling princes and of the part played by the latter in the Imperial scheme. Our policy towards them, at least during recent years, has been one of sympathy and trust, of sympathy with their aims and sentiments and their noble traditions, of trust in their fervent loyalty to the person of the King-Emperor and to the power whose protection they enjoy. We have recognised that, if a State is to be ruled justly and well and to be the source of real help to the British Empire, it is only through the ruler himself supported by his Sardars and people that these results can be obtained. Irksome restrictions on the exercise of sovereign powers are apt to chafe and irritate a proud and sensitive spirit with results disastrous not only to the ruler and his people, but also to the Empire at large. We have, therefore, made it our aim to cultivate close and friendly relations with the ruling princes, to show, by every means, that we trust them and look on them as helpers and colleagues in the great task of Imperial rule and so to foster in them a spirit of responsibility and pride in their work which no external supervision can produce. Trust begets trust, and I rejoice to say that in my dealings with the ruling princes in India I have never found my confidence misplaced. I have called them to aid on many occasions, both individually and collectively, and have appointed a special Secretary to the Government of India to assist me in dealing with their affairs. The advice and help which they have given me on many occasions have been most useful to me and to my Government, while they, too, I venture to hope, have by closer association with my officers and with their brother princes acquired a wider outlook on life and a truer conception of the high part which they have been called on to play in the world in the critical times through which we have passed.

INVALUABLE MORAL AND MATERIAL SUPPORT.

"Since this terrible war began, the moral and material support given by the princes and chiefs of India have been of incalculable value. They took the lead in asserting their enthusiastic loyalty to the King-Emperor both by word and deed, many of them, including the gallant veteran warrior who to-day will resign his post as Regent of Jodhpur, and the young prince who will relieve him of his charge, have served with his Majesty's armies in the field, and, all, with one accord, have offered their personal services and lavished their resources in support of the noble cause which Great Britain has espoused. The services rendered by the Ruling Princes of India have received the warm appreciation of the King-Emperor and their devotion and loyalty to the Crown and the person of his Majesty are landmarks in the history of India that can never be effaced.

REGENCY ADMINISTRATION REVIEWED.

"I will now proceed to the special object which has called us together and should like to preface my remarks with a brief review of the history of Jodhpur during the minority. The head of the administration during this period, which has lasted for a little over four and half years, has been Major-General his Highness the Maharaja Sir Pratap Singh who abdicated his position as ruler of the Idar State in order to return to the place of his birth where he won his first laurels as an administrator. As Regent and President of the Council, his Highness has been assisted by a strong body of councillors including two members of the ruling family, Maharaj Zalim Singh and Maharaj Fatch Singh, while the Resident Lieutenant-Colonel Windham has exercised general supervision, and, recently, during his Highness' absence on service in France, acted for him as President of the Council. The reforms effected by the Council have extended to every branch of the administration and your Highness may well be gratified at the accounts which the Council are able to give of their stewardship.

"In spite of a series of lean years the revenue has risen during your minority from 75 to 89½ lakhs; while the reserve funds of 65 lakhs has been trebled, the State is free from debt and its assets, so far as they are calculated, have risen from 2¾ to 4¼ crores. These remarkable results which reflect much credit on Major Patterson, the Finance Member, have not been attained by starving other departments or by grudging expenditure on measures of utility or reform. This is far from being the case. I find, for example, that the expenditure of the Public Works Department has increased from an average of 5 1/3 lakhs, for the four years preceding the minority, to an average of 10¼ lakhs for the four years ending last September. This period has seen, among other less important works, the completing of the Sumer Samand irrigation scheme, the extension of the old Surpura project, the construction of the Rajput School at Choapsni, the installation of an electric light and power house and the provision of a pure water supply for Jodhpur city. For the current year, no less than 33 lakhs have been provided in the Public Works budget, much of which expenditure is necessitated by the failure of the rains. In railway matters, the council has wisely pursued the progressive policy of earlier years and by the construction of the Jodhpur-Phalodi and Jaswantgarh-Ladnu sections, has increased the length of open lines from 525 to 605 miles. In the Judicial Department, the period under review has been marked by the institution of the present chief court, the introduction of the Marwar Penal Code and Code of Criminal Procedure, a Court Fees Act and a Police Act, the enrolment of properly qualified Vakils, the inauguration of and amicable settlement with the Jagirdars regarding the powers to be exercised by their courts and a general improvement in the personel and standard of work in the department. For these good results Mr. Barr, the Chief Judge, is largely responsible. Time will not permit me to do more than mention the marked and steady progress made in education, specially in the Rajput schools, the reforms and good work carried out in the Land Revenue, Police, Medical, Customs, and other important departments, but I cannot in the present circumstances and in a state with the traditions of Jodhpur pass quite so briefly over the working of the Military Department. All know that for the last year and a half his Highness' Imperial Service Lancers have been at the front in Europe and we all know, though fortune has not yet given them the chance for which every cavalryman longs, how well the Sardar Rissala have answered, in an unfamiliar role, the calls made upon them. Up to date the State has sent 787 officers and men to the front, of whom over 700 are still on field service. No measure during the minority administration has contributed so much to the efficiency and contentment of the corps as the introduction of superannuation and wound pensions and I am glad to hear that family pensions are also being granted to the heirs of those men who are killed or die of disease on service.

APPRECIATION OF SIR PRATAP SINGH'S SERVICES.

"On these notable reforms and achievements, the Jodhpur Durbar may well congratulate itself and mingled with that feeling will be a deep sense of gratitude to his Highness the Maharaja Sir Pratap Singh whose long experience and whole hearted devotion to Jodhpur have enabled him to achieve results which no other man could have effected.

"Thanks are due also to his Highness' guardians, Major Strong and Captain Hanson, for the care bestowed by them on his Highness' education and training and to your popular Resident, Lieutenant-Colonel Windham, who has identified himself so closely with the interests of the State and whose tact and patience have done so much to maintain harmony in the administration and lastly the Durbar will not forget its obligations to the Agent to the Governor-General, Sir Elliott Colvin, who for the last ten years has shown a constant and sympathetic interest in Jodhpur affairs and has helped the administration at all times with valuable counsel.

"Your Highness, I do not propose to trouble you with advice on this momentous day when your heart must be full of pride in your country's glorious past and of high hopes for its future. I will merely say this, and I say it with all the earnestness of a father to his son, you are undertaking to-day a great burden and a great responsibility. On you mainly will depend the happiness and prosperity of your people and the maintenance of the noble traditions of your house. I look to your Highness to realise this responsibility and by governing your State wisely and with due regard to the rights and interests of your Sardars and people, to add strength and lustre to the British Empire of which the Jodhpur State is a part. You have succeeded to a goodly heritage and you have round you helpers and advisers who wish you well and have the interests of your State at heart. May you prove worthy of the great trust laid upon you and God bring happiness and prosperity to you and to your people."

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BOMBAY UNIVERSITY.

MASTER'S DEGREE IN AGRICULTURE.

L. L. D. FOR LORD HARDINGE.

A meeting of the Senate was held on Saturday evening last in the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall of the University, when the Vice-Chancellor was in the chair.

The adjourned discussion on the granting of the degree of M. Ag. was taken up first by the Senate.

The Hon. Mr. Justice F. C. O. Beaman, had moved the following amendment:—

That further consideration of the proposal to confer a new degree of M. Ag. be deferred for a period of not less than two years from this date, in order that the Senate may be in a better position to judge of the educational value of the degree of B. Ag. and the need and desirability of instituting a Master's degree for such very specialised attainments.

Mr. K. Subramani Aiyer said that the Master's degree was granted for specialised attainments and he failed to see why it should not be granted in this instance. It was nearly seven years since the degree was established and he did not see why two more year were required to come to a conclusion. It was difficult to attract bright students to the College for want of the Master's degree. There was a great need for the degree, the speaker thought. The Viceroy had asked them to develop agriculture and the applied sciences in his recent speech at Benares. He opposed the amendment.

Dr. Mann said the University having recognised the subject of agriculture, must give it every legitimate encouragement. They must give it every facility and every honour that was given to other subjects. They must give the degree to the distinguished and deserving students as an encouragement, even if there very were few of these. Mr. Beaman had said that agriculture was not a science, but a handicraft. He did not agree with him. The amount of thought, investigation and research that was necessary in the case of agriculture was not in any way less than that for other sciences. He opposed the amendment.

The original proposition was then passed, instituting a degree of Master of Agriculture, Mr. Beaman's amendment having been thrown out by a large majority.

ELECTION OF SYNDICS IN ART.

The Senate then considered the proposal to provide for the election as Syndics in Art (under the category of Professors) of gentlemen who are Principals or Professors of Colleges affiliated to the University in Faculties other than the Faculty of Arts.

Dr. Harold Mann moved, as recommended by the Syndicate, an amendment of general regulation 15 by the insertion of the following sentence:—"In the Faculty of Arts such number of Heads or Professors of Colleges, affiliated to the University in the Faculty of Arts or in any other Faculty, shall be elected as may be necessary to fulfil the statutory requirement, provided that no such Head or Professor shall be eligible for this election unless he is a member of the Faculty of Arts."

To this the Hon. Mr. R. P. Paranjpye moved the following amendment:—"That the Syndicate be requested to circulate to the Fellows the report of the Committee appoined by it to consider the constitution of a Science Faculty and the re-arrangement of the Faculties and to bring forward detailed proposals covering the whole question of the constitution of the Faculties and the Syndicate."

Mr. Paranjqpe's amendment was put to the vote and passed by the Senate.

THE LATE PROF. S. R. BHANDARKAR.

After the conclusion of the business, on the old agenda Dr. Mackichan, the Vice-Chancellor, referred to the loss sustained by the death of Professor S. R. Bhandarker, son of Sir Ramkrishna Bhandarker. Dr. Mackichan said that most of them remembered Prof. Bhandarker's associations with the University and the honourable career which was associated with his early life. Those of them who had to deal with Prof. Bhandarker, in his capacity as an Assistant Registrars knew how devoted he was to the interest, of the University and how thoroughly reliable he was in every matter connected with the University. From the University he passed on as a Professor of Sanskrit in the Elphinstone College where he distinguished himself as a scholar. More than that he was a man whom they honoured because of his irreproachable character, his unbending love of truth and right and zealous efforts for the good of his country. The Vice-Chancellor thought the Senate was desirous of expressing their deep feeling of sympathy with his family and his aged afther to whom it must be a heavy blow.

HONOUR TO THE VICEROY.

The Senate then took up the consideration of the proposal to confer the degree of Doctor of Laws on H. E. Lord Hardinge, the retiring Viceroy.

Sir Narayan Chandavarker moved:

"That, as recommended by the Vice-Chancellor and the Syndicate in accordanee with terms of section 17 of the Indian Universities Act, 1904, the Honorary Degree of LL.D. be conferred on his Excellency Lord Hardinge, Viceroy and Governor-General of British India, on account of his eminent position and attainments evidenced by the distinguished services rendered by his Excellency during the period of his Viceroyalty to the cause of sound administration in general and of education in particular, by his high-minded courage and devotion to duty in the midst of difficulties and trials, and by his broad sympathies and sagacious and far-seeing statesmanship, which, earning for him the gratitude, esteem, and affections of the people of all classes and creeds committed by his Sovereign to his care, have enabled the Indian Empire to enjoy the blessings of peaceful and orderly government during a critical period in the history of the world."

Sir Narayan said he did not think it was necessary that he should enter into a detailed account of Lord Hardinge's Viceroyalty which had won him the hearts of the people of all classes from one end of the country to the other and had in other respects won for him the eminent position and high attainments which were essential for the recipients of this degree at the hands of the Senate. During Lord Hardinge's Viceroyalty education had made tangible progress. There had been increased grants both to the primary and college education. Lord Hardinge had fostered the system of hostel institution for college students. And above all their was the unique fact of the institution of the Hindu University, which if the promoters of it would fulfil their trust in the same liberal manner in which Lord Hardinge had fulfilled his in establishing it, would be an institution of incalculable good for the betterment of the country in future. As to the other measures of Lord Hardinge's administration it was sufficient to state that they had won him the love and gratitude of the people of all classes and creeds throughout the country. Here in that hall they were not concerned with the political aspects and the policy of Lord Hardinge's administration. They were concerned with the character of the spirit which had animated Lord Hardinge's Viceroyalty They had to look to the man behind the statesman and so looking they might well go back to that moment—small and yet great—small in point of duration and great in point of effects when the assassin attempted to take away the life of the Viceroy. It was a moment when he might say the soul of Lord Hardinge declared itself to the country and when the country found in him a man worthy of the Sovereign and worthy of the trust reposed in him by the Sobereign. It was then when he was almost at the gates of death, when undeterred and unnerved and with all the spirit of an Englishman he stood to the post of his duty and the words he uttered then at that moment were words which seem to him to colour the whole spirit of the administration of Lord Hardinge. Fearless of death he gave these two words of order to the procession "Go forward," and his Excellency had made the Government go forward ever since; he had made the country go forward ever since; and he had made the people go forward ever since. Not one word of resentment in spite of suffering; not a word of anger or irritation, but he bore his suffering with Christian fortitude, which brought him even then the attachment of all people who were being governed by him. As if that was not enough, as if the sufferings then caused were not enough, Lord Hardinge had subsequently his share of domestic afflictions. As if, again, that was not enough there was the war throwing the country and the Empire into a critical position and in spite of the tremendous difficulties which he had to face, sorrows only sweetened the Viceroy and injuries made him gracious and sufferings went on strengthening his character from day to day. Sir Narayan said he was placing this proposition before a body dedicated to the cause of education and the best definition which one could give of liberal education was capacity to forgive and to endure in the great public school of life. What position could be more eminent, what attainments could be higher than to be able to govern the country in the spirit of forgiveness in the spirit of peace and in the spirit of fortitude? In that respect Lord Hardinge had proved a good man, a great statesman, and a genuine Englishman.

Mr. V. P. Vaidya seconded the proposition, which was carried unanimously.

NEW POONA COLLEGE.

Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar, then moved:

That the College which the Shikshana Prasarak Mandali, Poona, proposes to start, be affiliated to the University provisionally in the Faculty of Arts up to the standard of the First Year's Course and the Intermediate Examination in Arts for a period of five years commencing from the 20th June 1916, subject to the conditions specified in the Report of the Committee which conducted the local inquiry prescribed by the Indian Universities Act.

The motion was agreed to.

Dr. Harold Mann then moved:

That the Senate authorises the Syndicate to proceed with the erection of the new University Buildings, according to the plans, specifications and estimates prepared by Mr. Wittet, at an estimated cost of Rs. 5,10,307.

This was passed unanimously.

The Senate then adjourned.

DABOO MEMORIAL HOSPITAL AT NAVSARI.

FOUNDATION LAYING CEREMONY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

NAVSARI, Feb. 25.

The ceremony of laying the foundation stone of the Ratonji Framji Daboo Navsari Parsee Memorial Hospital was performed this evening by Rao Bahadur Govindbhai Desai, in the presence of a large and influential gathering. The proceedings commenced with the reading of the report of the origin of the institution, which states that sons of late Mr. R. F. Daboo gave for the maintenance of the hospital a plot of land worth Rs. 25,000 yielding an annual income of Rs. 1,000 and supplemented the donation by giving Rs. 14,000 in cash more, for having separate beds. The hospital has further been supported by distinguished patrons such as H. H. the Gaekwad of Baroda, Sir Dorab and Mr. Ratan Tata and others. During the period of about two years and half the hospital has been doing excellent work. Bai Dossibai Adurji Kotwal has also given a munificent sum of Rs. 25,000 for erecting a new building in the name of late Mr. Byramji Nasarwanji Seervai.

After going through several items of the programme, Rao Bahadur Desai in an eloquent address highly praised the philanthrophy of the sons of the late Mr. Ratanji Daboo, Bai Dossibai Kotwal and other donors and concluded his speech by advising the management to run the hospital on a co-operative system as is done at Barcelona in Spain.

THANA ABDUCTION CASE

ALLEGATIONS AGAINSL HIGH COUR VAKIL.

Last week, before Mr. K. B. Vasudeo, Additional Sessions Judge, Thana, and a jury ended the case in which Gunpat Balkrishna, a landlord of Poona and Thana and a woman named Choti, were charged at the instance of Bhimoo Govind, a "gowli," of Thana, under Sections 366, 368, 376, and 498 of the Indian Penal Code.

From the evidence in the case it appears tha tthe complainant Bhimoo is in the service of Mr. Pandoba Narayen Samant, B.A., L.L.B., a well-known High Court Vakil of Thana, and is employed to milk his buffaloes. The complainant said he was married to Luxmi (a young woman) at Aurangabad in May last, and lived with her at Thana. On 10th December 1915, he alleged, Luxmi, disappeared from his house, and he then made a search for her and traced her to Poona where she was found staying in the house of accused No. 1, together with Choti, and it was alleged that accused No. 1, with the assistance of accused No. 2, had enticed her away from his lawful guardianship. The complainant further alleged that while at Poona accused No. 1, and Maruti, a Head Constable of Poona, had committed rape on her.

The magisterial enquiry in the case was conducted by Mr. Manilal Ajitrai, City Magistrate, Thana, who committed the accused to the Sessions.

Luxmi, at the Sesstons, deposed that it was not the accused who had enticed her away, but as a matter of fact Mr. Samant's own coachman, Damoo. She added that the evidence she had given in the Lower Court was not true, and that it was so given as Mr. Samant had tutored her to do so, threatning to kill her if she did not depose according to his teaching and that even on the day previous to the Sessions case, it was further explained by Luxmi, that Mr. Samant had her up in his house where he threatened to kill her outright if she did not repeat the story she had told in the Lower Court. Luxmi also alleged that her husband used to send her daily to Mr. Samant's house for an immoral purpose.

Mr. Samant when examined by the committing Magistrate, admitted that his coachman Damoo had committed the theft of certain wearing apparel such as "sarees" from his house, that he had recovered a portion of the stolen property from a marwaree and that he had made no report of the theft to the police. On 20th December last Mr. Samant admitted having gone to Poona with the complainant. The Jury brought in an unanimous verdict of "Not Guilty" on all the charges.

His Honour concurring with this verdict, acquitted the accused.

Luxmi said she declined to go to her husband as she feared violence at his hands, and was told she could go where she liked whereupon, she went away with her brother, the complainant clamouring for his marriage expenses.

Mr. Vaidya, Assistant Public Prosecutor, appeared for the prosecution, while Mr. K. A. Padhye defended the accused.

AVERTED COLLISION AT KALVAN.

RAILWAY DRIVER ACQUITTED.

The case of Driver Byramji Dunjibhoy, who while working 158 up Passenger train into Bombay on the 20th September last, is alleged to have run against signals at Kalyan Junction, came on for hearing at the Thana Court before Mr. Jacob B. Israel Acting First Class Magistrate. The Railway Prosecutor prosecuted, and the accused was defended by Mr. Balfour, and Mr. Jayavant.

According to the story of the prosecution, on the 20th September last signals had been lowered on the south-east side for 10 up Madras Mail, which was booked to arrive at Kalyan at 4-13 a.m.; while signals were at danger on the north-east line for the 158 up Bhopal Passenger train, which was timed to arrive at 4-6 a.m. The driver of 158 up passed the outer signal at danger and was proceeding to the station. Red hand-lights were shown and he was stopped at the Home signal. Soon after 10. up mail appeared at the Home signal and was also stopped by red hand-lights, thus averting a collision. The driver of 158 up Passenger on the other hand alleges that when he arrived at Kalyan outer signal it was at danger. He stopped there for two minutes and then the Home and Outer signals, which work jointly, were lowered, and he was proceeding to the station when the Home signal was suddenly raised against him. He immediately stopped at the Home signal. Then he saw the Madras Mail appearing. After a detention of 32 minutes at the Home signal he was admitted to the station after the mail had left.

After a protracted hearing judgment was delivered on the 23rd instant, the accused being acquitted.

A PATHAN MURDERED.

VERDICT AT INQUEST.

The Acting Coroner held on Saturday morning the adjournd enquiry on the body of a Pathan, named Gazi Sadafkhan, who died of injuries alleged to have been inflicted by Abdul Baki a nd other three Pathans on the night of the 16th instant. The facts have already been reported in these columns.

Mr. Godinho and Mr. DeCruz appeared on behalf of the four Pathans, and the evidence was led by Inspector DeBurgh.

After several witnesses had been examined, including a Pathan woman named Begambai, the jury returned a verdict of death from haemorrhage from wounds received in an assault in which the four suspected men were concerned.

Captain F. A. Levell R.N.R., Deputy Conservator, Calcutta Port Commissioners, died at Bournemouth last Tuesday at the age of 55 after sixteen years' service with the port.

Death is reported at Cawnpore of Major D. G. Bryce, 76th Punjabis of pneumonia.

BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

ALLEGED PERJURY AND FORGERY.

CHARGE AGAINST PATHAN MONEY LENDER.

Before the Second Presidency Magistrate, at Mazagon, Inspector Raghunathrao of the C. I. D., charged a Pathan money-lender, named Ali Jan with perjury, forgery and using as genuine a forged document.

It was alleged for the prosecution that the accused who was doing money-lending business at Dadar, had lent some money to one Jiwraj Mawji, a flower merchant. In April, 1915, the accused went to Jiwraj's shop and made overtures to his wife Mongi and proposed that she should run away with him, but she resented the proposal and abused him and asked him to go away. When she reported the matter to her husband the latter had some words with the accused. About a month after this incident the accused sent notices to Jiwraj and Mongi demanding Rs. 40 and Rs. 95 alleged to have been lent to them by the accused, to which they sent no replies. The accused filed a suit in June last for Rs. 120 in the Small Causes Court in which he produced a promissory note purported to have been signed by Mongi and bearing her thumb impression. The suit was heard by Mr. S. B. Billimoria and Mongi repudiated the thumb impression and an expert who was called in to give evidence deposed that it was not hers. The papers were forwarded to the C. I. D. and Inspector Raghunathrao after making enquiries applied to Mr. S. B. Billimoria, for the necessary sanction to prosecute Ali Jan and the writer of the document, Mahomed Khan Hussein Khan, which was given. In the meantime the accused absconded but was arrested on the 4th instant in Carnac Road. His accomplice Mahomed Khan has not yet been traced.

After hearing some evidence the Magistrate postponed further hearing.

HOUSE-BREAKERS COMMITTED TO SESSIONS.

Before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court, Sub-Inspector Sampson charged Samo Babu and Kondia Jothia, with house-breaking and theft. On the 25th September last the accused broke open the house of a Mahomedan, named Bapu Hussein, in Chandanwady, and removed ornaments of the value of Rs. 357. The accused then disappeared, but were arrested in Satara about a month ago, and as they had several previous convictions the accused were committed to take their trial at the forthcoming High Court Sessions.

ONE YEAR FOR 16 GRAINS OF COCAINE.

Before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court, Chief Excise Inspector Sheriar J. Talyarkhan charged a Mahomedan, named Valia Ahmed Nur, an employee of a cocain dealer, with possessing sixteen grains of cocaine without a license. The accused was arrested in Duncan Road on the morning of Saturday with the cocaine in his possession. The accused pleaded guilty to the charge and as he had three previous convictions, the Magistrate sentenced him to one year's rigorous imprisonment.

BICYCLE THIEF SENTENCED.

Before the Third Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court, Louis Bouton, a European, was charged by Inspector Fuller with the theft of a bicycle, belonging to Mr. Hormasji P. Marolia. Sub-Inspector Sampson arrested the accused on Thursday while riding the cycle on Kalbadevi Road and it was found on enquiries that the accused had removed it from a building in Churchgate Street, where it was kept under a staircase.

The Magistrate convicted and sentenced the accused to pay a fine of Rs. 80, or in default to undergo six weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

CASE AGAINST BANDMANN VARIETIE LIMITED.

INJUNCTION ISSUED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Feb. 25.

At the High Court to-day the rule obtained by the plaintiff in the suit brought by Mr. Arathoon Stephen against Bandmann Varieties, Limited, and Mr. Maurice Bandmann, was disposed of before Justice Fletcher

In this rule the defendants were asked to show cause why they should not be restrained from erecting a permanent structure on the land adjoining the Empire Theatre and from using the same for purposes other than principally catering for cheaper part of the theatre.

Mr. Buckland in showing cause said that on the adjoining land they had entertainments. During interval of performance they used to project films on a screen and they served tea there at eight annas a head for adults and at half price for children. On an average there were only four people daily for the Cinema tea.

Plaintiff, Mr. Stephen, was practically the sole proprietor of the Grand Hotel Company which owned the Grand Hotel together with the café in close proximity to the Empire Theatre.

His Lordship held that giving of Cinema teas and Cinema shows were clear breach of the covenant of the lease and issued injunction restraining Bandmann Varieties, Ltd., from giving teas and Cinema shows on premises of the Empire Theatre till disposal of original suit.

LAHORE CONSPIRACY CASE.

ONE THOUSAND WITNESSES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Feb. 26.

At the Lahore conspiracy supplementary trial to-day, the defence witnesses repeated, as usual, to the good character, alibi, loyalty and the military services of a number of accused, and sought to establish their enmity with the prosecution witnesses and also cast doubts on the regularity of police action in certain searches. Already fully one thousand defence witnesses have been examined and more are summoned for Monday when it is expected the defence evidence will close.

There are thirty-seven accused for trial before the Special Tribunal, sitting at Mandalay on March 6th.

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INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH.

METALS TO REPLACE THE CARBON ARC AND PLATINUM.

Whatever its motif in the cloistered laboratory, research as conducted in the modern works has only one end—to assist trade and industry. Pure science has little place in the average engineering works, but without applied science progress would soon cease. Practically all our great works now have their own testing and research laboratories, where every batch of material as it enters the works is subjected to rigid scrutiny. There also new process are evolved and gradually perfected, writes the "Daily Telegraph."

To illustrate the manner in which the works laboratory can directly assist industry we may mention two cases that have recently come to our notice, one in this country and the other in America; both curiously enough, depending upon a metal which itself has only just been taken from its swaddling clothes by applied science workers.

HIGH EFFICENCY TUNGSTEN ARC.

The experiments of Sir J. J. Thomson, Dr. Fleming, and others have made us aware of the fact that the filament in an incandescent electric lamp gives off a strong negative discharge, and that if an additional electrode adjacent to the filament be charged to a positive potential a current passes between the filament and this electrode.

An application of this principle has been used to overcome the difficulties encountered in the production of an arc incandescent lamp, the latest electrical marvel. The new lamp is the result of experiments commenced in 1913 in the lamp research laboratory of the Edison and Swan United Electric Light Company at their Ponder's end works, with the object of obtaining a lamp possessing the usual characteristics of the ordinary incandescent lamp—that is to say, as regards the shape and size of bulb, stem, and cap, but having as the source of light an arc possessing electrodes of tungsten or other suitable refractory conductor burning in an inert gas such as nitrogen or argon.

In operation the current first passes through an ionizer circuit, causing the ionizing heater to incandesce at a temperature sufficient to ionize the gas between it and the positive electrode. Thus the arc is caused to strike, after which the ionizing circuit is cut out, the striking being assisted by the removal of the ionizer circuit, which of course shuts the arc circuit.

Practically the whole of the intense white light of the lamp emanates from a small globule of fused tungsten 1-10 in. in diameter, suspended above a straight length of tungsten wire which forms part of the ionizer circuit.

ARC AND INCANDESCENT LAMPS.

As compared with the carbon arc lamp no regulating mechanism is required, and there is therefore a saving in the initial cost of production. The loss of light due to obstruction by the electrode is small compared with that in the carbon arc, and there is no trouble from flickering or from the arc wandering. The arc is completely enclosed, so that there is no danger from fire. No recarboning is required, and the lamp needs no attention whilst in use. The light-giving surface for the same output is greater than the crater of the carbon arc, and the electrodes can be so arranged as to concentrate the light in any desired direction.

Filaments of incandescent lamps are always distributed round the stem, and thus occupy a fairly large area, whereas in the new lamp the light-giving surfaces are concentrated in the centre of the bulb. In the same way that a carbon lamp appears yellow in comparison with the ordinary half-watt lamp, so does the latter appear yellow when contrasted with the new incandescent arc. For high candle-power lamps the bulbs are much smaller than for metal-filament lamps of corresponding candle-power, e.g., electrodes to give 500 candle-power can be placed with safety in a bulb 4in. in diameter.

As compared with the carbon-filament lamp (3.5 watts per candle-power) with an intrinsic brilliancy of about 375 candle-power per square inch, and metal-filament lamps giving 1,000 candle-power per square inch, the intrinsic brilliancy of the new lamp at an efficiency of 0.5 watt per candle-power, or two candle-power per watt, is approximately 10,000 candle-power per square inch. The colour of the light can be made to vary from a bright yellow when running at low efficiencies, to a very intense white light when the lamp is run to the sputtering point of the electrodes. The range of intrinsic brilliancy between these limits is approximately 400 to 30,000 candle-power per square inch.

SUGGESTED USES OF THE LAMP.

The lamp is made for both alternating and continuous current circuits, but the present intention of the Edison and Swan Company is to put forward only the con-continuous-current lamp in its existing form for optical projection and general scientific work where a concentrated point source of light is required. The lamp is so suitable for projection work that there is reason to believe that it will supersede all other sources of light for this purposes. It gives constant, uniform screen illumination whilst there is no flickering and no danger of fire in kinematograph work as there often is from the intense heat of the ordinary carbon arc. The bulb of the lamp, although smaller, does not become so hot as do those of the half-watt metal-filament lamps. Moreover, the lamp requires no attention whilst burning, so that the whole of the operator's time is free to attend to his apparatus. Lamps of 1,000 to 2,000 candle-power would appear to be very suitable for kinematograph projection, and lamps of 200 to 300 candle-power for ordinary lantern work.

The lamp is very suitable for use in searchlights, for daylight and night signalling, and as projection arcs for stage purposes. It should prove useful in photography, and for the purpose of colour-matching by artificial light. Microscope illumination and micro-photographic work offer two fields of usefulness for the new lamp, and undoubtedly there are many special purposes for which the lamp is particularly adapted.

Experiments have shown that the lamp burns satisfactorily in series on high-voltage circuits, and future development should lie in the adaptation of the lamp for street lighting, and for the illumination of large halls and other interiors.

PLATED TUNGSTEN AS PLATINUM SUBSTITUTE.

We now turn from the domain of electricity to that of metallurgy. Here also we find tungsten to have engaged the attention of the applied science worker, and to such good effect that practically a revolution is indicated in many industries hitherto dependent upon platinum.

Since discussing in these notes a fortnight ago the question of substitutes for platinum—made urgent by the action of the Ministry of Munitions in seizing all supplies of platinum in this country—we have received some details from America of an important industrial research that has just been completed there on this subject, and which will be published in extenso at the February meeting of the American Institute of Mining Engineers.

The results of the experiments, as conducted by Mr. Frank Alfred Fahrenwald, of Cleveland, Ohio, lead to the conclusion that metals or alloys of metals outside of the precious-metal groups are unsuitable as substitutes for platinum.

The gold and silver alloys of palladium have been found to be excellent substitutes for platinum in its softer forms, and, while not so chemically resistant, fill all requirements where conditions are not too rigid.

Except in two respects, pure ductile tungsten—and, to a lesser degree molybdenum—meet all of the specifications of a practical substitute for platinum and its alloys. These two defects are its ease of oxidation and the difficulty with which it can be soldered, and they have been overcome by coating with a precious metal—usually gold, silver, or palladium, or alloy of these metals, the resulting material being in many ways far superior to platinum or its alloys.

This material has met with instant demand, is in many cases replacing the best platinum-iridium alloys, and permits the performance of work which has been impossible with the materials hitherto available.

Wrought tungsten and molybdenum were produced on a laboratory scale, but no success attended the attempted production of alloys of tungsten with gold and palladium; while, on the other hand, the alloys of the tungsten-molybdenum series were produced in wrought form. These operations were governed entirely by metallographic control, and their success suggests the possible application of a similar method in a treatment of such metals as iridum, tantalum, rhodium, osmium, etc., in combination with each other, or with tungsten or molybdenum, which may result in the production of alloys possessing properties far superior to those of any material now available.

LOADS ON HIGHWAY BRIDGES.

A joint committee of the Concrete Institute, the Institution of Municipal and County Engineers and the Institution of Municipal Engineers in England, which was appointed in 1911 to investigate the question of the loads to be provided for upon highway bridges, has prepared a draft report. Professor Henry Adams was elected chairman, and, although the report will yet have to undergo considerable modification owing to the rapid development of military motor traffic during the war—the conclusions arrived at are based upon information obtained by October, 1912—nevertheless a valuable work has been done, which has every likelihood of receiving the approval of all municipal authorities. In the report bridges are divided into three classes and it is recognised that the technical data accompanying the document are sufficient to enable the design of bridges to be carried out in such a manner as to fulfil the conditions laid down by the committee. As, however, the actual calculations will have to undergo a certain amount of alteration when, as is anticipated, the War Office has given its views on certain points, it would serve no useful purpose to go into this aspect of the report now, quite apart from the fact that the recommendations are to be treated as confidential until the final form is arrived at.

An important aspect of the matter, however, is the position of railway companies as regards their overbridges. Recent legal decisions have rather changed the general views with regard to this. It had generally been assumed that a railway company could prohibit traffic going over their bridges which was too heavy for them, provided the weight was not less than the figures laid down by the Local Government Board under the Heavy Motor Car (Amendment) Order, 1907. It has recently been held, however that railway companies must maintain their bridges in such a state of strength as to bear the traffic that may reasonably be expected upon them. This decision will undoubtedly be taken to the House of Lords. Meanwhile, the joint committee have hopes of being able to bring the railway companies into line with themselves, but the first reading of the report suggests that this means practically the reconstruction of a large number of railway bridges.

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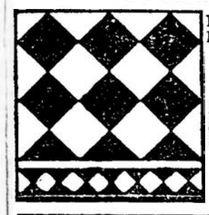

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HIGH COURT.

ORIGINAL SIDE.

SUIT ON PRO-NOTE.

ALLEGATIONS AGAINST AN ATTORNEY

(Before Mr. Justice Davar.)

BHAGWANDAS GOKULDAS GANDHY *v.* HAJI AHMED HAJEE HASSAM DADA.

This was a suit filed by the plaintiff (who carries on business of commission agency in Bombay) against the defendant, a landlord and money lender to receive a sum of Rs. 3,000 with interest, from him, alleged to have been advanced by the plaintiff's brother to him and in respect of which a Promissory Note was passed by the defendant to the plaintiff's deceased brother Shambhuprasad. It was alleged by the plaintiff that on 26th April 1913, the plaintiff's brother Shambhuprasad advanced Rs. 3,000 to the defendant out of the joint family estate. A promissory note was passed by the defendant in the name of the said Shambhuprasad. As the defendant denied all liability in respect of the pro-note the present suit was filed by the plaintiff.

The defendant in his written statement denied all the allegations of the plaintiff except that he admitted that Shambhuprasad died on or about the 12th June 1914 and that on the 26th of April the said pro-note was signed by the defendant. The defendant alleged that no demand for payment of the money in respect of the said pro-note was made on him by the plaintiff. The defendant admitted receiving four letters from the plaintiff during May 1915, but said that the same were caused to be written for the purpose of creating evidence for this case. He further stated that by reason of certain facts and cirmumstances which would be narrated below, the defendant was not liable on the said pro-note and that this suit had been instigated by Mr. Surajmal B. Mehta, an attorney of the Bombay High Court out of spite and ill-will towards him. No consideration passed to him in respect of the said note, and the note was passed by him in the name of the said Shambhuprasad as the nominee of Mr. Surajmal Mehta with whom the deceased Shambhuprasad had been serving as a clerk. The circumstances under which the note was passed by him were as follows:—

NEGOTIATIONS FOR PURCHASE OF A BUNGALOW.

On 27th February 1912, the defendant had entered into an agreement with one Tatya Saheb Holkar for the purchase of his bungalow from him for Rs. 66,000. The agreement was entered into by the defendant in the name of his mother. The said Tatya Saheb was unable to carry out the agreement as he had already entered into another agreement prior to this with a Parsi gentleman named Khambata who obtained later on a decree for specific performance of the sale of this bungalow against Tatya Saheb. Tatya Saheb's attorneys for that suit were Messrs. Surajmal and Co., and they instigated the defendant to file a suit against Tatya Saheb, (his own client) for breach of contract of the sale of his bungalow with him. The defendant was unwilling to file such a suit, but as Mr. Surajmal advised him that he was entitled to damages for breach of the said contract and said that he (Mr. Surajmal) would use his influence with his client the said Tatya Saheb and get him pay this defendant the sum of Rs. 20,000 to Rs. 25,000 by way of damages, this defendant filed a suit against the said Tatya Saheb in the High Court claiming Rs. 30,000 as damages. The defendant's attorney for this suit was Mr. D'Cunha and during the pendency of this suit it was arranged that if the defendant obtained Rs. 20,000 to Rs. 25,000 by way of damages, Mr. Surajmal was to be paid Rs. 3,000 by the defendant and in consequence of the said arrangement the pro-note sued on was passed in favour of the said Shambhuprasad as the latter said that it would not look good for the note to be in the name of Mr. Surajmal.

The said suit against Tatya Saheb was settled by Mr. Surajmal with this defendant for Rs. 9,000 for damages when Mr. Surajmal gave this defendant a cheque in payment of Rs. 9,000 he demanded payment for himself of Rs. 3,000 under the said pro-note, but the defendant declined to pay the same as Mr. Surajmal's promise was to get this defendant at least Rs. 20,000 by way of damages.

For over 6 years past the defendant used to entrust large sums of money to Mr. Surajmal for the purpose of investment. As Mr. Surajmal evaded rendering an account of the monies to the defendant he filed a suit against him for accounts. The said suit was referred to the Commissioner for taking accounts.

Since then there was a consent decree between Mr. Surajmal and the defendant as regards this suit; the terms were that the defendant withdraws all allegations against Mr. Surajmal and paid him his counter-claim.

The defendant submitted that under the circumstances set forth above, Mr. Surajmal was a necessary party to this suit. The defendant further submitted that he was therefore not liable under the said pro-note and the suit against him should be dismissed with costs.

Evidence was then led by Mr. Kanga in support of his case. Mr. Kanga submitted that the two witnesses in whose presence the pro-note was passed and the consideration paid, were a clerk and an accountant respectively of the Indian Peninsular Steam Navigation Co., Ltd. Rustomji Kavarana, a clerk employed by the Indian Peninsular Steam Navigation Co., deposed to the effect that he had written out the pro-note at the dictation of Shambhuprasad in the office of the company, that the sum of Rs. 3,000 was paid by the said Shamohuprasad to the defendant, in his presence and that the defendant signed the pro-note in his presence also.

Mr. Dinkarrao, an accountant of the same company gave evidence in support of the plaintiff's case.

Mr. Surajmal B. Mehta was called as a witness on behalf of the plaintiff. He denied all the allegations made against him by the defendant in his written statement. He stated that the story that he instigated the defendant to file a suit against Tatya Saheb and promised to get him Rs. 20,000 to Rs. 25,000 as damages was untrue.

A TRIP TO ENGLAND.

In his cross-examination by Mr Davar, Mr. Surajmal stated that both the Tatya Saheb and the defendant were his clients. The defendant was his client since 1909. He could not say how much the defendant paid him for professional services. He could say from the books that the business from both the clients was lucrative. He could not say what the defendant's income was. It might be a couple of thousands of rupees. His managing clerk then was Nanabhai Kavasji Engineer. He remained with him for 5 years, now he had dispensed with his services and he was on hostile terms with him. Nanabhai Engineer went to England ahead of Tatya Saheb and the witness. Nanabhai escorted Tatya Saheb's mistress to England. He lent his clerk's services for escorting his client's mistress to England. The witness went at Tatya Saheb's expense and as his companion, to England. The mistress who was a Hindu lived with them in a hotel near Holborn. Tatya Saheb Holkar the witness referred to was the first cousin of the present Ruling Chief of Indore. Tatya Saheb lived at Bombay and Poona and was now at Indore. To get Tatya Saheb's signature in one matter both he and Nanabhai went to Mahableshwar. Witness said that he acted for both the purchaser and seller in that matter. As Surajmal & Co. both were his clients witness attended to the work of both. Nanabhai his managing clerk attended to the defendant's work. The purchaser referred to was the defendant and the seller was Tatya Saheb Holkar. Tatya Saheb Holkar employed no other attorneys for this work. The defendant had several other attorneys to whom he gave work also. Witness swore and said that when Holkar entered into an agreement with the defendant for the sale of the Nepean Sea Road property, he (Holkar) did not inform him that he had entered into a contract previously with Khambata for the sale of the same property. Khambata and Holkar dealt with each other through a Parsi broker, whose name he did not know. Witness received a letter from Khambata when on behalf of the defendant he advertised Holkar's property for sale. Khambata filed a suit and he acted as Holkar's attorneys in that suit. Sometime after that suit was filed, the defendant sent a notice to Holkar. Mr. D'Cunha wrote that notice on behalf of the defendant. Witness did not write that notice. If witness did not know anything about Khambata's agreement with Holkar, the defendant could not have known of that agreement also. The defendant asked witness when he knew of that agreement as to what he should do. Witness did not remember what he said to the defendant. Witness could not swear on oath that he did not draft a notice on behalf of the defendant to Holkar. He did not remember if he gave a draft of notice to the defendant to be taken to D'Cunha to be addressed to Holkar. At this distance of time witness did not remember whether he told the defendant to go to other attorneys as regards this matter.

At this stage, the suit was adjourned to Monday.

Attorneys for the plaintiff:—Messrs. Mansukhlal Hiralal Mehta & Co.

Attorneys for the defendant:—Messrs. Ardeshir Hormasji Dinsha & Co.

CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR MONDAY, THE 28TH OF FEBRUARY, 1916.

Before the Hon'ble Sir Dinsha D. Davar.
In the Division Court No. 40.
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.

837-15.—Mans H M and Co, Bhagwandas Gukaldas Gandhi, v. Haji Ahmed Haji Hassam Dada, Ardeshir H D & Co, Part Heard.

451-15.—Captain & V, The Official Assignee of Bombay, v. Gulamali Mulla Abdulalla, Payne & Co, Part Heard, 29-2-16.

Testamentary Suits.

11-15.—Mehta D & L, Manadeo Anna Kunte, v. Yeshwant Anna Kunte, & anr, Daph F & D.

19-15.—Mehta D & L, Mahadeo Anna Kunte, v. Yeshwant Anna Kunte, & anr, Daph F & D.

Commercial Cause.

1404-15.—Payne & Co, The Standard Bank, Ltd, Raghowji Purshotam, Edg G W & Co, Ty D & Co, Moti & D, Hiralal & Co, Madh & Co.

Long Causes.

1510-14.—Tyabji D & Co, Mohanlal Monji Vora, v. Jethmal Narrandas, Edg G W & Co.

978-15.—Malvi H M & R, Rai Bahadur Hookamchand Sarupchand, v. Ramdhandas Ramratan, Mer K & Co.

767-15.—Motichand & D, Dhanji Rugnath Mody, & ors, v. Benkorebai, & ors Madh K & C, Edg G W & Co.

554-15.—Ard H & Co, Raja Bahadur Motilal Shivlal, v. The Poona Cotton & Silk Mafg Co, Ld, in Liqn, & ors, Payne & Co, Bh K & G.

1219-15—Malvi H M & R, Rai Bahadur Kasturchand Omkarji, v. F C Rustomji, & anr, Mer K & Co.

571-15.—Captain & V, Prurde Saone & Co, a firm, v. Motilal Chunilal alias Keshavram Gangadhar alias, C H & Co, Malvi H M & R.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman.
In the Division Court No. 53
Suits for hearing and finnal disposal.
Long Causes.

310-15.—Little and Co, Aboobucker Abdu Rahim & Co, a firm, Ramchander Luchminarayena, a firm, Tyabji D & Co.

1254-14.—Nadersha & D, Tulsidas Jethabhoy v. Ambaji Gangaram, & anr, Shroff D & D.

1467-15.—Surajmal & Co, Bai Nandoobai, widow, v. Laxuman Bhasker, D J Mantri.

672-15.—Payne and Co, Cooverji Dorabji Powalla, & anr, v. Jamsetji Cursetji Powalla & ors, Daphtary F & D.

1353-15.—Payne and Co, Karmally Abdulla, v. Hussonally Jivabhai, a firm, Merwanji K & Co.

340-15.—Amin and D, Dwarkadas Gokaldas, Latiff bin Shaik Mahomed, v. Haji Ahmed bin Ali bin Husein Kayat, and anr, Payne & Co.

618-15.—Bhaishanker K & G, Shaik Abdul Latiff bin Shaik Mahomed, v. Haji Ahmed bin Ali bin Husein Kayat, and anr, Payne and Co.

560-15.—Ardeshir H D & Co, Haji Esmail Haji Noor Mahomed, v. Anandrao Narayen Rege.

633-14.—D J Mantri, Yemnabai, widow, v. Jilloobai, widow, and ors, Captain and V, D J Mantri.

13-15.—Judah & Solomon, Vinayak Shantaram Pandurang, v. Tyaballi Cumroodin, Patell and Ez.

814-15.—Dastur and Co, (For a pauper), Ramaya Babaya, v. Vithoba Krishnaji Kasoola, & ors, Judah & S.

527-14.—Vachha and Co, Mathuradas Govindji, v. Purshotam Harjiwan, Mulji & Tha.

441-15.—Payne and Co, Bai Banubai, v. Erachsha Dinsha Cooper, Merwanji K & Co.

467-15.—Madhowji K & Ch, Talakchand Mansukhbhai, a firm, v. Bhagwandas Gangaram, a firm, Ardeshir H D & C, For Posponement.

818-14.—Dik Dh & P, Manibai, widow, v. Premcooverwahu alias Temubai, widow, & ors, Ragh N & Co.

825-13.—Mulla & M, Chandru Lillani, a firm, & anr, v. Devidas Foolchand & Co a firm, Jeh S M & H.

112-15.—Edg G W & Co, Sakinabai, v. Ardeshir M Madon, & ors, Matu J & M, Payne & Co.

131-14.—Payne & Co, Cassamally Jairajbhai Peerbhai, & anr, v. Ardeshir M Madon, & ors, Matu, J & M, Edg G W & Co, S M B & Co.

536-14.—Edg G W & Co, Mansukhbhai Bhagubhai, a firm, v. The Bombay Steam Navign Co, Ld, Little & Co.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod.
In the Division Court No. 48
Summary Suit for disposal in Chambers.

102-16.—Rustomji & G, Kupaji Dollaji & Co, a firm., v. Memon Haji Umer Haji Ibrahim & anr.

Suits for hearing and final disposal
Long Causes.

1396-14.—Payne and Co, The Standard Bank, Ltd, v. Birdichand Jivraj and anr, Matubhai J & M, Part Heard.

49-15.—Merwanji K & Co, Chaturbhuj Gordhandas, v. Vithaldas Mohanji and anr, Rustomji & G.

454-14.—S A Tyabjee, Balkrishna Ramchandra Pandre and anr, v. Ramchandra Tukaram Pandre & ors, D J Mantri, Judah and S, In person.

1175-15.—Payne and Co, Sir Mahomed Yusuf Haji Ismail, Kt, v. J Sanders Slater, Tyabji D and Co.

373-12.—Bhaishanker K & G, Raja Bahadur Motilal Shivlal v. Purshotam Jivandas, Payne and Co.

1491-14.—Unwalla P and P, The Advocate-General of Bombay, v. Prangovind Shivprasad & ors, Bhaishanker K & G.

250-13.—Khanderao L & M, Ramkrishna Raghunath Desai & ors, v. Purshotam Raghunath, & ors, Dikshit D and P.

83-15.—Mirza M & M, Haji Ali Mahomed Jalal, v. Dhulla Kuppa, & anr, Mehta D & L.

188-13.—Dhanjishaw & B, Mathurdas Topan, v. Prahladji Sewakram, & ors, Edg G W & Co, Daph F & D.

1513-14.—Edgelow G W & Co, Ranchoddas Purshotam Morarji, v. Bai Manibai, widow, & ors, Bhimji & Co.

852-15.—Little & Co, Haji Yoosuf Haji Esmail Sobhani, v. Abdul Kadar Haji Abdulla, Mehta D & L.

939-15.—N C Dalal, Oodhomji Ramji, v. Raghunath Babaji Jaoke, Smetham B & Co, For Postponment.

959-15.—Amin & Desai, Haridas Kalidas, v. Raghunath Babaji Jaoke, Smetham B & Co, For Postponment.

1357-14.—J A Valles, Ramprasad Laxmishanker Oza, v. Pascoal Salvadar Nunis, Mulla & M.

S C CT 732-26191-14.—Jehangir M & S, Behramji Hirjibhoy Warden and ors, v. Bai Samaratbai, widow, Khanderao L & M.

145-15.—Khanderao L & M, Bai Samaratbai, widow, v. Kaikhushru Behramji Mehta and ors, Jehangir M & Somji.

1267-14.—Kharas & Co, Mahomed Hoosein bin Abdul Gani Aswaree and ors, v. Gulam Mohidin bin Abdul Razak GBeig and anr, Ardeshir H D & Co.

821-13.—Ardeshir H D & Co, Abdul Kadar Abdulla Haji Dawood and ors, v. Hormasji Nusserwanji Vakil and ors, Payne and Co.

1070-13.—Nadirshaw & D, Dewoobai, v. Keshowrao Raghoji Lote, Smetham B and Co.

359-15.—Little & Co, Haji Mahomed Haji Esmail and Co, a firm, v. Govindji Bhanji, Wadia G and Co.

698-15.—Madhowji K & Co, Multanchand Basdevdas, a firm, v. Rambillas Suganchand, a firm, Raghavaya N & Co.

368-15.—Daph F & D, Karsondas Dharamsey, v. Purshotam Vishram Mowjee, Ragh K & Co.

147-15.—Kanga & S, Gani Latiff, a firm, v. Manilal Mulji, a firm, Payne & Co.

22-16.—G B Pandya, Saleshoy Mahomedally, a firm, v. Gulam Hoosein Cassumji, N C Dalal.

934-15.—Mulla & M, Pestonji Dhanjibhoy Patell, v. Cooverbai, widow, & ors, Edg G W & Co.

756-15.—Edg G W & Co, Messrs Currimbhoy Ebrahim & Co, a firm, v. Hussanally Suhlemanji, Payne & Co.

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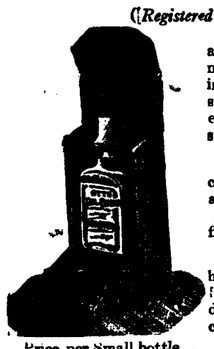

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GRIM LOVE TRAGEDY.

AUSTRIAN ARCHDUCHESS AND COUNT

The "Matin" prints a strange and tragic story from an Austrian prisoner. Count Seilern, of an ancient Austrian family, met at the fornt in the Carpathians a young Austrian archduchess. They lived together, and parted when the count was removed to a different post. But the archduchess pined, and with considerable ingenuity managed to join him again. She became a Red Cross nurse in a hospital train which travelled in precisely the district where the young count was stationed.

Unhappily for the lovers, the Austrian Chief of Staff, General von Hoetzendorf, happened to be on the platform at the precise moment when the archduchess and the count alighted from the train together. Von Hoetzendorf called the count before him, and reprimanded the young officer.

The count lost his head, replied insolently to the general, and even threatened him with his sword. The count was sent on a mission to Switzerland, where he thought he was safe, and at Zurich met the archduchess again. But Hoetzendorf, on his part, used other influences.

An elaborate plot was laid, with the help of the Austrain Minister at Berne, von Gagen. A suite of apartments was rented at Lucerne, in the very same hotel where Prince von Bulow had put up.

An English friend of Count Seilern, a professor, was innocently drawn into the plot, and advised the count to accept the hospitality of the Lucerne hotel. He had been told that all arrangements had been made for the count and the archduchess to emigrate together to America.

The Englishman, while at Zurich, received a telegram from the Austro-Hungarian Legation to come to Lucerne at once. At the station he was met by officials of the Legation, who took him to the hotel, conducted him upstairs, opened the door, and ushered him in. On the bed lay the dead body of Count Seilern. The implication is that the count had been murdered by order of the Austro-Hungarian Legation in Switzerland.

There are two other murders in the story. When the count was put under arrest by Hoetzendrof he was guarded by two sentries, both of whom were found dead one morning, stabbed through the heart, while the count had escaped.

17-INCH GUN SCARE.

MR. BALFOUR'S STATEMENT IN THE COMMONS.

The First Lord of the Admiralty made a brief but important reference in the House of Commons on Jan. 26 to the 17-inch gun scare, and the naval construction of this country and of Germany.

Mr. Balfour, in reply to Mr. Wing, said he had not intended to make any statement unless the question was raised in debate but, in answer to the appeal of the hon. member, he would reply that what Germany was doing in the way of shipbuilding must necessarily be a matter of conjecture. No doubt it was within her power in the course of the war to initiate, and perhaps complete, the building of large ships with powerful armaments. He had seen in the Press a mention of guns of 17-inch calibre. They had no evidence that such existed, but given time and labour there was no particular difficulty in making them.

Evidently the most diverse conjectures about German shipbuilding might be made by the ingenious, but, speaking for himself, he was by no means sure that, of those conjectures, the one to which he had just referred was the most plausible.

As regards the preparedness of the British Navy, he could only say that successive Boards of Admiralty had most anxiously considered the mode in which our building resources might best be utilised. These resources were now used to their utmost, and it might be asserted that every dockyard, both here and in the Mediterranean, was now being used to its utmost capacity, either for the new construction or repairs, required by ourselves and our Allies. That being so, it was impossible to add to the magnitude of our preparations. Nothing had occurred which would justify the Admiralty in thinking that any serious error of judgment had, so far, been made in connexion with the various types of ships under construction. (Cheers.)

GERMAN FINANCE.

THE "VORWAERTS" UPON ITS ARTIFICIALITY.

The "Vorwaerts" considers the German Government's anxious endeavour not to disclose its intentions regarding the new programme of taxation as a very dubious method, and it quotes the "Taegliche Rundschau," which learns that the new taxes of the Government are expected to yield 500 million marks (£25,000,000) from higher taxation on cigarettes, cigars and additional payments of postage on letters, parcels, telegrams, telephone calls, &c.

The "Vorwaerts" remarks: "This programme is probably right. In reality the required taxation is much higher, but it is artificially kept down by covering current expenditure for the army and navy from war loans. The method is very dubious, because the Budget gives a picture that does not correspond with the reality."—Reuter.

The "Vorwaerts" reproaches Helfferich with concealing the real state of Imperial finance, and says he is resorting to tricks which will prove to be disastrous to the country when peace is signed.

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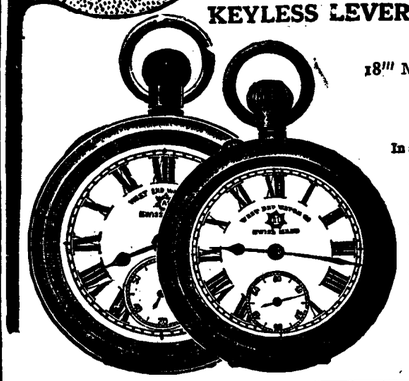

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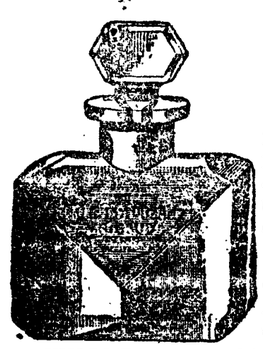

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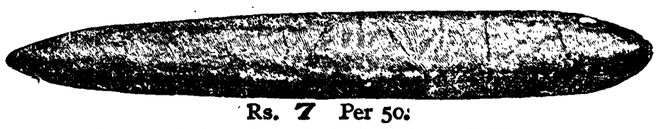

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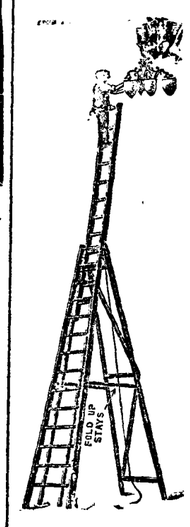

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